#### PREFACE

This report presents information about homemakers' preferences, usages, and buying practices for selected potato, rice, and wheat products. It is one of a group of studies conducted by the Special Surveys Branch, Standards and Research Division, Statistical Reporting Service, to determine consumer reactions to agricultural products. This study was designed to provide insights into measures which might be taken by potato, rice, and wheat producers to market their commodities more effectively and to provide consumers with an opportunity to express their opinions.

This report is based on data collected in 1966, and represents information not elsewhere available about consumer attitudes toward potato, rice and wheat products.

At the time the survey was conducted, there was a significant trend toward use of convenience foods. These foods include partially prepared and completely prepared potatoes; precooked and prepared rice; and wheat items prepared from a mix or purchased completely prepared. This trend has continued and is even more significant today in the marketing of these products.

The patterns of present day attitudes prevailing toward convenience foods compared with traditional forms are believed to be essentially the same as they were when the survey was conducted. They are particularly important in weighing consumer choices among farm products in the many forms in which they actually appear in the marketplace. The impact of these opinions is all the more significant given the high degree of substitutability of these items in household menus.

The study was under the general direction of Margaret Weidenhamer, Chief, Special Surveys Branch. Edward J. McGrath assisted in developing plans for it. Other services in the Department of Agriculture provided advice in the planning stage. Chilton Research Service, Philadelphia, Pa., under contract with the U.S. Department of Agriculture, designed the sample, developed the questionnaire, collected the data, and prepared a draft report. These phases of the study were supervised by Raymond O. Nelson and Stephen J. Friedman, Jr., Chilton Research Services.

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The questions asked respondents were numbered beginning with one for each of the three product groups--potatoes, rice, and wheat. Therefore, the first initial of each product (P for potatoes, R for rice, and W for wheat) has been added to the page numbers in the three table sections of the appendix, to permit easier identification of the tables.

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#### HIGHLIGHTS

## White Potatoes

In this nationwide study, almost all homemakers said they had served whit potatoes in some form during the month preceding the interview. Two-thirds he served fresh white potatoes exclusively; about one-third, both fresh and processed; and only 1 percent, processed exclusively. The proportion of homemake who had served both fresh and processed was higher among the more frequent use of potatoes than among those who had served potatoes less often.

Most homemakers reported serving fresh white potatoes about as often at ( time of interview as they had 2 years previously. Dieting, coupled with the general feeling that fresh white potatoes are fattening, is one of the reason mentioned most frequently by homemakers who indicated decreased serving, serv one time or less in an average week, or not serving them within the preceding month.

Mashed potatoes were considered second to french fried as the most fatte ing way to prepare fresh white potatoes. Nevertheless, potatoes were served mashed by more of the homemakers than any of the other selected ways. In add tion, the majority of homemakers thought fresh white potatoes were good-tasti a necessary food, and high in food value.

Processed white potato products had been used by a majority of homemaker in the year prior to the interview. In general, homemakers felt that the cos of the processed white potato products they had bought was higher per serving than if they had prepared them.

Homemakers generally felt that processed white potato products were not flavorful as fresh white potatoes. However, many respondents said they used them because they were easier or quicker to prepare than fresh white potatoes

#### Rice

More than half the homemakers said they had used regular, uncooked rice but less than half had served precooked rice in the year preceding the interview. However, unlike white potatoes and white bread, which had been served by almost all homemakers, rice had not been served in any form by slightly me than 1 in 10. One of the more frequent reasons mentioned for not serving any rice, for not using regular, uncooked rice more often, and for a decrease in frequency of serving precooked or prepared rice in the previous 2 years was family members did not like it.

Although a majority of homemakers said they were currently using about same amount of rice as 2 years prior to the interview, the percentage who we using more rice was greater than the percentage who were using less. Increa use of rice may be attributable to additional serving of processed rice prod since higher proportions of homemakers reported serving prepared or precooke rice more frequently, compared with 2 years previously, than reported expand serving of regular, uncooked rice.

A majority of homemakers were still using most often the same kind of rice they had used 2 years before. More of the homemakers who indicated a change said they had switched to instant rice because it was quicker and easier to prepare.

Convenience seemed to be of more interest to homemakers than cost. Most homemakers reported they felt precooked rice or prepared rice products were more expensive than regular, uncooked rice or dishes prepared from regular, uncooked rice plus additional ingredients.

More of the homemakers who indicated a preference for grain length chose the long grain because they felt that it doesn't stick and it looks nicer than the short or medium grain.

Generally, homemakers considered rice to be fattening but high in food value and low in cost per serving. They did not consider rice to be as fattening as potatoes, bread, or macaroni products.

Wild rice and brown rice had been used by comparatively small percentages of homemakers. Wild rice users said it was used infrequently, primarily for special occasions or with special dishes.

## Wheat Products

## Bread; and Rolls, Biscuits, and Muffins

Practically all homemakers reported serving white bread within the previous year. Use of purchased rolls, biscuits, and muffins was considerably less as only about 8 in 10 homemakers indicated use during this time period.

Bread as well as rolls, biscuits, and muffins, were being served by the majority of homemakers about as often and in the same amounts at the time of interview as 2 years previously. A larger number of homemakers indicated using more bread currently than indicated using less. About the same number were serving it more often as were serving it less often. In the case of rolls, biscuits, and muffins, more homemakers reported serving a smaller amount and serving them less often than mentioned an increase for amount and frequency. The reasons mentioned most frequently for serving any of these products less often or in lesser amounts were weight consciousness and a decrease in the size of the family.

White bread was served by more of the homemakers for breakfast. Rolls, biscuits, and muffins were served by proportionately more of the homemakers for dinner.

Generally, homemakers felt white bread was high in food value. Although a majority thought bread was fattening, a higher percentage felt it was a necessary food. Opinions were more divided, though generally favorable, on whether the cost per serving was expensive or inexpensive and whether white bread was a dull or exciting food.

Freshness was reported to be the most important quality in selecting a loaf of white bread. Softness and flavor were other qualities the majority of homemakers considered important.

Homemakers were aware that something was added to the flour if "enriched" was printed on the bread wrapper. But their knowledge of the nutrients used

for enrichment of bread was extremely vague.

Only one-third of the homemakers said they had ever used frozen bread dough. More than half of those who had used it liked the taste and flavor of bread made from frozen bread dough. The main complaint given was about poor baking results, such as: The crust is hard, breaks, or peels off. Almost two-thirds of those homemakers who had used frozen bread dough preferred ready made bread, mainly because of convenience.

## Other Wheat Products

A majority of homemakers reported serving macaroni products (spaghetti, macaroni, and egg noodles) during the year preceding the interview. Spaghetti had been served more than macaroni or egg noodles during the preceding week. All these products, particularly spaghetti, were served more as a main dish than as a side dish. The majority of homemakers said macaroni products were inexpensive per serving but fattening.

Eight homemakers in 10 had used some kind of flour for baking during the year preceding the interview. About three-fourths of the homemakers had used plain or cake flour for baking. Only one-fourth reported using self-rising flour.

Home-prepared or frozen pancakes and waffles were used as follows: More than 8 in 10 homemakers had served pancakes, and less than 5 in 10 had served waffles. Half the homemakers who had never served waffles said they did not have a waffle iron.

During the year preceding the interview, cake mix had been used by more homemakers than pancake and waffle, biscuit, or piecrust mixes. But homemakers used pancake and waffle mix more often proportionately than the other mixes in an average month.

Homemakers who had served cakes, cookies, pastries, or pies in the prior month--excluding respondents who had prepared these products only from mixes-said proportionately more pies were made "from scratch" than were purchased. Very few pies were made from a mix. Proportionately more pastries and cookies were purchased than were made from homemakers' own batter. Very few were made from mixes. In contrast, purchasing cakes, making them from homemakers' own batter, or making them from a mix were all mentioned frequently.

# HOMEMAKERS' PREFERENCES AND BUYING PRACTICES FOR SELECTED POTATO, RICE, AND WHEAT PRODUCTS

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#### INTRODUCTION

This report presents results of a study designed to obtain information on opinions about selected potato, rice, and wheat products. Data were collected to ascertain household consumers' preferences and buying practices for these commodities, including specialty or highly processed convenience-type food products; to identify the characteristics which consumers consider important in selecting such food products; and to determine their satisfaction with those items that were available at the time of interviewing.

The findings are based on personal interviews with 3,137 homemakers during January and February 1966. These homemakers represented a cross-section of private households in both rural and urban areas throughout the United States, excluding Alaska and Hawaii. Respondents were selected entirely by area probability sampling procedures. For this study, a homemaker is defined as the person chiefly responsible for buying, preparing, and serving food for the household.

A long questionnaire form (seven to 16 pages) and a short one (one or two pages) were designed for each product--potato, rice, and wheat. Our specifications for the areas of inquiry were extensive for each commodity. Thus, a combination of two long and one short questionnaire forms representing all three products was used in every household. The combination used for each respondent was rotated so that there was an equal opportunity for each long commodity form to be used first. The short form was completed last in each household. The questions on the short form for each commodity were primarily about incidence and frequency of use. Also included were some scale ratings of homemakers' opinions about the product. All questions on the short forms were included on the long forms. Findings for each question appearing on both forms were combined in this report. Questions appearing on both forms are marked with asterisks on the questionnaires shown for each commodity in the appendix.

Findings by demographic cross-breaks are discussed only when they are pertinent, such as results indicating large differences. More comprehensive coverage may be found in the appendix tables. Findings by these background characteristics are solely descriptive in nature. The reader is cautioned against assigning any cause-and-effect relationship from these results. Personal characteristics such as age, education, and income levels, which are highly interrelated, are shown separately. To combine them would have resulted in an excessive number of separate groups with too few respondents in each. Findings involving other characteristics, such as region and community size, may reflect differences arising from properties of these characteristics (such as climate or population density); or they may reflect differences that are related to the personal characteristics of residents. Responses to a few questions have not been included because the data were not of value or did not

contribute to an understanding of homemakers' opinions about the subject areas covered in this study.

As in all surveys in which a sample is interviewed rather than the total population, the findings are subject to sampling errors. The sample design, sampling method, and sampling tolerances are described in the appendix. The data are also subject to errors of response. For example, when homemakers report using a product a certain number of times during the week or a year, they are describing what they consider to be their general practice. Since the focus of this study is attitudinal, no attempt was made to verify the respondents' claims about either the frequency or the amounts used. Data from the questions on usage of these products are therefore subject to errors stemming from respondent interpretation and memory bias, and cannot be interpreted as factual information. Data on frequency of use do not indicate the amounts of these products consumed. Information about consumption of these commodities may be found in the results of the 1965 household food consumption study conducted by USDA. 1/

To categorize households as light, medium, or heavy users of each product, we classified reported users of potatoes and rice according to the number of times the homemakers said they had served these products in a specified time period. For wheat, the classification was dependent upon the reported amount of bread used. The classifications—light, medium, and heavy users—are defined for each commodity in the text for that commodity. Throughout the report, we use "light" interchangeably with "low" and "high" with "heavy" when discussing usage levels for each commodity.

The regional classification corresponds to that of the Bureau of the Census with the exception that Maryland, Delaware, and the District of Columbia Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area were grouped with the Northeast rather than the South:

Northeast	North Central	South	West
Maine	Ohio	North Carolina	Montana
New Hampshire	Michigan	South Carolina	Arizona
Vermont	Indiana	Virginia	Colorado
Massachusetts	Illinois	Georgia	Idaho
Rhode Island	Wisconsin	Florida	Wyoming
Connecticut	Minnesota	West Virginia	Utah
New York	Iowa	Arkansas	Nevada
New Jersey	Missouri	Louisiana	New Mexico
Pennsylvania	North Dakota	Oklahoma	California
Delaware	South Dakota	Texas	Oregon
Maryland	Nebraska	Kentucky	Washington
District of	Kansas	Tennessee	,,,,=,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Columbia 2/		Alabama	
<b>—</b> ′		Mississippi	

on of Households in the United States, Spring 1965. U.S. Depart cultural Research Service, Household Food Consumption -10. (Other reports in this series are forthcoming)

the Washington, D. C., Standard Metropolitan

Areas were classified by community size as follows: Metropolitan--Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) of more than 1 million population; Urban--SMSA's of less than 1 million population plus all other urban territory as defined for Census purposes; and Rural--territory defined as rural for Census purposes other than rural territory included in SMSA's.

Respondents were asked to indicate total annual family income. Households were then classified in approximately equal-sized groups as follows: Lower-less than \$4,000; Middle--\$4,000 to \$6,999; and Upper \$7,000 and over.

Level of education was grouped as follows: Grammar school--grades 1 to 8; High school--some or completed; and College--some or completed.

Homemakers were also classified according to age, family size, employment status, and usage level of the survey products.

In many of the tabulations, percentages may add to more than 100 (or more than the group totals shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply. The "miscellaneous" categories of information, shown throughout the tabulations, are the merging of all the ideas or items which individually were mentioned by less than 2 percent of the respondents in reply to a particular question.

#### WHITE POTATOES

#### Use in Any Form

Most respondents (96 percent) had served white potatoes either fresh or processed in the month preceding the interview. About half had served them 16 or more times in the past month. (Question 1 in the potato section) 3/

The respondents who had served white potatoes were asked specifically about their use of fresh and processed white potatoes (excluding potato chips). Two-thirds (67 percent) had served fresh white potatoes exclusively during the month prior to the interview. Almost one-third (32 percent) answered both fresh and processed, and only 1 percent said processed exclusively. The proportion of homemakers who had served both fresh and processed potatoes was higher among the more frequent users of potatoes than among those who had served potatoes less often. (Summary of question 2)

# Serving Bread Products With Potatoes

The majority of respondents (73 percent) who had ever served white potatoes in any form usually served bread or rolls at meals when they served potatoes. The most frequent reason given by those homemakers who did not was: Too much starch if both are served. (Question 38 and Question 39)

<sup>3/</sup> The references in parentheses are to the numbered questions in the questionnaires and to the tables which summarize the answers. Both the tables and the questionnaires may be found in the appendix following the description of the sample. (Not all questions are shown in tabular form.)

#### Fresh White Potatoes

Virtually all homemakers (99 percent) had served fresh white potatoes during the preceding year. The leading reason mentioned by about half the respondents was that the family likes fresh white potatoes. About 2 in 10 homemakers gave each of these other reasons: They are a nutritious food, don't like or buy processed potatoes, potatoes round out a meal, and like the taste. (Question 11)

To classify the level of fresh white potato use, we asked respondents the number of times they served them in an average week. Their responses on frequency of use in an average week were grouped as follows:

Usagc level	Number of times served in an average week	Percent 1/
Light users	2 or less	35
Medium users	3 - 5	39
Heavy users	6 or more	25

1/ One percent of the respondents had not served fresh white potatoes in the year prior to the interview

A higher proportion of respondents who were from the Southern region, reported a lower annual family income, were age 50 or over, or were in one- or two-member families said they were light users. (Summary of questions 4a, 6, 6a, 7, 8, and 9)

Homemakers who had served fresh white potatoes one time or less in an average week gave as their main reasons for not serving them more often: Watching weight, don't like potatoes that much, and serve other foods instead such as rice. (Question 10)

Similar answers were given by the small number of homemakers who had served fresh white potatoes but not within the preceding month. Their most frequent reasons for not serving them within this period of time was also that they were dieting. (Tabulation not shown)

Homemakers were asked to compare their frequency of serving fresh white potatoes at the time of the interview and 2 years before. Around 7 in 10 currently served fresh white potatoes about as often as they had 2 years earlier. Almost 2 in 10 were serving them less often, and the remainder were serving them more often. (Question 12)

Homemakers who served fresh white potatoes less often than 2 years before mentioned reasons such as the household is smaller, and being on a diet. Homemakers who responded "more often" said their families were larger and older, they cook more now, or their eating habits had changed. (Question 13)

#### Purchase Patterns

Almost half (45 percent) the homemakers who had served fresh white potatoes in the preceding year usually purchased between 6 and 10 pounds at one time; about one-quarter (26 percent) said 5 pounds at a time. Comparatively small percentages of the homemakers usually purchased over 10 or less than 5 pounds at a time; and some (3 percent) said they grew their own potatoes. (Question 14)

Frequency of purchase was as follows:

Frequency of potato purchases	Percent
Once a week or more	25
Two or three times a month	42
Once a month	20
Less often than once a month	13

(Tabulation not shown)

When homemakers were asked whether they were usually able to find the kind of fresh white potatoes they wanted in season, the vast majority replied they had no difficulty. Only 4 percent said they could not usually find the kind they wanted-baking or Idaho were mentioned most frequently. (Tabulations not shown)

All three types of potatoes-new, old, and baking (as defined by the respondents)--had each been purchased by more than half the respondents who had bought any fresh white potatoes during the year before the interview. (Questions 19 and 20)

## Reasons for Preferring Old, New, or Baking Potatoes

Homemakers who reported buying more than one kind of potatoes in the preceding year were asked which type they liked best. Homemakers who had bought only one kind were assumed to prefer that kind and it was recorded as the kind they liked best. Although old potatoes were preferred by more of the homemakers in these two groups (4 in 10), baking and new potatoes were each preferred by about 3 in 10. Proportionately more of the respondents from the Southern region, those in the lower income group, and those with only a grammar school education indicated a preference for old potatoes. More of the respondents from the upper income group and those with college education preferred baking potatoes. (Question 21)

Homemakers who preferred old potatoes did so, for the most part, because they believed they can be cooked or prepared in many ways; are less expensive; have desirable physical properties after cooking; and have more flavor or taste. The more frequent reasons given for preferring either new or baking potatoes were: Desirable physical properties after cooking and better flavor. (Question 23)

#### Serving Patterns

Mashed potatoes appeared to be the most popular way of serving fresh white potatoes in the prior year. The vast majority of homemakers (92 percent) indicated serving them this way. Other ways mentioned frequently included: taked (82 percent), boiled (79 percent), potato salad (74 percent), french ried (62 percent), and home fried (60 percent).

In general, the ways that fresh white potatoes were served during the revious month paralleled the ways they had been served in the previous year. nterviewing was conducted during January and February, which may account for

the sizable decrease in the number of respondents who served potato salad in the month prior to interviewing. (Questions 26 and 27)

Almost all of the homemakers said they served fresh white potatoes in a seasons. More than 7 in 10 (76 percent) maintained they serve them equally all year around. About 2 in 10 said they serve them most often in the winter mainly because they "cook more" or "eat heavier meals then." Some respondent indicated increased use in the summer; "make potato salad" was mentioned most frequently as the reason. (Tabulations not shown)

## Opinions of Selected Characteristics

All respondents, whether or not they used fresh white potatoes, were give a card listing specific qualities used to describe fresh white potatoes. A seven-point scale was used to indicate their opinions. Negative and positive qualities were not always indicated by the same numbers to avoid positional bias. For example, "low in food value" was 1 and "high in food value" was 7 whereas, "low cost per serving" was 1 and "high cost per serving" was 7 on th scale. The respondents were to report their opinion about fresh white potati by indicating the number that was closest to how they felt. About 8 in 10 homemakers thought fresh white potatoes were good tasting, rating them 6 or on the scale. Although about 6 in 10 homemakers thought they were fattening about the same number of respondents felt they were a necessary food and wer high in food value. Opinions were more divided, though generally favorable, on whether the cost per serving was high or low and whether fresh white pota were a dull or exciting food. Only about 1 in 10 homemakers considered them high in cost per serving (rating them 6 or 7) or a dull food (rating them 1 2). The following table presents the average numerical ratings for these qu ities:

1 on the scale	7 on the scale	Average rating Number
Not good tasting	Good tasting	6.3
Low in food value	High in food value	5.7
Not fattening	Fattening	5.7
Unnecessary food	Necessary food	5.5
Dull food	Exciting food	4.9
Low cost per serving	High cost per serving	3,4

(Question 45)

Again using a seven-point scale, homemakers were asked to rate fresh wh potatoes on flavor (1 meant "low in flavor" and 7 meant "high in flavor"). results were consistent with those reported above: Over half the homemakers (58 percent) gave fresh white potatoes the highest rating possible (7), and average numerical rating was 6.2. (Question 47)

Homemakers were also asked how <u>fattening</u> they considered fresh white postatoes to be when prepared in each of four ways, using their own recipe. A seven-point scale was used--1 meant "not at all fattening" and 7 meant "fatting." French fried potatoes were considered the most fattening by about 8: 10 homemakers who rated them 6 or 7 on the scale (the average numerical rat:

was 6.3). Mashed potatoes ranked as the second most fattening-about 7 in 10 rated mashed 6 or 7 on the scale (the average numerical rating was 5.9). About 6 in 10 respondents did not consider boiled potatoes fattening; neither did they consider them "not at all fattening"--3, 4, or 5 was the rating given by these homemakers. The same proportion rated baked potatoes the same way. (Question 46)

The cooking quality of fresh white potatoes was rated by most homemakers who had used them in the past year as good (64 percent) or excellent (27 percent). Homemakers who considered the cooking quality fair or poor (9 percent) did so essentially because: The potatoes sometimes have had spots, they get mushy, and they are nice outside but bad inside. (Tabulations not shown)

## Substitutes for Potatoes

Homemakers who had ever served fresh white potatoes were asked what they would do and what they thought they could serve in place of potatoes if they had planned to serve potatoes and discovered they had none. Although about one-third of the respondents said they would make an effort to get potatoes in some way, virtually all of the homemakers (96 percent) named one or more foods they felt they could serve in place of potatoes--7 in 10 mentioned wheat products and almost as many cited rice. (Summary of questions 36 and 37)

## Processed or Prepared White Potatoes

## Use of Selected Potato Products

Over one-third of the homemakers (37 percent) said they had not purchased any of a selected group of processed white potato products in the preceding year. More than one-half (55 percent) had purchased none in the prior month. Frozen french fries had been bought by the most homemakers in the preceding year (46 percent) and in the past month (30 percent). Instant mashed was the only other specified type purchased by a sizable number (33 percent in the prior year and 17 percent in the prior month). (Questions 31 and 32)

## Opinions About Cost Per Serving

Among homemakers who reported purchasing processed white potato products in the previous year, the majority generally felt the cost per serving of each specified processed product was higher than if prepared by them. A notable exception was potato sticks in a can--opinion was almost equally divided between homemakers who felt the cost was higher (36 percent) or lower (30 percent). (Question 33)

#### Effect of Processed Potatoes on Total Potato Usage

Among homemakers who had used some processed potatoes in the previous year (63 percent of total sample), only 1 in 10 (11 percent) said the use of processed potatoes had affected the total amount of potatoes used in their homes. Most of this small group indicated that more potatoes were used, because the processed forms were easier or quicker to prepare than fresh white potatoes. (Tabulations not shown)

## Flavor Comparison of Fresh and Processed White Potatoes

All homemakers, whether or not they had used them, were asked their opinic about the flavor of fresh white, instant mashed, frozen french fried, and canne potatoes. The majority of homemakers rated fresh white potatoes very high in flavor; the average score was 6.2 on a seven-point scale. Homemakers considere the processed potatoes asked about as much less flavorful—the average numerics rating for frozen french fries was 4.2, instant mashed 3.1, and canned potatoes 2.5. (Question 47)

## Potato Chips

Two-thirds of the homemakers said they had served potato chips in the mon preceding the interview. Proportionately more homemakers under age 50, those with three or more family members, and those who reported middle and upper incomes had served potato chips in this time period. More homemakers had served potato chips as a snack (59 percent) than with meals (32 percent) or with dips (28 percent) during the prior month. (Summary of questions 40 and 41) Those who had served them more than one way were asked which way they served them most frequently. Homemakers who had served them only one way were recorded as serving them that way most frequently. Potato chips were served most frequent as a snack, followed by with meals, and with dips. (Question 42)

Half the homemakers who had served potato chips in the prior month report that the color of the chips was not at all important to them. Those who considered the color very important or somewhat important did so primarily because they disliked the "overcooked" or "burnt" taste of dark or brown potato chips. (Question 43 and Question 44)

RICE

#### Use in Any Form

Most homemakers (87 percent) reported serving rice in some form in the preceding the interview. (Summary of questions 1 and 5 in the rice section) The leading reasons given by homemakers for serving rice were: Family likes and it provides variety in meals. (Question 4) The reason given by most how makers who had not served rice in any form during the previous year was that family members did not like it. (Question 2)

To classify the level of rice use, we asked respondents the number of t they served rice in any form in an average month. The responses were groupe as follows:

	Number of times served in an	
Usage level	average month	Percent 1/
Light users	2 or less	42
Medium users	3 ~ 5	24
Heavy users	6 or more	20

<sup>1/</sup> Thirteen percent said they had not used rice in the year prior to the interview and 1 percent gave no answer.

More of the respondents from the North Central region, those in the higher income groups, those in smaller fmilies, and those with more than a grammar school education were light users. (Summary of questions 7, 7a, and 7b)

#### Types Served

More respondents indicated serving regular, uncooked rice in the year and month preceding the interview than reported serving a specific type of precocked or prepared rice, as shown in the following tabulation:

	Past year	ent 1/
Served rice in some form	87	71
Regular, uncooked rice	61	48
Precooked rice Instant Parboiled or converted	45 36 16	30 22 10
Prepared rice Spanish Fried	14 11 4	6 4 2

<sup>1/</sup> May add to more than 100 because of multiple answers.

(Summary of questions 1 and 5, and Summary of question 6)

#### Type Preference

Homemakers who reported serving more than one type of rice in the preceding year were asked which type they liked best. Homemakers who had served only one type were assumed to prefer that type and it was recorded as the type they liked best. Regular, uncooked rice was the type liked best by more than half of the homemakers (57 percent), followed by instant rice (27 percent), and parboiled or converted rice (11 percent).

Preference for regular, uncooked rice was indicated by proportionately more homemakers who were from the Southern region, reported a lower income, were age 50 or older, had completed only grammar school, or indicated heavier rice usage. (Question 9)

Homemakers (including those who indicated serving only one type) gave reasons such as the following for their preference:

Regular, uncooked -- habit, taste, fluffier, and cheaper

Instant -- quicker to prepare, and easier to prepare

Parboiled--quicker to prepare, and taste (Question 10)

Comparing types of rice usually purchased most often 2 years earlier with types usually purchased most often at the time of interview, the majority of the respondents answered regular, uncooked for each time. However, there was

a slight increase in the percentages of homemakers who reported that at the tir of interview they usually purchased processed rice and a small decrease for reular, uncooked rice. (Questions 28 and 29)

A separate comparison was made of each respondent's answers to the question about the type bought most often at the earlier time and at the time of interview. As shown below, most homemakers were still buying the same kind of rice most often;

Type of rice bought most often 2 years earlier 1/

Type of rice bought most often at time of interview 1/	Parboiled/ Regular converted Instant		
Company of the Compan	am and not task and 300 fine 600 only	Percent	
Regular	89	1	6
Parboiled/converted	3	92	1
Instant	8	7	91
Total	100	100	98

<sup>1/</sup> Excluded "prepared rice," "none," and "not ascertained."

Among homemakers who indicated buying a different type of rice at the time of interview from the type bought 2 years previously, most of the change was a the purchase of instant rice because it was thought to be quicker and easier a prepare. (Tabulation not shown)

## Grain Length Preference

Of the three types of rice grains--short, medium, and long--homemakers w had served rice in the year prior to the interview preferred long grain (40 p cent) over medium (11 percent) or short grain (7 percent). The balance (42 p cent) was about evenly divided between those who had no preference or did not state a preference. (Question 24)

Reasons cited most often by homemakers who preferred long grain rice were The long grains don't stick, and it looks nicer. (Question 25)

#### Serving Patterns

Although the majority of respondents (68 percent) who had served rice indicated no change, about 2 in 10 said they were using more rice at the time the interview then 2 years before, and about 1 in 10 were using less. Addit current use of rice was reported more often as the number of family members increased and among the younger homemakers. (Question 3) Parallel response were reported in answer to similar questions about regular, uncooked rice, a precooked or prepared rice products.

Homemakers who had served rice in the previous year were asked in which seasons they served rice. Each season was indicated by a majority of the re

spondents--winter (99 percent), fall (92 percent), spring (88 percent), and summer (86 percent). Among homemakers who served rice in more than one season (92 percent), 7 out of 10 maintained they served it equally often all year around. Among the remaining 3 in 10, practically all (27 percent) said they served rice most often in the winter, because they cook more in the winter or they prepared more recipes that are served with rice. (Tabulations not shown)

## Regular, Uncooked Rice

About 6 in 10 homemakers said they had used regular, uncooked rice in the year prior to the interview. (Summary of questions 1 and 5) Among those respondents who had not used this type of rice in the previous year, more than half said they had not because regular, uncooked rice requires more time than other types to prepare. (Question 11)

Among the homemakers who had used regular, uncooked rice in the previous year, more than 4 in 10 (44 percent) said they used it two times or less in an average month. (Question 16) Only one reason for not using it more often-dislike for rice by family members-was mentioned by as many as 2 in 10 of these infrequent users of regular, uncooked rice. Length of time to prepare, preference for variety in meals, family preference for potatoes, and use of precooked rice mostly, were each given by around 1 in 10. (Question 17)

The majority of homemakers (72 percent) who had used regular, uncooked rice in the preceding year said they were currently using it about as often as they had 2 years earlier. The percentage of homemakers using regular, uncooked rice more frequently at the time of interview was only slightly higher than the percentage using it less frequently (15 percent versus 12 percent, respectively). (Question 18)

The most frequent reasons--given by around 3 in 10 homemakers--for using regular, uncooked rice more often at the time of interview were: Change in size or age of family, and family members like rice. Reasons such as increased use of another type of rice--mainly instant or precooked--change in size or age of family, and time involved in preparation were each given by about 2 in 10 homemakers who said they were currently using it less often. (Question 19)

#### Serving Patterns

About half the homemakers had used regular, uncooked rice in the past month. (Summary of question 6) Thirty-seven percent of these homemakers had used it one or two times; 35 percent, three to five times; and 28 percent, six or more times. Characteristics of homemakers who had used regular, uncooked rice only one or two times in the past month closely paralleled characteristics of lighter users of rice in any form. That is, a greater proportion were from the North Central region, were in the upper income group, had smaller families, or had more than a grammar school education. (Question 8)

## Ways Served

Homemakers who had used regular, uncooked rice in the month preceding the interview were asked whether they had used it in a number of selected ways. If they had, they were then asked the way they used it most frequently. Homemakers who had used it only one way were recorded as using it that way most frequently. As shown in the table below, regular, uncooked rice was used more

often as a side dish to the main course of a meal or as the main dish than as dessert, in soup, or as cereal:

Ways of serving regular, uncooked rice	Ways served in past month	Ways served most often in past month
	Per	cent
Side dish	55	37
Main dish	53	38
Dessert	38	11
Soup	35	6
Cereal	19	7

Proportionately fewer respondents from the Southern region reported using regular, uncooked rice as a dessert in the past month than respondents from the Northeast, North Central, or Western regions. As the age of the respondents increased, higher proportions indicated using regular, uncooked rice as a dessert or in soup, and lower proportions mentioned using it as a side dish. (Question 20 and Question 21)

#### Opinions of Specific Qualities

All respondents were given a card listing specific qualities used to describe regular, uncooked rice. A seven-point scale was used to indicate their opinions. Negative and positive qualities were not always indicated by the same numbers to avoid positional bias. For example, "low in food value" was 1 and "high in food value" was 7; whereas, "low cost per serving" was 1 and "high cost per serving" was 7 on the scale. The respondents were to report their opinion about regular, uncooked rice by indicating the number that was closest to how they felt. In general, the homemakers felt that regular, uncooked rice was fattening but high in food value and low in cost per serving. About 5 in 10 considered it high in food value and about 4 in 10 considered it fattening (rating it 6 or 7 on the scale for both qualities). About 6 in 10 thought it had a low cost per serving (rating it 1 or 2 on the scale). Opinions were more divided on whether regular, uncooked rice was a dull or exciting food and whether it was unnecessary or necessary food; about 3 in 10 homemakers felt it was an exciting and necessary food (rating it 6 or 7 on the scale). The following table presents the average numerical ratings for specific qualities:

1 on the scale	7 on the scale	Average rating Number
Low in food value	High in food value	5.3
Not fattening	Fattening	4.7
Unnecessary food	Necessary food	4.2
Dull food	Exciting food	4.1
Low cost per serving	High cost per serving	2.4

(Question 31)

#### Price Awareness

Over half the homemakers (56 percent) who had used regular, uncooked rice in the year preceding the interview said they did not know the exact price they usually paid for the rice bought most often.

Proportionately more of the homemakers who had larger families, were younger, or were heavier rice users reported they knew the usual price of the rice they purchased most often. (Summary of questions 22 and 23)

#### Precooked and Prepared Rice

Homemakers were questioned about their use of precooked (instant and parboiled or converted) and prepared (Spanish and fried) rice. More homemakers reported using regular, uncooked rice in the year and month prior to the interview than mentioned serving processed forms. Comparing the homemakers within each demographic group, we found use of regular, uncooked rice and instant rice varied with homemakers' characteristics, as shown below:

Proportionately more homemakers with the following characteristics had used

regular, uncooked rice	instant rice
those with a lower income	those with a higher income
those with only a grammar school education	those with a college educa- tion
and those who were heavier rice users.	and those who were lighter rice users.
	(Summary of questions 1 and 5)

All homemakers who reported serving prepared rice in the preceding year were asked what they liked about prepared rice products. The features mentioned most often were: Easy to serve or prepare (46 percent); like the taste, flavor (40 percent); and quick to prepare (34 percent). One in 10 said they didn't care for prepared rice products. (Question 12)

#### Serving Patterns

The majority (66 percent) of homemakers who had served precooked or prepared rice in the previous year reported serving it about as often as 2 years before. Almost 2 in 10 were serving it more often at the time of the interview and 1 in 10, less often. Those serving it more often were more likely to be younger homemakers or heavier users of rice. (Question 14)

Change in eating habits (30 percent), quicker to prepare (22 percent), and didn't use it at all 2 years ago (20 percent) were the reasons given most often by homemakers who reported an increase in frequency of serving precooked or prepared rice. Homemakers who were serving it less frequently cited reasons such as: Smaller family now (20 percent) and family doesn't like rice (18 percent). (Question 15)

Fewer respondents had served parboiled or converted rice than had served instant rice during the previous month. (Summary of question 6) However, proportionately more respondents had served parboiled or converted rice more frequently than instant rice in this time period:

Number of times served in past month	Parboiled or converted	Instant
	Percent	1/
1 or 2	49	61
3 - 5	32	27
6 or more	17	11

<sup>1/</sup> Percentages do not add to 100 because 2 percent of the homemakers who had served parboiled rice and 1 percent who had served instant rice did not report the number of times each type had been served in the past month.

(Summary of Question 8)

#### Opinions About Cost Per Serving

About 5 in 10 homemakers said that parboiled rice and about 6 in 10 said that instant rice cost more per serving than regular, uncooked rice. About 6 in 10 said purchasing prepared Spanish and fried rice cost more per serving than if they made these products from regular, uncooked rice plus other necessary ingredients. Around 3 in 10 said they could not compare the costs. The remainder indicated that the costs of the precooked or prepared rices were the same or less than the cost of regular, uncooked rice or the cost of Spanish and fried rice made by them from the necessary ingredients. (Questions 32 and 33, and Question 34)

## Wild Rice and Brown Rice

Only 1 in 10 homemakers reported serving wild rice in the year prior to the interview, and slightly fewer said brown rice. Use of both types of rice was notably higher in the Western region, among those with higher incomes, and among those with college educations. (Summary of questions 35 and 40)

Even among those who had used wild rice in the past year, almost 6 in 10 (56 percent) had used it only once or twice and around 2 in 10 (23 percent) had used it three to five times. Only 2 in 10 reported six or more times. About 2 in 10 homemakers (21 percent) who had served any wild rice in the prior year also had served it in the month preceding the interview. About the same proportion of brown rice users (19 percent) had served it in the previous month. (Tabulations not shown)

Like the flavor; serve it with wild game, duck, or cornish hens; like it for a change of taste--with chicken or turkey; or serve it for company were the reasons most frequently given by homemakers for using wild rice in the past year. About 2 in 10 homemakers who had used wild rice in the previous year declared they had tried it but wouldn't serve it again, mainly because it was too expensive or they didn't like the taste. (Tabulations not shown)

Among the homemakers who had used wild rice in the previous year, 4 in 10 said they served it exclusively at dinner for guests, about the same number said only at family meals, and the balance served it for both guests and family meals. (Tabulation not shown)

WHEAT

#### Bread

## Serving and Purchase Patterns

Homemakers were asked about their use of white and other breads made from wheat, such as bread made from whole wheat or cracked wheat.

Only 1 percent of all homemakers had not served any bread made from wheat during the year preceding the interview. Almost all homemakers (97 percent) had served bread made from wheat during the 7 days preceding the interview. Only eat bread made from other grains, on a reducing or restricted diet, just don't eat bread, and bread is too fattening were some of the reasons given by the rest for not serving bread made from wheat during this 7-day period. (Tabulations not shown)

Homemakers were classified by the amount of white bread they served in an average week:

Light users--less than two loaves (29 percent)

Medium users--two - four loaves (44 percent)

Heavy users--five or more loaves (26 percent)

Nonusers--none served (1 percent)

More of the homemakers from the smallest sized families (one or two members) were classified as light users of white bread, more of the homemakers from the three- or four-member families were medium users, and more of the homemakers from families with five or more members were heavy users. Homemakers from the lower income group were almost equally divided between the light (39 percent) and medium (40 percent) user classification, and more of the middle and upper income groups fell into the medium user classification. More homemakers between ages 35 and 49 were classified as heavy users of white bread than were the younger or older homemakers. (Summary of questions 4, 5, 6, and 7 in the wheat section)

Homemakers said that in an average week they usually served white bread most frequently at breakfast (88 percent), followed by lunch at home (69 percent) and dinner (68 percent), packed lunches (43 percent), and between-meal snacks (37 percent). About 3 in 10 homemakers who used white bread for breakfast, packed lunches, or dinner said 50 percent or more of the white bread used in an average week was used for each of these meals. (Summary of questions 8 and 10; Summary of questions 9 and 11)

Questioned about the type of wheat bread bought most, the majority of the homemakers (89 percent) answered white bread. Although a majority of the respondents from each of the regions (Northeast, North Central, South, and West)

indicated that white bread was the type bought most, a smaller percentage of homemakers from the Western region (75 percent vs. 90-94 percent) said white bread. (Question 14)

More than 8 in 10 homemakers (83 percent) said they knew the price they paid for the bread they bought most often. (Tabulation not shown) In comparing the number of times they served bread at the time of the interview and 2 years before, more than 7 in 10 homemakers (72 percent) said they were serving it with about the same frequency. About equal proportions were currently serving it more frequently (13 percent) and less frequently (14 percent). (Question 29)

When comparing the amount of bread used currently and 2 years previously, 6 in 10 homemakers said their families are about the same amount, more than 2 in 10 (22 percent) said they were currently using more bread, and 17 percent said less. (Question 33)

The reasons given most often by homemakers for both more frequent serving and using more bread were: Children are older and eat more, make more sand-wiches, and family is larger.

The leading reasons for using less bread or serving it less frequently included dieting or weight watching and a decrease in the size of the family. (Question 30 and Question 34)

## Qualities Important in Selecting White Bread

Homemakers were asked to choose from a list of qualities those they felt were important to them in selecting a loaf of white bread. Freshness was chosen most often (79 percent), followed by softness (62 percent) and flavor (61 percent).

A large size loaf was indicated as important by 6 in 10 heavier users of white bread and by approximately the same proportion of respondents with five or more persons in their families. Price also was an important factor to larger families and to those classified as medium and heavy bread users. (Question 95)

#### Opinions on Selected Characteristics of White Bread

All homemakers were given a card listing specific qualities used to describe white bread. A seven-point scale was used to indicate their opinions. Negative and positive qualities were not always indicated by the same numbers to avoid positional bias. For example, "low in food value" was 1 and "high in food value" was 7; whereas, "inexpensive per serving" was 1 and "expensive per serving" was 7 on the scale. The respondents were to report their opinion about white bread by indicating the number that was closest to how they felt. About 6 in 10 thought white bread was high in food value, rating it 6 or 7 on the scale. Although about 6 in 10 homemakers thought bread was fattening, about 7 in 10 felt it was a necessary food. Opinions were more divided, though generally favorable, on whether the cost per serving was expensive or inexpensive and whether white bread was a dull or exciting food. Only about 1 in 10 considered bread expensive per serving (rating it 6 or 7) or a dull the following table presents the average numerical lities:

1 on the scale	7 on the scale	Average rating Number
Low in food value	High in food value	5.8
Unnecessary food	Necessary food	5.8
Not fattening	Fattening	5.6
Dull food	Exciting food	4.5
Inexpensive per serving	Expensive per serving	3.1

Homemakers were asked why they rated white bread as they did on the not fattening (1 on the scale) to fattening (7 on the scale) qualities. More than 6 in 10 homemakers (62 percent) felt that white bread was fattening, rating it 6 or 7 on the scale--mainly because it contains starch or carbohydrates.

The relatively few homemakers (7 percent) who considered white bread not fattening (rating it 1 or 2) gave reasons such as: Bread is not fattening to them or their families, bread by itself is not fattening, and it is not fattening if used in moderation. (Question 96 and Question 97)

#### Frozen Bread Dough

Only one-third of the homemakers had ever used frozen bread dough. (Tabulation not shown) In general, reported use was infrequent--fewer than 3 in 10 homemakers who had ever used frozen bread dough had used it as frequently as once a month or more. (Question 48) Apparently, infrequent use was not due to any difficulty in finding frozen bread dough--about 9 in 10 homemakers who had ever used it reported there was no problem in finding it when wanted. (Tabulation not shown)

Homemakers who had ever used this product were asked to indicate what they liked and disliked about it. Specific complaints were mostly about poor baking results (45 percent): Crust is hard, breaks, peels off; fell after coming out of oven, and didn't rise properly like other breads. Other complaints included: Just don't like it (33 percent); forgot to take it out of freezer in time to be ready for dinner; and baking directions unreliable, takes much longer than stated.

About 6 in 10 homemakers who had ever used frozen bread dough stated they liked it because of the bread's taste or flavor--more specifically, the homemade taste, or the fresh flavor. Ease of preparation was also mentioned by about 3 in 10. (Questions 49 and 50)

Asked to make a choice, more than 6 in 10 homemakers (62 percent) who had ever used frozen bread dough said they preferred readymade bread. When asked why, 7 in 10 answered because of convenience: Ready to serve, faster, easier to use. For the one-third who preferred frozen bread dough, taste or flavor of the bread was mentioned most frequently. (Question 51 and Question 52)

About 3 in 10 homemakers (31 percent) who reported never using frozen bread dough said they had never heard of it. (Question 54)

Homemakers who had not used frozen bread dough but had heard of it gave reasons for nonuse such as: Prefer to make own bread products, lack of interest and easier to buy readymade bread. (Question 55)

## Knowledge of Enriched Bread

Homemakers were asked to explain the meaning of "enriched" when it is printed on the wrapper of a loaf of bread. In general, homemakers were aware that something was added to the flour, but their knowledge of the nutrients used for enrichment of bread was extremely vague. (Question 93)

## Rolls, Biscuits, Muffins

#### Serving Patterns

Half the homemakers reported serving purchased wheat rolls, biscuits, or muffins during the 7 days preceding the interview. About 8 in 10 homemakers said they had used these products during the previous year. (Questions 17 and 19) "Make my own," the most frequent reason mentioned, was given by about 2 in 10 homemakers who had not served them in the previous week. However, about 1 in 10 gave as their reason: Just didn't buy any this past week. (Question 18)

Among homemakers who had served purchased rolls, biscuits, or muffins in the preceding year, the largest number (about 3 in 10) said they served seven to 12 rolls in an average week, and about 2 in 10 said less than seven. However, about 3 in 10 homemakers from the South, about 2 in 10 from rural areas, and the same percentage from larger families said they served more than 30 rolls in an average week. (Summary of questions 20, 21, and 22)

Homemakers who had served rolls, biscuits, or muffins in the prior year were asked at which meals and occasions they usually served them in an average week. Dinner was indicated most frequently (76 percent); a much smaller proportion said breakfast (32 percent), lunch at home (20 percent), for between-meal snacks (6 percent), or packed lunches (3 percent). (Summary of questions 23 and 25)

Among homemakers who used rolls, biscuits, or muffins for dinner, about 6 in 10 (63 percent) reported serving them only for dinner. Fewer homemakers reported use of these products only for breakfast (30 percent), lunch at home (28 percent), or between-meal snacks (9 percent). (Summary of questions 24 ar 26)

Around 6 in 10 homemakers (62 percent) said they served rolls, biscuits, or muffins about as often as they had 2 years earlier. But a larger proportic of homemakers reported serving them less often (17 percent) than reported more often (12 percent) at the time of interview. (Question 27)

The same relationship held for the amount of rolls, biscuits, or muffins used--63 percent served about the same amount, 18 percent a smaller amount, and 15 percent a larger amount. (Question 31)

st frequent reason homemakers gave for serving these products more increased amounts was that their children were older. The most mentioned deterrents to use of these products were: Weight consci

## Serving Potatoes or Rice With Bread Products

The majority of homemakers said they serve both potatoes and bread, rolls biscuits, or muffins (69 percent); or both rice and these bread products (62 percent) at the same meal. Proportionately more homemakers from the Southern region, from rural communities, in lower income groups, with larger families, or with only a grammar school education said they served bread and potatoes or bread and rice at the same meal. (Question 35 and Question 37)

Half the homemakers who do not serve both bread and rice or bread and potatoes at the same meal said: Too much starch if both are served. Almost / in 10 (37 percent) who do not serve both rice and bread at the same meal said it is too filling. (Question 36 and Question 36)

## Marcaroni Products

## Serving Patterns

About 4 in 10 homemakers said they had served spaghetti (43 percent) and macaroni (38 percent) within the 7 days preceding the interview; fewer homemakers (24 percent) said egg noodles. About 4 in 10 additional homemakers had served each of these products within the preceding year: macaroni--43 percent, spaghetti--42 percent, and egg noodles--37 percent. (Summary of questions 39 and 43)

Among homemakers who had used any of these products in the week before the interview, about 6 in 10 said they used the particular product once a week, on the average: macaroni--62 percent, spaghetti--61 percent, and egg noodles--58 percent. (Summary of questions 40, 41, and 42)

In the preceding year, all three of these products--particularly spaghetti--had been served more as a main dish than as a side dish:

	<u>Spaghetti</u>	Macaroni	Egg noodles
Served as:	## Text 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 40	<u>Percent</u>	***************************************
Main dish	86	59	54
Side dish	13	39	44
Both	1	2	2
		((	Question 44)

#### Opinions of Selected Characteristics

Homemakers rated macaroni products on selected characteristics, using a seven-point scale. Although almost 7 in 10 thought these products were fattening, rating them 6 or 7 on the scale, about 6 in 10 thought they were inexpensive per serving, rating them 1 or 2. More than half the homemakers considered all macaroni products to be about the same color, and about 3 in 10 felt they were high in food value, an exciting food, or a necessary food (rating them

6 or 7). The following table presents the average numerical ratings for these qualities:

1 on the scale	7 on the scale	Average rating Number
Not fattening	Fattening	5.8
Macaroni products vary greatly in color	Macaroni products are	
greatly in color	color	5.3
Low in food value	High in food value	4.8
Dull food	Exciting food	4.5
Unnecessary food	Necessary food	4.2
Inexpensive per serving	Expensive per serving	2.4
		(Question 46)

## Parboiled Wheat

Only 7 percent of the homemakers interviewed were familiar with parboiled wheat and only 2 percent had ever used it. More homemakers from the Western region and proportionately more who reported some college education knew about parboiled wheat. (Tabulations not shown)

## Use of Flour for Baking

Eight in 10 homemakers reported using some kind of flour for baking during the preceding year. About three-quarters (73 percent) of the homemakers said they had used plain or cake flour for baking when asked specifically about use of these products. Only one-quarter had used self-rising flour.

Among the homemakers who had used some flour for baking in the prior year, about 1 in 10 said they had not used any plain or cake flour for this purpose-primarily because they used self-rising flour. About 7 in 10 had not used self-rising flour for baking. Their reasons for nonuse were varied, but unfamiliarity with self-rising flour and habit were mentioned most frequently.

About two-thirds of the homemakers who had used either of these flours for baking in the past year reported using it no more than once a week. About 2 in 10 said they used it three times or more per average week, and most of the other said two times. (Questions 63 through 73)

#### Use of Pancakes and Waffles

hit potato pancakes were to be excluded. More than 8 in 10

cent' reported serving pancakes. Of these homemakers, more
t) served them once a week or more. Among homemakers
es, around 4 in 10 said they don't like them; almost
re too much trouble to make.

Homemakers were asked also if they ever served waffles--the frozen kind as well as those they make themselves. Almost half the homemakers (45 percent) said they served waffles. Of these homemakers, only 2 in 10 served them once a week or more. Among homemakers who never served waffles, half (49 percent) said they don't have a waffle iron; and almost one-fourth said they don't care for waffles. (Questions 74 through 79)

## Use of Selected Prepared Mixes

Homemakers were questioned about their use and frequency of use of specific prepared mixes. Cake mix had been used by more homemakers than the other mixes; however, those who used pancake and waffle mix reported using it more frequently;

Specific prepared mixes	Used in past year	Used in past month	Used 3 or more times in an average month
		<u>Percent</u> 1/	
Cake	72	53	32
Pancake and vaffle	63	49	48
Biscuit	40	24	31
Piecrust	21	12	20

<sup>1/</sup> The percentages for use in the past year and past month are based on all the homemakers, whereas the percentages for used 3 or more times in an average month are based on the number who reported using each kind of mix. (Questions 80 through 85)

## Cakes, Cookies, Pastries, Pies

#### Use in Any Form Other Than a Mix

Homemakers were asked also about their use and frequency of use of cakes, cookies, pastries, and pies in any form other than from a prepared mix. Cookies were used by more homemakers and were also served more frequently by users than these other products, as shown below:

Products used in any form other than a mix	Used in past year	Used in past month	Used 3 or more times in an average month
		<u>Percent 1</u>	/
Cookies	87	<b>7</b> 7	69
Cakes	79	60	47
Pies	75	57	42
Pastries	57	44	47

<sup>1/</sup> The percentages for use in the past year and past month are based on all the homemakers, whereas the percentages for used 3 or more times in an average month are based on the number who reported using each product.

(Questions 86 through 91)

A comparison of the use and frequency of use of prepared cake mix and comparison other than from a mix indicated that the prepared cake mix was used the fewer homemakers and used less frequently in an average month. (Questions 80 through 91)

## Percentage Bought, Made From Own Batter, or Made From Mixes

Homemakers who had served cakes, cookies, pastries, or pies in any form other than made from a prepared mix in the preceding month were asked what p centage of these were bought, made from their own batter, or made from mixes More homemakers made pies "from scratch" than purchased them, and very few m them from a mix. A greater proportion of the pastries and cookies were purc than were made from homemakers' own batter--very few were made from mixes. ever, in the case of cakes, all three sources were reported frequently. (Question 92)

#### APPENDIX

#### SAMPLE DESIGN AND SAMPLING METHOD

The 3,137 persons interviewed in this survey were a representative sample of homemakers living in private households in the conterminous United States.

The sample was a self-weighting probability sample of dwelling units. The sampling design involved replicated sampling as described by Deming.1/ It contained 452 area sampling units in 207 counties throughout the United States and yielded an average of 9.2 dwelling units per sampling unit. Thus, 4,150 dwelling units were designated as part of the survey sample. Of this number, 280 were vacant and 87 had no homemaker, as defined for the purpose of this study. The remaining 3,783 comprised the eligible group of sample households. At least four attempts in urban areas and three in rural areas were made to complete interviews with homemakers who were not at home or were otherwise unavailable on the first visit to the household. Interviews were completed with 80 percent of the respondents in metropolitan areas having a population of more than 1 million; 83 percent in metropolitan areas having less than 1 million population and nonmetropolitan urban areas; and 87 percent in nonmetropolitan rural areas-making a total completion rate of 83 percent.

For each sampling unit, the interviewer was provided with a detailed map and instructions for listing the households included. Systematic random procedures were used to designate every "nth" household as that in which an interview was to be taken. No deviation from the specified procedures was permitted.

## SAMPLING TOLERANCES

The extent to which sample results may differ from true figures for the population is related to a number of factors. Chief among these are the size of the sample and size of the reported survey percentages. The size of sampling fluctuations is also affected by the way in which primary sampling units are defined and selected and how widely scattered the sample is. The possible magnitudes of these chance sampling fluctuations are estimated on an approximate basis in the following table:

<sup>1/</sup>Deming, W. Edward, Sample Design in Business Research (New York: John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1960).

## Table of tolerances 1/

Non-contract	Total sample	Size of	subgroup	sample	
For percentages around	3,137	2,000	1,000	600	100
		<u>Percen</u>	<u>t</u>		
50	2	3	4	5	12
40 or 60	2	3	4	5	12
30 or 70	2	3	4	5	11
20 or 80	2	2	3	4	10
10 or 90	1	2	2	3	7

The chances are approximately 95 in 100 that the survey result does not vary, plus or minus, by more than the indicated number of percentage points from the result that would have been obtained had the same procedures been used to interview all homemakers in the population.

For example, 36 percent of all homemakers in our study said they had served instant rice in the preceding year. The chances are 95 in 100 that the error due to sampling fluctuations is not more than 2 percentage points.

<sup>1/</sup> Two standard errors: 95-percent confidence limits.

ed, în Question

in any form, either fresh or processed	United States total Percent		7	11	12	1.7	ಐ	11	10	20	7	2,111
n l: "How many times have you served white potatoes in any form, either fresh or processed the past month?" Asked of all homemakers.		Number of times white potatoes served in past month:	1 to 3	4 to 7	8 to 11	12 to 15	16 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 & over	None served	Number of cases
uo.												

\*Less than 1 percent

Summary of question 2: Ty	Type of white potatoes cluding potato chips); homemakers who said the	Type of white potatoes served in the past month: Both fresh and processed cluding potato chips); fresh only; processed only. Data reported only for homemakers who said they served white potatoes in any form in the past mon	in.	Both fresh and processed (ex- Data reported only for any form in the past month.
	Cases	Served both fresh and processed potatoes	Served fresh potatoes only	Served processed potatoes only
U. S. Total	2036	32	67	1
Number of times white potatoes were served in any form in past month:	in			
1-3	157	сэ	83	Ō
4-7	237	21	76	, ea
8-11	258	27	72	г
12-15	376	33	29	ጙ
16-19	162	34	99	i
20-24	232	45	55	*
25-29	209	35	65	*
30 & over	435	37	63	*

Summary of questions 4a, 6, 6z, 7, 8, 9: Number of times fresh white potatoes were served in an average week. Asked of all homemakers.

		מדד ווסוובו	Nimber of	timos corresos in an ar	Toots overotte	
				Medium users	Heavy users	
	Cases	Not served in past year	2 or less	3 – 5	6 or more	Total
	Number		<u> </u>	Percent		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
U. S. TOTAL	3,137	н	35	39	25	100
Region:	,					
Northeast	890	H	31	42	56	100
North Central	832	<del>,</del> 1	27	39	33	100
South	887	2	45	37	16	100
West	528	2	36	35	27	100
Community size:						
Metropolitan	1,076	2	38	07	20	100
Urban	1,298	Т	36	37	26	100
Rural	763	•	28	07	32	100
Employment status:						
Employed	1,014	2	41	37	20	100
Not employed	2,114		32	07	27	100
Income:						
Lower	892	2	777	30	24	100
Middle	934	H	29	41	29	100
Upper	1,197	<b>-</b> 4	33	77	22	100
Family size:						
1 or 2	1,241	ო	67	30	18	100
3 or 4	1,067	H	28	42	29	100
5 or more	827	*	20	50	30	100
Age:						
Under 35 years	880	<b>r</b> i	28	45	56	100
35 - 49 years	1,019	ľ	30	43	26	100
50 years and over	1,227	2	575	31	23	100
Education:						
Grammar school	760	2	41	32	25	100
High school	1,693	*	31	41	28	100
College	663	2	14	41	16	100
Usage level:						
Low	1,092	ı	100	•	ı	100
Medium	1,214	t	1	100	t	100
High	782	1	R.		100	100
*Less than 1 percent	int		_	والمستعدد		

Question 10: "Why is it that you do not serve fresh white potatoes more often?"	Asked only of nomem
Wild serve irest will be potations one of the serve	United States
Number of cases: 382	Percent
Weight conscious; potatoes are fattening; limit starches	(4)
Don't like potatoes that much; get tired of them	(N
77	п
Serve rice	디
Serve bread	<b>-</b> 27
Serve vegetables	ដា
Serve spaghetti; macaroni	23
Other foods	W
Don't cook that much anymore	• •
Too much trouble to fix	
Prefer instant/frozen potatoes because they are quicker and easier to prepare	
Health reasons (other than dieting)	
Takes too long to prepare; don't have time	
Not economical; doesn't pay to buy them	

Not ascertained

Miscellaneous

Question 11: "Please tell me why you serve fresh white potatoes?" Asked of all homemakers who served fresh white potatoes in the past year.  $^1$ 

United States total

	Percent
Family likes them	77
Nutritions food	23
High in food value	_ 
Contains starch	9
Contains vitamins	3
All other food elements	m
Don't like/don't buy/processed/instant/frozen potatoes	19
Fresh have better flavor	
Family doesn't like the packaged	w
I don't like the packaged	7
	Μ
All other reasons	
Potatoes round out a meal; a staple	18
Like the taste of fresh white potatoes	15
Filling and satisfying food	TT.
Serve out of habit; used to using them	10
Can fix them in many ways	6
Go with almost anything; good side dish with any meat	8
An economical food	7
Easy to fix; convenient	ſΛ
Serve for variety	ſΛ
Serve because we grow them	CV
Miscellaneous	9
Not ascertained	۲٦
Number of cases	2,073

1 Percentages add to more than 100 (or group totals shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Question 12: "Now, thinking about how often you serve fresh white potatoes -- that is, number of times, not the amount -- are you serving them more often, less often or about as often as you did two years aro?" Asked of all homemakers who served from the county from the parts of the serving from the serving fro

	Cases	Now serving More often	ing fresh white Less often	potatoes	i i
	Number	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	Percent	Total
U. S. TOTAL	2,073	10	19	п	100
Region:	7833	-	ř.	7.	
North Central	<u> </u>	6	7, 73	70	001
South	597	. 21°	18	02	100
west Community size:	342	Ð	5 <del>†</del>	89	100
	697	6;	19	72	100
orban Rural	059 517	7 21	20 16	99	001
imployment status:		!	ì	<u>.</u>	TOO
Employed Not employed	663 1 <b>,</b> 406	6 II	21 17	70	001
Income:	,	,		<u>!</u> .	2
Lower Middle	613 613	6 ET	25 7.2	69	001
Upper	793	0	19	72	100
ramily size:	ě				
1 OF 2 3 or 4	812	9 6	56	68	100
5 or more	547	7 F	) T	7,5	001
Age:		`	4	<b>1</b>	OOT
Under 35 years	596	23	11,	63	0
35 - 49 years		. ~	79	27	200
50 years and over	807	7	70	71	000
Education:			<b>)</b>	!	2
Grammar school	אול פני ר	ထ	1.8	1/2	100
iiigii school	777.	75	<b>J</b> 6	72	100
correge 200 1	027	97	র	99	100
Low Level	710	c	ì	Ş	
Medium	<u>(</u>	13	ታን ር	<del>5</del> 23	001

Question 13: "Why is it that you are serving fresh white potatoes (MORE OFTEN) (LESS OFTEN) than you did 2 years ago?" Asked only of homemakers who now serve fresh white potatoes (MORE OFTEN) (LESS OFTEN) than 2 years ago.

	United States		United States
	total		total
	Percent		Percent
Serve more often because:		Serve less often because:	
Family larger and/or older; more members eat potatoes now	67	Household smaller; don't want to prepare for few people	29
Cook more now; have more time to fix food	26	On a diet; they are too fattening; too	ç
Change in eating habits; eat more;		many catories	67
acquired taste for them	22	Use other foods for variety; family likes	
Have learned more ways to prepare them	4	a change	12
Food prices higher but potatoes still		Health reasons; restricted diet	6
inexpensive	т	Use more prepared/instant/frozen potatoes	S
Health reasons	m	now	<b>6</b> 2
Miscellaneous	٢	Don't eat as much	ေ
	. ,	Don't have as much time to cook	7
	7	More expensive now	9
	216	Got tired of them	ı́
		Eat out more often	7
		Miscellaneous	6
		Not ascertained	1

some respondents gave more than one reply.

Number of cases

385

"How many pounds of fresh white potatoes do you usually buy at one time?" Asked of all homemakers who served fresh white potatoes in the past year.

	1 – נו 10 – 9	45 11 Fercent 5 3 1 100	36 13 7 2 1 100 146 16 7 1 100 146 7 2 3 1 100 54 8 5 2 2 100	10     8     11     *     2     100       14     13     14     2     1     100       16     13     14     2     1     100       18     14     8     9     *     100	142 11 5 2 2 100 146 11 6 3 1 100	\$\frac{10}{16}\$     \$\frac{1}{8}\$     \$\frac{1}{4}\$     \$\frac{7}{2}\$     \$\frac{100}{100}\$       \$\frac{16}{16}\$     \$\frac{1}{11}\$     \$\frac{5}{5}\$     \$\frac{1}{1}\$     \$\frac{100}{100}\$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	49 13 6 2 1 100 50 15 7 2 1 100 37 7 4 4 4 2 100	40 12 4 4 2 100 17 12 6 3 * 100 15 8 5 1 2 100	32 4 1 3 5 100 56 12 4 2 * 100
1 1	그 [		~~~×	বর	w	M OF	10 10	9 6 4	なるだ	다그
ought at o	77 -	1 .	13 16 7 8	8 13 14	##	8 닷컴	21 t2	13	22 8 8	<b>3</b> 25
s usually b	- 1	1,5	\$255 \$255 \$255 \$255 \$255 \$255 \$255 \$255	97 97 97	77 77 78	70 70 70 70	37 148 52	4.9 50 37	04 74 74	883
당	w	26	35 16 16	33 26 17	29 25	29 22 27	#5#	3228	29 25 27	40 13 13
Number	7 - 4	6	6 13 13 13	13 8 4	9/80	12 8 %	17 14 2	7 113	9 7 7 12	176
	Cases	Number 2,073	583 551 597 342	697 859 517	663 1,406	603 613 793	812 713 547	596 663 807	515 911, 1,28	719 814 535
		U. S. TOTAL	Region: Northeast North Central South West	Metropolitan Urban Rural Employment status:	Employed Not employed Income:	Lower Middle Upper Family size:	1 or 2 3 or 4 5 or more	Under 35 years 35-49 years 50 years and over Education:	Grammar school High school College Usage level:	Low Medium High

\* Less than 1 percent.

ותשופשונבות אות אמום רוובל המחלוור ווכאי מזהי מד הפצדות למרכימכם דוו רווב לאפר לבפרי

	Cases	New potatoes Bought in Bough past year past 1	Sought in past month	Baking Bought in past year	potatoes Bought in past month	Old potatoes Bought Bougi past year past	Fought in past month
U. S. TOTAL	3,137	63	19	57	36	92	떭
Region: Northeast North Central South West	832 832 887 528	\$%& <b>3</b>	23 16 19	7235F	% <del>7</del> % %	\$ <b>7</b> 88	まぷれれ
Metropolitan Urban Rural	1,076 1,298 763	2888	20 21 15	£2.265	58 EF	77 77 80	¤¤&
Employment status: Employed Not employed	יונה, ר יובר, 2	% <del>†</del>	1.8 20	፠፠	38,88	78 77	ಜಜ
Lower Middle Upper	892 934 1,204	0 <i>L</i> 68 40	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	39 70	53 K2	79 81 75	375
Family \$12e:  1 or 2  3 or 4  5 or more	1,244 1,067 827	%% %	17 20 22	<i>አሜጽ</i>	33.3%	7.7 7.9 87	¥228
Age: Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over	880 1,019 1,227	%% <u>%</u>	22 20 16	50 23	ሕ ተ ጉ	79 82 73	<b>4</b> % %
Grammar school High school College	760 1,693 668	57 67 67	21. 20.	7,88	23 % 23 % 23 % 23 %	80 80 69	<b>ま</b> %ま
Low Medium High	1,092 1,21h 782	£68	16 21 21	898	彩母器	72 83 82	೭೫೪

ion 21: "Of the kinds you bought in the past year -- that is, the (OLD, NEW, BAKING POTATOES) --, which

			X	Kind of potato liked	8	
	Cases	01d	New I	Baking Percent	No preference	Total
U. S. TOTAL	2,013	70	25	ĸ	17	100
യയ	250 250 334 334	፠፠፠ዀ	23.5 23.5 23.5 23.5	26 29 36	νωων	100 100 100 100
Metropolitan  Weban  Rural  Bural  Bural	696 846 174	111 35 47	20 29 27	ይይጀ	<b>ማ</b> መድ	100
Employed Not employed Income:	646 1,363	1,2 38	23 27	33	77 €	100
Lower Middle Upper Family size:	575 597 781	8558	21 28 27	21 28 14	0 T T	100 100 100
1 or 2 3 or 1 5 or more	784 687 541	8,53	23 26 28	፠ቘጟ	ろれた	100 100 100
Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over Education:	584 549 773	788	8%%	37.3%	E שש	8010
Grammar school High school College Usage level:	1,088 1,088 422	26 39 80	23 27 24	ትጵፈ	スポア	100
Low Medium High	708 798 502	# <b>2</b> 4	388	%	ተጽተ	100 100 100

Homemakers who bought only one kind of potatoos were presumed to like that kind best.

uestion 23: "Why do you like old potatoes best?" Asked only of homemakers who like old potatoes best.1

	United States total Percent
More versatile; can be cooked in many ways Cheaper; least expensive type Physical properties after cooking Cook better Drier; not as moist Fluffier; softer More moist; not dried out or flaky Smoother; no lumps Firmer More mealy	30 28 26 12 5 4 3 3 3 2
Other physical properties Has more flavor/taste Ways of preparing that are better with old potatoes Mashed Fried Baked Creamed, scalloped Boiled Other ways	14 24 22 11 7 5 3 2
Always available Qualities preferred in preparation Easier to peel Easier to prepare Easier/quicker to cook Other qualities	3 3 3 1
Habit; used to them Keep well; stay fresh longer Just serve our purposes Just so much better; like them better Miscellaneous Not ascertained	8 5 3 2 6 3
Number of cases	793

Percentages add to more than 100 (or group totals shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Continued --

Question 23: "Why do you like new potatoes best?" Asked only of homemakers who like new potatoes best. l--Continued

	United States Percent	tota1
Physical properties after cooking	46	
Firmer; keep shape	2.2	
Cook better	12	
Softer; smoother	7	
Whiter; no dark spots when cooked	6	
Skins more tender; not thick	6	
Juicier	4	
Not watery	4	
More mealy	2	
Other physical properties	3	
Has better flavor/taste	45	
Qualities preferred in preparation	32	
Less waste	10	
Easier to peel; to clean	9	
No eyes to cut out	9	
Cleaner potato	4	
Cooks quicker	4	
Can cook with skin on	3	
Other qualities	1	
Ways of preparing that are better with new potatoes	17	
Boiled	5	
Mashed	5	
Baked	4	
Potato salad	2	
Other ways	5	
A fresher potato	17	
Keep longer	7	
Can prepare many ways; good all-around (versatile)	5	
Price; better value for money	4	
Available/easy to find	2	
Smaller potato	2 2	
Miscellaneous	6	
Not ascertained	2	****
		<del></del>
Number of cases:	510	

Percentages add to more than 100 (or group totals shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Question 23: "Why do you like baking potatoes best?" Asked of all homemakers who like baking potatoes best.1--Continued

	United tot	States tal
	Perc	cent
Physical properties after cooking Softer, smoother texture More mealy Not as watery; drier Cooks better Always firm Nicer skin to eat Never has bad spots Other physical properties	13 12 10 10 9 6 6	49
Tastier potato; like taste better Qualities preferred in preparation Cooks easier Easily peeled Cooks quickly Cleaner Other qualities	12 4 4 2 3	35 22
Just like baked potatoes Versatile; all purpose potato Ways of preparing that are better with baking potatoes Mashed Fried Boiled Other ways	7 5 4 3	21 16 15
Better quality More nourishing Like the size; good size A bigger potato; more potato to it Less fattening Keeps better; don't spoil or sprout as fast Like the shape Miscellaneous Not ascertained		9 8 6 5 4 3 2 10 3
Number of cases	6;	30

Percentages add to more than 100 (or group totals shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

stions 26 and 27: "In what ways have you served fresh white potatoes in the past year? Any other ways? In what ways have you served fresh white potatoes in the past month? Any other ways?" Asked of all homemakers who served fresh white potatoes in the past year. Questions 26 and 27:

		United St	United States total
		past year	Served in past month
	Mashed potatoes	36	!
	Baked potatoes	82	63
	Boiled potatoes	62	63
	Potato salad	1/2	ස
	French fried	62	145
	Home fried	9	टो
	Roasted	39	23
	Scalloped	16	ဆ
	goup	L	ìn
	Creamed, Delmonico	m	, ~
	Ster	. e	ı «
	Au gratin	<b>.</b> 01	L
	Potato pancakes	c	<b>4</b> 1
	Other ways	7	г <del>-</del> 1
		7	~
	Number of cases	2,073	60000
J. D. C.		77051	C10.5

or completely prepared. Which of these have you bought in the past year? Which have you bought in the past month?" Asked of all homemakers.

	Bought in past year	Bought in past month
Processed white potato products		- Percent
Frozen french fried	97	30
Instant mashed	33	1.7
Potato sticks in can	15	2
Frozen hash brown potatoes	13	9
Canned	10	
Dehydrated scalloped potatoes	6	٣
Frozen cream of potato soup - can	8	Ţ
Dehydrated au gratin potatoes	ω	2
Dehydrated potato soup in package	†	2
Dehydrated potato pancakes	Μ	1
Frozen stuffed potatoes - topped with cheese	М	ı
Frozen shredded potato patties	М	н
Frozen potatoes au gratin	Ø	ı
Other processed white potato products	m	2
None	37	55
Number of cases	2,111	2,111

 $^{
m 1}$  Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

the (TYPE OF PROCESSED WHITE POIATO PRODUCIS) you bought in the past year cost per serving than if you prepared it yourself?" Asked of homemakers type of processed white potato products.

			Cost per serving	serving		
	Cases Number	Higher	Lower Percent	Same	Don't know	Tota1
	982	177	20	17	6	100
Insta	700	58	13	15	77	100
Potato sticks in	310	36	30	15	19	100
Frozen hash brown potatoes	224	63	16	15	9	100
Canned	221	55	15	77.	36	100
Dehydrated scalloped potatoes	190	99	15	12	<u>_</u>	100
Frozen cream of potato soup - can	175	58	17	13	12	100
Dehydrated au gratin potatoes	167	63	177	10	13	100
Dehydrated potato soup in package	95	45	56	77.	15	700
Dehydrated potato pancakes	57	59	16	11	<del>ל</del> כר	100
Frozen stuffed potatoes - topped with cheese	58	49	$\mathcal{N}$	7	6	100
Frozen shredded potato patties	77	63	15	7.5	7	700
Frozen potatoes au gratin	39	- 22	35	ъ	m	100
Other processed white potato products	89	63	27	ý	10	100

"If you had planned to serve potatoes and discovered that you had run Summary of questions 36 and 37:

out of them, what would you do? What else do you think you could serve Asked of all homemakers who ever served fresh in place of potatoes?" white potatoes. $^{1}$ 

	United States total Percent
Would substitute another food	96
Wheat products	70
Rice	99
Vegetable	33
Some other starch	17
Would get potatoes	25
Would serve potatoes in another form	7
Miscellaneous	2
Not ascertained	1

Percentages add to more than 100 (or group total shown) because some respondents gave more than one

reply.

2,100

Number of cases

m bread on molls or other bread 717

Question 38: "When you serve potatoes at a meal, do you usually products?" Asked of all homemakers who ever served fresh or	rve potatoes at a 1 11 homemakers who (		serve bread or rolls or other bread prepared white potatoes.	bread
	Sasses	Do serve bread or rolls with potatoes	Do not serve bread or rolls with potatoes	T
	Number		Percent	1 1 1 1 1
U. S. TOTAL	2,100	73	27	100
Region: Northeast North Central South	588 559 607 346	\$ <del>2</del> 83	39 P. 25, 33	001 001 001 001
Community size: Metropolitan Urban Rural	708 868 524	63 73 84 84	37 27 16	100
Employed Not employed	675 1,421	76 17	2 <u>1</u> 2 29	100
Lower Middle Upper Wantly size.	617 618 801	81 78 63	1.9 2.2 3.7	100 100 100
or 2 3 or 4 5 or more	833 717 549	69 47 76	31 26 24	100
Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over	600 667 826	% 다 다	24 29 29	100 100 100
Grammar school High school College Usage level:	528 123 138	878	20 25 142	100
Low Medium Hach	71.9 81.14 14.64	25	123	00t 00t %

Question 39: "Why is it that you usually do not serve bread or rolls when you serve potatoes?" Asked only of homemakers who do not serve bread or rolls with potatoes.

	United States total Percent
Too much starch if both are served	64
Family doesn't care for bread with heavy meals	21
Bread is not needed	21
Health reasons On a diet Serving both does not make a balanced meal All other health reasons	17 14 3 1
Serve bread/rolls and potatoes only for guests	7
Don't serve bread with a cooked meal	η
Miscellaneous	9
Not ascertained	ω
Number of cases	573

l Percentages add to more than 100 (or group total shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

served potato chips in the past month and the ways in which they ... ...em. Asked of all homemakers.

chips With meals	32	22 38 32 41	29 33 36	33 32	22 34 40	21 37 43	43 36 21	25 36 31
Ways of serving potato chips With Wirk k dips me	28	26 31 32 32	30 30 22	32 26	11 27 41	18 34 35	35 37 15	14 31 33
Mays of ser As a snack	59	62 60 59 56	61 60 56	62 58	44 66 67	41 69 76	75 68 41	52 66 51
Served potato chips in past month	29	66 69 65 71	68 68 66	70 66	50 72 77	50 77 81	82 77 50	59 74 61
Cases	2,111	592 560 610 349	714 873 524	679 1,428	622 621 804	842 718 550	601 669 834	442 1,125 533
				Not employed Income:	Lower Middle Upper Family size:	1 or 2 3 or 4 5 or more	Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over Education:	Grammar school High school College

			Ways served most frequently	
		As a		With
	Cases	snack	dips	meals
	Number			
U. S. TOTAL	1,423	69	11	20
Region:				
Northeast	393	82	6	6
North Central	385	79	13	23
South	396	72	6	19
West	249	53	15	33
Community size:				
Metropolitan	486	72	11	17
Urban	593	69	13	18
Rural	344	29	7	27
Employment status:				
Employed	475	69	12	19
Not employed	244	69	11	20
Income:				
Lower	312	74	•	21
Middle	450	74	10	17
Upper	622	99	15	21
Family size:				
1 or 2	425	63	14	23
3 or 4	550	73	12	16
5 or more	448	72	7	21
Age:				
Under 35 years	492	7.1	10	19
35 - 49 years	513	70	12	18
50 years and over	413	99	11	24
Education:				
Grammar school	260	73	9	21
High school	829	72	10	18
College	326	59	18	23

I Homemakers who served only one way were recorded as serving that way most frequently.

o M	275	

Very important Somewhat important Not at all important Not ascertained Number of cases Auestion hu: "Why do you gay that?" Asked only of homemakers who said color of	United States total Percent 19 23 50 8
Number of cases	
u şay that?" Asked only of homemakers who said color	1,423
	f potato chips is very important mited States total
Very impo	: Somewhat impor Percent
	56 41 48 2 2 2 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
other districts of dark or brown potato chips light on lighter potato chips light ones better  per	38 , 26 16 6 6 4 2
Look better All other preferences of light or lighter potato chips 3 Prefer dark or brown potato chips Taste better if brown Crisper	1 3 3 16 6
<pre>rr preferences for dark or brown potato chips to chips in between, neither light nor dark twe bad flavor id name wus</pre>	11 3 2 2 1 1 3 8 8 8
Number of cases	327

Question 45: "Here is a card listing qualities that might be used to describe fresh white potatoes. . . Please tell me the number that comes closest to how you feel." Asked of all homemakers.

	•• ••		Nun	nber	sel	Number selected	717	Not	: Average	
Range of qualities		2	3	÷ 4		9	: 7	rtained	: rating	
						Percent-	int		Number	
"Not good tasting" to "Good tasting"	*	H	H	5	10	22	09	7	6.3	
"Low in food <b>va</b> lue" to "High in food value"		2	4	13	18	20	39	က	5.7	
		က	4	12	12	17	47	2	5.7	
		18	18	24	Ħ	9	9	2	3.4	
		4	7	27	18	17	21	2	6.4	
	4	4	4	12	14	19	42		5.5	
	ļ									
I									3	-

--- First, how would you rate the flavor of fresh white potatoes? --- " Asked of all homemakers.

	Fresh white potatoes	Instant mashed	Frozen french fried potatoes	Canned
Low in flavor 1		23	11	27
2	1	12	7	12
er		12	10	80
7	9	14	16	6
₹.	11	6	14	4
9	21	5	12	2
High in flavor 7	58	5	11	2
Not ascertained	F.	20	19	36
Average rating	6.2	3.1	4.2	2.5
Number of cases 3,137				

Now, I'd like your opinion about different ways potatoes can be served. As I mention the method g potatoes, show me on the scale how fattening you think potatoes are when they are prepared us. ..cipe - - - select a number which best shows how you feel." Asked of all homemakers.

		11/1	Baked potatoes	French fried potatoes	Boiled
			<u>Percent</u> -	ent	1 1 1 1
ot at all fattening	r.	н	W	н	9
	0	н	10	r	13
	m	Μ	177	8	17
	77	6	22	η	25
	w	16	20	బ	18
	9	22	11	17	6
Fattening	2	9†	4,1	79	10
Not ascertained		Ø	ካ	m	2
			Mumber		
Average rating		5.9	ग- ग	6.3	0.1

Number of cases -- 3,137

	Fresh	Fresh white potatoes	Instant mashed	Frozen french fried potatoes	Canned	
Low in flavor		) ] !	23 11	11	27	
2		H	12	7	12	
e		ľ	12	10	8	
7		9	14	16	6	
5		11	6	14	4	
9		21	5	12	2	
High in flavor 7		58	2	II	2	
Not ascertained		뻐	20	19	36	
	8 8 8 1		Number	0 1 2 3 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1		
Average rating	9	6.2	3.1	4.2	2,5	

Number of cases -- 3,137

TABLES FOR RICE SECTION

Cases Number 3,137 3,137 3,137 3,137 3,137 1,076 1,298 892 892 892 1,241 1,204 1,204 1,204 1,693 1,321 1,321 1,321 1,321		7,00	e and tunes of	rice serv	ed in the	past year		isked of all homemakers.	makers, t
Cases   Particolidad   Particolida	Summary of questions	75 085			Types	served in	the past	rear	
Stronger   Cases   Form   File   Fi			Used rice in some	Regular	Instant	Parboiled converted	Spanish	Fried	Orher
3,137 87 61 36 16 11 4  890 87 52 39 21 11 11 2  832 887 92 62 42 22 14 9 11  1,298 87 56 38 21 11 9  2,114 89 62 38 35 16 13 4  1,204 89 59 59 38 16 13 4  1,241 88 59 59 38 16 13 6  1,241 88 59 59 38 16 13 6  1,241 88 59 59 38 16 13 6  1,241 88 59 59 38 16 11 6  1,241 88 59 59 38 16 11 6  1,241 88 59 59 38 16 11 6  1,241 88 59 59 38 16 11 6  1,241 88 59 59 38 16 11 6  1,241 88 59 59 38 16 11 6  1,241 88 59 59 38 16 11 6  1,241 88 59 59 38 16 11 6  1,241 88 59 59 38 16 11 6  1,241 88 58 58 58 30 17 18 5  1,321 100 60 47 11 14 8  1,321 100 60 47 16 61  1,321 100 60 47 16 61  1,321 100 60 47 16 61  1,321 100 60 47 16 61  1,321 100 60 47 16 61  1,525 100 75 38 11 18 15		Cases	form	rice	rice	Percent	3777		
Second	u. s. Total	3,137	87	61	36	16	11	4	m
ral 832	Region:	O Q	87	52	39	21	11	91	m
887 887 770 423 11 7 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	North Central	832	86	65	41	턴;	ᇊ	7 C	7 1
1,076 88 55 38 21 10 4 1,298 87 68 30 9 10 3  837 68 30 9 10 3  2,114 85 58 35 16 11 4  1,204 88 87 68 38 15 16 11 4  1,204 88 87 64 38 16 11 4  1,019 90 61 40 17 14 8  1,693 86 58 37 16 11 4  1,321 100 60 47 16 11 4  1,321 100 88 21 16 12 4  1,321 100 88 31 18 15 7	South	887	87	9,0	45 42	22	14	16	10
1,076 1,298 1,298 1,298 1,298 1,298 1,298 1,298 1,241 1,241 1,241 1,067 1,067 1,067 1,063 1,076 1,321 1,321 1,321 1,321 1,298 1,398 1,498 1,598	West Commission of the	350	4	1	!				ı
1,298 87 61 37 15 12 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 4 4 5 3 4 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4	Metropolitan	1.076	88	55	38	21	91	4 4	v) (n
Fig. 1,013  Fig. 1,014  Fig. 1,204  Fig. 1	Urban	1,298	87	61	37	15	17	ን ሮ	2 0
Fig. 1,013  892  893  894  895  87  1,241  82  1,241  82  839  84  85  84  85  87  87  87  87  87  87  87  87  87	Rural	763	87	68	30	v	27	)	
1,013  892  892  87  72  22  96  62  97  1,241  82  93  93  94  1,067  88  87  1,019  90  61  1,027  88  74  71  72  72  73  96  74  75  76  88  74  74  75  75  76  88  74  74  75  75  76  88  74  74  75  76  88  74  75  76  76  88  76  77  76  88  76  77  76  88  76  77  76  88  76  77  78  78		( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	t	Q L	0	7	E7	4	4
892 87 72 22 9 6 2 4 4 5 111 4 4 6 111 4 4 6 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Employed	1,013	Λ 8 8	, ç	7 6	12	1 2	7	m
892 1,204 1,204 1,241 82 1,067 880 87 1,019 80 87 1,019 80 81 1,019 82 1,019 82 1,019 83 1,019 84 1,019 84 1,019 85 1,019 85 1,019 85 1,019 85 1,019 85 1,019 86 1,019 87 1,019 88 1,019 89 1,019 1,019 89 1,019	The company of the contract of	+ T T 6 7	Ď	4	) )				
1,241 82 36 16 11 4 4 5 1,204 93 8 16 11 4 4 6 5 12 15 9 3 3 16 11 1 4 4 6 5 12 15 9 15 9 3 3 16 11 13 5 5 14 1007 82 59 38 16 112 4 4 1 1,019 90 61 40 17 14 8 3 1 1,019 85 86 58 37 16 12 4 6 1 1 1,693 86 58 37 16 12 4 6 8 1 1,321 100 60 75 38 31 18 15 7	Lower	892	87	72	22	σ	9	7	2
1,204 90 54 45 20 15 6  1,241 82 59 32 15 9 3  1,067 89 59 38 16 13 5  827 64 38 16 12 4  1,019 90 61 40 17 14 5  1,227 85 58 37 16 12 5  1,693 86 58 37 16 12 4  1,693 86 58 37 16 12 4  1,521 100 60 47 16 10 8  1,321 100 60 47 16 10 8  1,321 100 88 21 14 8  21 14 8  22 14 6 6  23 625 100 88 11 18 15 7	Middle	934	84	59	38	16	11	4 ,	יי) ו
1,241     82     59     32     15     9     3       1,067     89     59     38     16     13     5       827     9     59     38     16     12     4       880     87     54     39     17     14     5       1,019     90     61     40     17     14     5       88     74     21     16     12     4       1,693     86     58     37     16     12     4       668     90     52     49     21     14     8       1,321     100     60     47     16     16     6       772     100     83     31     18     15     7	Upper	1,204	90	54	4.5	20	13	٥	Λ
1,241 82 59 32 15 9 5 5 5 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Family size:						,	¢	c
1,067 89 59 38 16 13 5 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	I or 2	1,241	82	59	32	15	თ (	ማ ፡	77 ×
827 92 64 38 16 12 4  880 87 54 39 17 12 5  1,019 90 61 40 17 14 5  1,527 85 65 30 14 8 3  1,693 86 58 37 16 12 4  1,693 86 58 37 16 12 4  1,321 100 60 47 16 10 3  772 100 83 31 18 15 7	3 or 4	1,067	89	29	38	16	13	Λ.	<b>+</b> +
1,227 880 87 54 39 17 12 5 1,019 90 61 40 17 14 5 85 65 30 14 8 3 1,693 86 58 37 16 12 4 1,693 86 58 37 16 12 4 1,321 100 60 47 16 10 8 1,321 100 89 31 18 15 7	5 or more	827	92	64	38	91	12	4	4
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1,527 85 65 30 14 8 3  760 88 74 21 10 6 1  1,693 86 58 37 16 12 4  668 90 52 49 21 14 8  1,321 100 60 47 16 10 3  772 100 83 31 18 15 7	Onder 33 years	1 010	/80	<b>4</b> 2	ر د د	7 -	7 <u>.</u>	'n	m
thool     760     88     74     21     10     6     1       1     1,693     86     58     37     16     12     4       668     90     52     49     21     14     8       1,321     100     60     47     16     10     3       772     100     83     31     18     15     7	50 moone and oner	1,017	2 9	1 4	, t	77	- ∝	m	2
1,693 88 74 21 10 6 1 1,693 86 58 37 16 12 4 52 49 21 14 8 1,321 100 60 47 16 10 3 772 100 75 38 21 14 6 625 100 83 31 18 15 7	Squeation:	73767	60	C C	ร	į	)	1	
1 1,693 86 58 37 16 12 4 668 90 52 49 21 14 8 1,321 100 60 47 16 10 3 772 100 83 31 18 15 7	Grammar school	760	œ	7.6	21	10	9	H	2
1,321     100     60     47     16     10     3       625     100     83     31     18     15     7	High school		8 8	- 00 - 10°	37	16	12	4	ന
1,321 100 60 47 16 10 3 772 100 75 38 21 14 6 625 100 83 31 18 15 7	College	•	8 8	52	64	21	14	80	5
1,321 100 60 47 16 10 3 772 100 75 38 21 14 6 625 100 83 31 18 15 7	Usage level:		2	ļ					
m 772 100 75 38 21 14 6 6 625 100 83 31 18 15 7	Low	1,321	100	09	47	16	0;	m	mı
625 100 83 31 18 15 /	Medium	772	100	75	8	21	1 <del>,</del>	ør	Λ.
	High	625	100	83	31	18	15	7	4

I Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave note than one reply.

homemakers who said they had not served rice in any form in the past year.

United States

	total Percent
Family members dislike rice Entire family dislikes it Specific members dislike it	71 44 27
Too much trouble to prepare for one person	10
It's too starchy and fattening	6
It's tasteless	80
Prefer potatoes to rice	9
Only eat rice when dining out	77
Can't/don't eat rice for health reasons	77
Don't like to prepare rice because it's too much trouble	8
Do not cook at home	2
Consider rice to be a Chinese food	8
Miscellaneous	10
Not ascertained	7
Number of cases	253

Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

"Mould you say you are using more rice, less rice, or about the same amount of rice that you

Question 3: "Would you say you are using more ince,		ed rice in the	past year.		
		ON.	Now using rice		- α+νψ
	Cases	More	Less Percent	The same	1 2 1
II. S. TOTAL	Number 1,845	21	п	89	100
Region: Northeast North Central	522 1177 5114 332	22 21 22	8 14 12 8	70 68 70	100 100 100
West Community size: Metropolitan Urban	64.2 764. 1.39	23 16	10 9 15	67 70 69	100 100 100
Kurai Employment status: Employed Not employed	596 1,243	1.9 22	12	69 68	100
Income: Lower Middle Upper	512 511 555	18 13 24 24	55. 01. 9	67 72 67	100
Family size: 1 or 2 3 or 4 5 or more	668 663 513	44 S SK	55.0	7.1 7.1 63	100 100
Age: Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over	504 637 698	33 21 12	8 8 17 8 17	75 7.1 7.1	100 100
Education: Grammar school High school College	1445 990 1461	77.7%	12 11 8	72 72 99	100
Usage level: Low Medium	3.5 535 535	152 154	36	73 70	100 100 200 200 100

Question 4: "Please tell me the reasons you serve rice?" Asked only of homemakers who served rice in the past year.  $^1$ 

	United States total	Light Users	Usage level Medium users	Heavy
Family likes rice We all like it Specific family members like it	50 29 25	41 20 21	55 34 23	62 39 28
For variety in meals Change/substitute for potatoes Other variety mentions	40 29 20	44 28 26	42 33 19	31 25 12
Prepare dishes calling for rice	20	21	20	20
Dessert or pudding	14	16	17	10
Soup or consomme	œ	7	6	7
With milk, sugar, butter	יט	2	Ŋ	9
Breakfast cereal	Ŋ	4	5	∞
With gravy	7	7	ιΛ	7
Casseroles	7	4	'n	ო
Chicken dishes	7	7	4	Ŋ
Chow mein or chop suey	7	vs	4	H
Spanish rice	ന	ന	2	ო
Stuffed peppers	7	2	r-t	H
Other dishes	1.2	13	11	13

Percentages add to more than 100 (or group totals shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

<sup>h</sup>Please tell me the reasons you serve rice?" Asked only of homemakers who served rice in the pas year.--Continued! Question 4:

11 20 15 7 4 4 7 7 4 4 7 7 7 12 11 8 11 8 11 6 11 8 11 6 11 10 11		United States	Light	Usage level Medium users	Heur
11 20 15 11 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Characteristics of rice		<u> </u>	rcent	
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	lasty Satisfying, filline				
11 12 12 13 14 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	otatoes or	2 ~	n 4 c	11 7 2	16
11 8 11 8 6 9 5 5 11 8 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	lutritious; high in food water	61	4 <del>m</del>	5 3	44
11 11 6 6 6 4 3 3 3 3 3 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Onvenient: page to accompanie	17	12	19	•
11 6 6 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 7 1 8 6 6 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8	contomical to serve	11	æ	13	, ,-
6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		11	ø	II	· •-
6 4 4 5 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	in 1	o	ı	<b>!</b>	7
3 3 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Joes well with other foods	`	<b>~</b>	11	H
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Health reasons	9	7	7	Ű.
3 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Habit of serving rice; was taught to use it; reared in rice growing area	m	m	7	7
2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Found new recipes calling for rice	e,	prof	m	7
3 3 3 3 4 1 845 1 1 1 845 1 1 1 845 1 1 1 845 1 1 1 845 1 1 1 845 1 1 1 845 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Change in size/age of family; more members now eat	2	2	2	7
ascertained 3 3	Miscellaneous	7	1	ო	4
9	Don't know/not ascertained	ဂ	ო	m	2
1.845	Number of cases	9	6	Ł٦	ന
535	The Very All Park Very	1,845	841	535	451

of fice and types of fice served in past monch. Asked of all nomemakers			lypes served in past month	
HO	ļ		ë	
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				Types	Į	sst month		
		Used rice	Regular		Converted	•	F	
	Cases	in some form	uncooked rice	instant rice	parbolled rice	Spanlsn rice	rice	Other
	Number			Per	Percent		!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!	1
U. S. TOTAL	3,137	71	84	22	10	4	2	p=4
Region:	,	1	:	ì	ļ		•	(
Northeast	890	73	40	26	15	7	2	2
North Central	832	63	43	22	7	2		2
South	887	76	61	14	7	νJ		y
West	528	71	777	25	13	9	ю	Ŋ
Community size:								
Metropolitan	1,076	74	45	24	14	4	2	ო
Urban	1,298	69	47	22	တ	4	2	2
Rural	763	70	53	17	Ŋ	4	<b></b> 1	1
Employment status:								
Employed	1,013	89	<b>7</b> †7	21	10	S	2	2
Not employed	2,114	72	49	22	6	m	2	2
Income:								
Lower	892	73	19	12	vo	2	<b>-</b> ∤<	
Middle	934	89	45	22	0	7	2	2
Upper	1,204	72	40	29	12	5	2	ო
Family size:								
1 or 2	1,241	<del>9</del> 9	45	19	o	4	2	2
3 or 4	1,067	7.1	949	23	10	7	7	2
5 or more	827	81	54	25	10	4	7	7
Age:								
Under 35 years	880	69	42	22	10	7	2	ന
35-49 years	1,019	76	49	56	11	'n	7	2
50 years and over	1,227	89	51	17	œ	က	<del></del> -1	2
Education:								
Grammar school	760	72	62	13	7	ന	-	_
High School	1,693	69	45	22	6	7	1	2
College	899	74	39	30	14	5	ന	m
Usage level:								
Low	1,321	100	33	22	7	7	<b></b>	<del>, 1</del>
Medium	772	100	70	29	15	9	m	ന
High	625	100	81	25	15	œ	4	m
	,							

1 Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply. \*Less than 1 percent.

ion 7, 7a and 7b: Number of times rice in any form was served in an average month. Esked of all

		Number o	Number of times rice served in average month	s served	Did not		
				,		Times not	6
	Cases	2 or 1ess	3 - 5	6 or more	past year	ascertained	Tora I
			à		2.	<b>2</b> -	001
	3,13/	74	<del>4</del> 7	70	£.4	4	9
	890	77	25	19	14	ī	100
cral	832	24	22	σ	14	<b>,</b>	100
	887	90	25	31	13	ed r	9
131:	528	44	57	٥ ۲	0	-1	700
Community size:	1,067	40	27	20	12	m	100
Urban	1,298	43	24	19	13	<b>~</b> I	100
Rural	763	43	23	20	13	m	100
Employment status:							
Employed	1,013	43	22	19	15	<b>~</b> -I	100
Not employed	2,114	41	22	20	11	r=-i	100
Income:	•	•	ļ	ć	(		,
Lower	892	ee :	25	87.	Ξ;	→ ÷	001
Middle	934	43	24	17	97	* '	007
Upper	1,204	47	26	16	10	<b>!</b>	100
Family size:	,						
1 or 2	1,241	#	22	15	18	<b></b> 1	100
i 3 or 4	1,067	43	27	18	11	prof	100
5 or more	827	39	25	27	∞	<b>~</b>	100
Age:							
Under 35 years	880	42	23	21	13	-	100
35 - 49 years	1,019	42	26	21	2	r •	200
50 years and over	1,227	4.2	275	, α	2 tr	4 F	001
Education:	•	!	I	2	)	4	001
Grammar school	760	36	23	28	12	-	COL
High school	1,693	<b>57</b> 7	24	17	75	l p-	
College	668	45	25	;			

		Number of ti	nes REGULAR, U	of times REGULAR, UNCOOKED RICE served in past month	past month
	C S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	1 or 2	3 - 5	6 or more	Total
	Number			Percent	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
U. S. TOTAL	1,491	37	35	28	100
Region:		:	i.	r.	100
Northeast	355	40	<u>ج</u> ج	C 7 F	100
North Central	358	20	χ, α (	77	100
South	545	24	32	<del>*</del> 6	100
West	233	07	χχ	77	201
Community size:	•	Č	7.6	7.6	100
Metropolitan	480	30	ה ר		100
Urban	909	38	<b>?</b> ;	77	100
Rural	407	37	32	31	700
Employment status:			•	0	001
Employed	448	40	χ, Σ, ζ	77	100
Not employed	1,037	36	SS.	97	227
Income:	•	ļ	76	30	100
Lower	542	2.7	\$ ?	رن د د	201
Middle	419	6E	S C	C7 F	001
Upper	481	97	ς;	13	007
Tomila cize:				,	
1 or 2	561	43	36	21	100
7 10 0	485	35	07	25	100
5 or more	443	32	29	39	00T
Age:	į	76	31	35	100
Under 35 years	3/1	<b>†</b> (	1 4	7.6	100
35 - 49 years	497	\5\ \0\ \0\	9, 48	36	100
50 years and over	620	S.	2	2	
Education:	0	30	32	38	100
Grammar school	756	34	36	24	100
fign School	260	41	36	23	100

Continued --

Continued-

Number of times PARBOILED RICE served in past month that the past month that month that the past month that the past month that the past month that the past month that month that the past month that month that the past month that the past month that month that the past month that the past month that mont	Summary of question 8:	Number of times in the served PARBO	in the past month PARBOILED RICE was served. PARBOILED RICE in past monthContinued	PARBOILED RICE was ser past monthContinued	i	Asked only of homemakers	irs who
48     30     20     2       48     30     20     2       51     37     9     3       57     30     11     2       50     32     19     3       51     37     22     2       52     30     18     1       50     38     9     3       51     38     10     4       47     27     26     *       47     27     26     *       52     38     10     *       48     29     17     4       49     29     13     4       48     28     10     *       48     28     24     *       48     36     11     4       48     36     11     4       48     36     11     4       48     36     13     4       48     36     13     4       48     36     13     4       48     36     13     4       48     39     13     4       48     36     13     4       48     39     13     17       48				times PARBOII		in past	
49       32       17       2         48       30       20       2         51       37       9       3         51       37       9       3         50       37       20       2         51       37       20       2         51       37       12       2         51       30       11       2         51       38       9       3         47       35       17       4         48       29       19       4         44       30       24       4         50       29       17       4         50       31       15       4         48       36       13       4         50       31       15       4         48       36       13       4         54       35       13       1         48       36       13       4         48       36       13       1         48       36       13       1         47       35       17       2         48       36       13	ζ		į	1		Ilmes not ascertained	Total
48       30       20       2         51       37       9       3         39       37       22       2         39       37       22       2         57       30       11       2         56       32       19       3         57       38       19       4         47       27       26       *         47       35       17       4         52       38       10       *         44       30       24       4         50       29       17       4         50       31       15       4         50       31       15       4         48       36       13       4         50       31       15       4         48       36       13       4         48       36       13       4         48       36       13       1         48       36       13       1         48       36       13       1         48       36       13       1         48       36		Number	3		1 1		
48       30       20       2         39       37       22       2         39       37       22       2         46       32       11       2         51       30       18       1         51       38       9       3         52       38       10       *         47       27       26       *         48       29       11       1         48       29       10       *         50       29       17       4         50       31       15       4         50       31       15       4         48       36       11       4         50       31       15       4         48       36       15       4         50       31       15       4         48       36       15       4         48       36       13       4         47       35       17       4         50       29       13       4         47       35       17       4         47       35	25	299	67	32	17	7	100
48       30       50       50       33       44       44       33       33       33       33       44 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td>Ċ</td><td>ç</td><td>c</td><td>100</td></td<>			•	Ċ	ç	c	100
51       37       22       2         57       30       11       2         56       32       18       3         51       30       18       1         51       30       18       1         51       35       17       4         47       27       26       *         48       29       11       4         50       29       10       *         44       30       24       4         50       29       17       4         50       31       15       4         48       36       13       4         48       36       13       4         48       36       13       4         48       35       17       2         48       36       13       4         48       35       17       2         48       36       13       4         48       35       17       2         48       35       17       2         48       36       13       3         48       36 <td< td=""><td>Č,</td><td><b>4</b></td><td>48</td><td>73 C</td><td>07 0</td><td>۱ ۳</td><td>100</td></td<>	Č,	<b>4</b>	48	73 C	07 0	۱ ۳	100
39       37       47       48       47       47       47       48       47       47       47       48       47       47       47       48       47       48       47       48       47       48       47       48       48       48       48 <td< td=""><td>m</td><td>'n</td><td>51</td><td>, c</td><td>, c</td><td>, ~</td><td>100</td></td<>	m	'n	51	, c	, c	, ~	100
46       32       19       3         51       30       18       1         50       38       9       3         51       27       18       4         47       27       26       *         47       27       26       *         48       29       10       *         44       30       24       4         50       29       17       4         50       31       15       4         48       36       15       1         48       36       13       4         47       29       13       4         44       30       24       *         48       36       15       1         47       35       17       4         48       36       13       4         48       29       13       4         48       29       17       2         48       29       12       2         48       29       12       2         48       29       12       2         44       29	VO V	1 M	33 51	) (%	11	1 ~	100
46       32       19       3         51       30       18       1         50       38       9       3         47       27       18       4         47       27       26       *         52       38       10       *         48       29       19       4         44       30       24       2         50       29       17       4         50       31       15       4         48       36       13       4         48       36       13       4         48       36       13       4         48       36       13       4         48       36       13       4         48       29       17       2         48       29       17       2         48       29       17       2         48       29       17       2         48       29       17       2         48       29       17       2         48       29       17       2         48       29	õ		3	•		•	
51       30       18       1         50       38       9       3         51       27       18       4         47       27       26       *         52       38       10       *         48       29       19       4         44       30       24       4         50       29       17       4         50       31       15       4         48       28       24       *         50       31       15       4         48       36       13       4         48       29       13       4         47       35       17       2         48       29       29       21       2         48       29       12       2         48       29       17       2         48       29       17       2         48       29       20       20         48       29       21       2         48       29       20       2         40       20       2       2         40	152		95	32	16	η,	901
50       38       9       3         51       27       18       4         47       27       26       *         52       38       10       *         48       29       19       4         50       29       17       4         50       29       17       4         50       31       15       4         50       31       15       4         54       29       13       4         54       29       13       4         47       35       17       1         48       29       13       4         47       35       17       2         48       29       21       2         48       29       21       2	107		51	30	18	<b>-</b> -1 €	100
51       27       18       4         47       27       26       *         52       38       10       *         48       29       19       4         52       36       11       1         44       30       24       4         50       29       17       4         50       31       15       4         50       31       15       4         48       36       13       4         54       29       13       4         47       35       17       1         48       29       13       4         48       29       21       2         48       29       21       2         48       29       21       2	7	0	50	38	σ	m	TOO
51       27       18       4         47       27       26       *         52       38       10       *         52       38       10       *         48       29       19       4         50       30       24       2         50       29       17       4         50       31       15       4         50       31       15       4         50       36       15       1         48       36       15       1         47       35       17       1         48       29       17       2         48       29       17       2         48       29       21       2						4	•
47       35       17       1         52       38       10       *         52       38       10       *         48       29       19       4         50       29       17       4         50       29       17       4         50       31       15       4         50       31       15       4         50       31       15       4         54       29       13       4         47       35       17       1         48       29       21       2         48       29       12       2         48       29       21       2	36	•	51	27	18	<b>3</b> † (	700
47       27       26       *         52       38       10       *         48       29       19       4         50       30       24       2         50       29       17       4         50       29       17       4         50       31       15       4         50       31       15       4         50       31       15       4         50       36       15       1         48       29       13       4         48       29       21       2         48       29       21       2	199		47	35	17		OOT
47     27     26       52     38     10     *       48     29     19     4       50     29     11     1       50     29     17     4       50     31     15     4       50     31     15     4       50     31     15     1       48     36     13     4       47     35     17     1       48     29     21     2					;	+	00
52     38     10     *       48     29     19     4       50     29     17     4       50     29     17     4       50     31     15     4       50     31     15     4       50     31     15     1       48     36     13     4       47     35     17     1       48     29     21     2       48     29     21     2	ıŋ	2	7.5	27	26	k +	007
48     29     19     4       52     36     11     1       44     30     24     2       50     29     17     4       48     28     24     *       50     31     15     4       50     31     15     1       48     36     13     4       47     35     17     1       48     29     21     2	∞	_	52	38	10	k ·	007
52       36       11       1         44       30       24       2         50       29       17       4         48       28       24       *         50       31       15       4         48       36       15       1         48       36       13       4         47       35       17       1         48       29       21       2	14	7	87	29	19	7	100
52     36     11     1       44     30     24     2       50     29     17     4       50     31     15     4       50     31     15     4       50     31     15     1       48     36     13     4       47     35     17     1       48     29     21     2					1	•	,
44     30     24     2       50     29     17     4       48     28     24     *       50     31     15     4       50     31     15     1       48     36     13     4       54     29     17     1       48     29     21     2	10	6	52	36	11	<b>⊣</b> :	207
50       29       17       4         48       28       24       *         50       31       15       4         48       36       15       1         54       29       13       4         47       35       17       1         48       29       21       2	10	'n	77	30	24	. 23	007
48     28     24     *       50     31     15     4       48     36     15     1       54     29     13     4       47     35     17     1       48     29     21     2	00	7	50	29	17	4	700
48     20     31     15     4       50     31     15     1       48     29     13     4       47     35     17     1       48     29     21     2	Ċ	·		o	376	샤	100
50 31 15 7 48 36 15 1 54 29 13 4 47 35 17 1 48 29 21 2	Ö	0 1	0 1	0 7	† L	~	001
48     36     15     1       54     29     13     4       47     35     17     1       48     29     21     2	=	· ·	20	T ?	3;	t <del>r</del>	2 6
54     29     13     4       47     35     17     1       48     29     21     2	<u>ŏ</u>	<b>.</b> 0	48	36	3	7	007
54     29     13     4       47     35     17     1       48     29     21     2						,	1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5	<b>~!</b>	54	29	13	4	100
48 29 21 2	15	ω.	25	35	17	~1	001
	δ	_	48	29	21	7	100

		Number of	times INSTAN	Number of times INSTANT RICE served in past month	in past month	
	Ses Ses	1 or 2	ν 1 1	6 or more	rimes not ascertained	Total
	Number			Percent-		1
U. S. TOTAL	677	.19	27	11	r-d	100
Region:		i i	,	1.0	,	100
Northeast	232	55	17	77 ~	ı ,	100
North Central	981	Q 1	7 5	1.5	4 6	001
South	125	ر د ش	30	12	1 *	100
West of an a		1				
Wethon olites	259	09	29	11	*	100
Terroportesa Takan	787	9	26	12	2	100
Rural	131	63	27	œ	2	100
Employment status:					,	1
Employed	215	63	26	10		100
Not employed	7460	09	28	11	<b>r</b> -l	100
Income:	,	i,	Ċ	6	("	100
Lower	108	9 6	0 6	3 -	ń F	100
Middle	506	0/	7.7		-4 (	100
Upper	343	56	30	12	2	700
Family size:		Š	ć	7		00
1 or 2	229	99	77	77	-1 ,	100
3 or 4	243	28	31	10	(	007
5 or more	205	59	27	12	2	100
Age:		13	7.0	<b>!</b>	<b>(</b>	100
Under 35 years	195	10	17	7 7	<b>-</b> - (	700
35 - 49 years	268	188	29	0 5	7) •	001
50 years and over	213	65	24	70	<b>⊣</b>	700
Education:	1	Ċ	ć	Ç	("	100
Grammar school	101	28	7.7 7.7 7.7	7 F	) <b>-</b> -	100
High school	3/4	n 0	1	1 0	€ <b>,-</b>	100
College	TAA	77	<b>.</b>	`	ſ	) ) •

\*Less than 1 percent.

rice you have used in the past year, which do you like best?" Asked yed more than one type of rice in the past year. Question 9: "Of the different types of

id id

	only of hom	emakers who s	erved more	only of homemakers who served more than one type	of rice in	the past year		
		Type of	rice liked	best				
		Regular uncooked	Instant	Parbolled/ converted	,	No	Not	Total
	Cases	rice	rice	rice	Other-Percent-	prererence	aster taring	t 1
				1		,	۳	100
u. s. Total	1,845	57	27	Ϊ	m	<b>-</b> -I	4	
Region:				į	(	,	4	001
Northeast	522	48	31	17	η,	1	ς Ι	1001
North Central	477	28	32	ه م	4 c	l		100
South	332	77	3 8	13	7	1 61	H	100
Community eize.	!							
Metropolitan	642	48	28	17	4	2 -	~ •	100
Urban	764	57	28	10	m (	-4 <b>4</b>	~1 F	007
Rural	439	69	22	9	m	ĸ	4	001
Employment status:	206	77	7.6	12	ار.	Н	м	100
oved	1,243	58	27	10	ന	<b>p=1</b>	pred	100
Lower	512	74	16	7	2	H	<b>-</b> *<	100
Middle	511	57	27	T	ო •	<b>-</b> 4 ,	ped ø	700
Пррег	755	45	**	13	9	1		700
Family size:			1	1	•	•	r	9
1 or 2	899	28	25	H	4	⊶ા,	⊶ ,	100
3 or 4	663	55	28	12	ო .	⊶ •		700
5 or more	513	28	27	10	4	<b>⊶</b> 1	k	700
Age:				,	•	1		•
Under 35 years	504	49	31	13	9	<b>-</b> 4 1	* •	700
35 - 49 years	637	55	29	12	<b>ሮ</b> ን -	<b></b> 1 :	* '	100
50 years and over	869	65	21	თ	ന	<b>-</b> -1	r-i	100
Education:								
Grammar school	445	92	15	9	7	H	*	100
High school	066	対	28	12	7	<b>⊷</b> ,	<del>,</del> ,	100
College	707	777	35	14	4	<b>~</b> 1	4	}
Usage level:	841	67	50	70	4	•		
Medium Heer	535	۲9	i					

	United States total Percent
Habit; grown accustomed to using it	32
Better, more taste; flavor	31
Fluffier; grains are separate; better texture	21
Cheaper; others more expensive	17
Cooks better; cooks nicer	6
Can use it in many ways	7
Easy to cook; no trouble to cook	9
More nourishing; has more food value	2
Better than others; the best type to buy	7
Recipes call for uncooked rice	ന
Only type available	2
Miscellaneous	σ
Not ascertained	13
Number of cases	1,053

 $^{\mathrm{1}}$  Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Question 10: "Why do you like PARBOILED OR CONVERTED RICE best?" Asked only of homemakers who

	United States total
Quicker to prepare; cooks faster	111 5
Taste; flavor Reffer flavor	38
No difference in taste	
More Ilavor than regular rice Children like flavor better than instant	<i>,</i> ∞ α
Easy to prepare; simple to prepare	55
Grains are separate; do not stick together	66
Fluffy; lighter	j
Texture	19
It's firmer than instant It's softer than instant	, ,
Texture is better (unspecified) Other mentions of texture	0 W •
Just haven't tried others	·
Always comes out the same	<b>.</b>
Cheaper; others more expensive	- α
More nourishing	- च
Blends well with other ingredients	77
Looks nicer; more appetizing	m (
Versatile; can serve it in many ways	m) (
Best rice you can buy; best rice on the market	<b>)</b>
Doesn't have to be watched	m
Miscellaneous	m
Vot ascertained	
Number of cases	
	203

Question 10: "Why do you like INSTANT RICE best?" Asked only of homomakers who said they like instant rice best. 1--Continued

	United States total
	Percent
Quicker to prepare; saves time	59
Easier to prepare; simple to prepare	97
Taste; flavor Has a lot, of flavor	
Tastes as good as the others	9
Tastes better than regular, uncooked rice	2 °
Other taste, flavor reasons	7.
Fluffy; light; flaky	न
Grains are separate; not sticky	27
Always turns out right; foolproof	11
Reduced cooking problems	8
It can't burn; doesn't have to be watched	m
Never overdone/overcooked	Q
Doesn't need to be cooked	2
Other reduced cooking problems	2
Convenient; far less trouble (unspecified)	9
Versatile; can serve it in many ways	m
Habit; never used any other kind	2
Miscellaneous	10
Not ascertained	ω
	061
Number of cases	o ci

Percentages may add to more than 100 (or group totals shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Question 11: "Why is it that you have not served any regular, uncooked rice in the past year?" Asked only of homemakers who did not serve regular, uncooked rice in the past year.

United States total	58	24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 2	11	נז	10 14 14 2	ಐ	7	8	N	8	7	578
	Requires more time to prepare	Too much bother/trouble Instant rice is more convenient, less work Too much bother to make it The "other" is so easy Too much trouble for one person Burning is likely; requires too much attention Other mentions of too much bother/trouble	Becomes gummy, sticky	Habit of using prepared/precooked forms	Don't like the taste/taste no different Don't like taste of regular uncooked rice Regular uncooked is no better flavored than others Like the taste of minute or instant rice better Other mentions of taste	Don't like rice	Can't cook it well	Never tried it	Don't know how to cook it	Miscellaneous	Not ascertained	Number of cases

Percentages add to more than 100 (or group totals shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

of homemakers who served prepared rice products in the past year. 1

	United States total
	Percent
Easy to serve or prepare	917
Like taste or flavor	07
Quick to prepare	716
Offers a variety/change from other foods	13
Cheaper than preparing it oneself	M
Can be served in many ways	2
Texture is good, not lumpy	2
Taste as good or better than prepared at home	α
Consistent in quality; always turns out alright	2
Miscellaneous	7
Nothing; don't care for them	10
Not ascertained	m
Number of cases	294

1 Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

İ g about how often you serve precented or prepared rice products that is, number of times

	g good, to otten you serve serving rice rroducts more makers who served precooked	more often, less of the order o	ofter rice	i, or about as often, products in the past	as you did year.	two years
		1 241	ked o	prepared rice	Not	
	Cases Munber	Hore often	Less often	the same	ascertained	Total
	1,057	18	10	99	9	100
Region: Northeast North Central South	342 279 208 228	122 18 18	13 7	65 65 65 65	7 10 17 9	100 100 100
Community size: Metropolitan Urban Rural	1,07 1,11,8 2,02	17 20 14	10 11 9	67 63 71	999	100
Employed Employed Not employed	356 699	18 18	9 10	67 66	99	100
Income: Lower Middle Upper	180 310 528	13 17 21	1100	67 67 65	c.00	100 100 100
Family size: 1 or 2 3 or 4 5 or more	377 1,02 278	16 13 21	12 9 9	79 99 79	999	100
Age: Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over	317 387 349	27 17	10 9 12	57 68 70	992	0000
Education: Grammer school High school College	156 604 294	128 208	13.01	70 67 64	~ov	100 100 100
Usage Ievel: Low Medium	513 309	디디	13	70	991	100 100 001

	•	
	! !	
1	1	
\$ 1. Call to the part of the p	37" Asked only or nomemakers and serve feet	
L	ė O	
,	onty	
,	Asked	
•	3503E	years ago. 1
CHAPTER TO	years ago?"	years
2		

Serving precooked or prepared rice-

	Serving precoo	Serving precooked of prepared tree
	More often	Less often
	30	•
Change in eating habits	22	•
Quicker to prepare; it's a timesaver	i (	•
Didn't use it 2 years ago	27	•
Larger/older family	91	ı
Gives variety to meals	10	•
Found new recipes that call for it	7	•
Have occasion to serve it more often	m	ı
Health reasons	2	5
Encourage family to eat more rice because I believe it to be healthy	7	1
Smaller family	•	20
Ramily doesn't like rice	1	18
Too expensive: get more for your money with regular	•	6
niat consorious	ι	σ
Ultin Collaboration and an additional and an additional and and an additional and additional additional and additional and additional additio	1	6
Figure 1 degree 1100	•	7
במן סתו שסוב מורביו ווסא	,	7
Eat fewer dishes with rich ingredients		
Like texture of regular rice better	1 7	) c
Miscellaneous	67	1 ,
Not ascertained	<b>1</b>	7
	189	105
Number of cases		

Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

"On the average, about how many times in a month period do you serve REGUIAR, UNCOOKED RICE?" Asked only of homemakers who served regular, uncooked rice in the past year. Question 16:

		Number of	times RETULAR, UNCOOKED	AR, UNCOOKE	RICE	served in average month	nonth
	Cases	once	1 or 2	3 or h	5 to 9 Percent	10 or more	Total
U. S. TOTAL	1,266	10	गृह	29	FT.	17	100
Region: Northeast South West	309 333 108 216	11. 6 51.	፠ኯ፞፞ዿዿ	33 23	12 8 16 16	13 23 57	100 100 100
Community size: Metropolitan Urban Rural	397 532 337	10 12 7	84 <del>2</del> 2	29 29 31	2448	13	100
Employment status: Employed Not employed	39h 866	되임	33	28 30	计计	न्त हिंद	100
Income: Lower Middle Upper	1,22 31,9 1,51,	8 13 10	28 34 39	9999	122 122 132 132 132 133 133 133 133 133	24 11 6	100 100 100
ramily size: 1 or 2 3 or 1 5 or more	467 439 359	12 7	38 33 29	30 15 27	12 11 16	9 13	100
Age: Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over	303 1314 5214	H®∏	888	32 33	17	12 12	100
Grammar school High school College	374 652 235	9 13	88 K	33 33	11 12 16	24 10 7	1000
Nedim	197 392 366	8 W 8	7 c	62H	Зон	17	100

Question 17: "Why is it that you do not serve regular, uncooked rice on an average of two or less times a month."

United States total

24 18 7		77.	1.1	6	. യ	्य	77	ं र	7	- 4	: 4	· m	, m	m	· •	m	. 8	හ	4
Dislike rice Family dislikes it Specific family members dislike it	Don't care to eat or to serve it more often	Time consuming; takes longer to prepare	For variety in the meals	Family prefers potatoes to rice	Use precooked rice mostly	It is fattening	Don't think of using it	Too much trouble to prepare for one person	Health reasons; restricted diet	Depends on the meals I plan	Inconvenient to prepare; needs to be watched	Don't eat/cook at home much now	If rice is served too often, one gets tired of it	Only use it when recipe calls for it	Use it mainly/only as a dessert	Family is smaller; not home as much	Sticks together/gummy	Miscellaneous	Don't know/not ascertained

Percentages add to more than 100 (or group total shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

"Now, thinking about how often you serve regular, uncooked rice--that is, number of times, not the amount -- are you serving regular, uncooked rice more often, less often or about as often as you did 2 years ago?" Asked of homemakers who served regular, uncooked rice in the past year. ascertained Not Serving regular uncooked riceı **114%** 4 14 14 rd 1 차 About as often -Percent 72 22 27 27 25 22.55 25.59 350 Less often ı ı 12 1912 유큐유 22 422 るな代 れなけ はに下 원당c ı ŧ More often ŧ 1 + 1 1 に下に 北京 江中江 252 757 ではな Cases 1,266 333 333 158 158 216 397 532 337 39t 866 **社会** 2000年 2000年 \$<del>4</del>3 1539 1539 359 1597 397 397 397 397 50 years and over Employment status: Age: Under 35 years Grammar school North Central 35 - 49 years nmunity size: Metropolitan Not employed estion 18: High school gion: Northeast Family size: 3 or 4 5 or more S. TOTAL Usage level: **Employed** Education: College Middle Medium South Upper Lower Jrban Rural Nest Income: ğ

R70

United States total	Percent	and/or age of family	like rice	Inew ways to prepare rice	economical 12	21s	7	ed two years ago	$b_{ m i}$ on a diet	<b>~</b>	Less fattening/less fattening than potatoes	J.L.	J. J.	183
		Change in size and/or age	Family members like rice	I have learned new ways to	Cheaper; more economical	Variety in meals	Easier to prepare	Was not married two years	Health reasons; on a diet	Nutritious	Less fattening/less fatter	M: Maneous	pei	

more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Continued.

"Why is it that you are serving regular, uncooked rice LESS OFTEN than you did two years ago?" Asked only of homemakers who served regular, uncooked rice less often than two years ago. 1--Continu United States Question 19:

	Percent
	24
Use another type of rice more often	11
Instant	7
Precooked	. ^
Prepared	120
Other types	
	23
Change in size or age or ramily	
Takes too long to prepare	23
	٠. د
Health reasons	11
Diet, weight conscious	2
Diabetic	١٥
Other health reasons	1
	7
Prefer another food rather than rice	7
Prefer potatoes	· (rr
Other foods preferred	n
	7
Don't care about it that much	
	ī
Live alone and don't want to bother	
	5
ramily of ramily member is tired of rice	
All other miscellameons answers	14
	t
Don't know/not ascertained	5
Number of cases	149

Percentages may add to more than 100 (or group totals shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Ways regular, uncooked rice served in past month	
n. 4.	past month.
uncooked rice in the past month? Any others?" Asked only of homemakers who served regular, uncooked rice in the	uncooked riçe in th

		Side	Main			
	Cases	dish	dish	Desserts	Soup	Cereal
	Number			Percent		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
U. S. TOTAL	1,003	55	53	38	35	19
Region:	Š	Ţ	ŗ	7	7,3	ç
Northeast	545	To	141		41	2 ;
North Central	244	43	59	42	31	19
South	354	58	<b>51</b>	27	29	27
West	156	55	59	47	43	17
Community size:						
Metropolitan	330	65	20	41	88	17
Urban	403	52	55	33	35	17
Rural	270	46	54	40	31	26
Employment status:						
	308	57	52	38	32	17
Not employed	689	75	54	37	36	21
H						
Lower	354	48	57	07	36	28
Middle	272	法	56	41	37	19
Upper	343	62	49	32	31	11
Family size:						
1 or 2	360	54	50	<del>7</del> /7	36	50
3 or 4	341	试	51	34	32	21
5 or more	301	26	59	አ	36	17
Age:						
Under 35 years	240	65	55	56	26	20
35 - 49 years	349	55	53	36	37	16
50 years and over	412	67	52	97	38	22
Education:						
Grammar school	309	87	57	17	41	24
High school	511	57	51	39	32	17
College	179	59	54	27	30	18
Usage level:			,		;	) :
Low	272	44	47	೫	21	12
Medium	367	53	52	45	36	19
High	354	<del>5</del> 9	9	36	40	25
1 Percentages add to more then	100 bec	pondents gave more	than one reply.	reply.		

			Ways se	served most often2	sn <sup>2</sup>	ļ	
	Cases	Main dish	Side	Desserts	Cereal	Som	Not ascertai
	Number				Percent		
U. S. TOTAL	1,003	38	37	H	7	9	2
Region:	č	ć	:		,	c	c
NOTCHERST	243	32	<del>1</del>	13	٠, ،	ז ת	14
North Central	544	43	56	16	ָר ס	~ (	* *
South	355	33	41	9 (	11	m o	7 4
Community size:	730	40	35	12	<b>‡</b>	o	t
Metropolitan	330	33	7.7	F	C*	ſſ	2
Urban	403	67	7 6	1 0	י ר	1 α	
Rural	270	37	‡ 등	۷, ۲	٦ ٣	০ খ	1 64
Employment status:		;	3	17	}	•	l
	308	37	0.7		v	7	~
Not employed	689	36	3,4	1.	) r	- 1-	2
Income:			3	1	•	•	
Lower	325	45	59		10	'n	2
Middle	272	39	7.5	12	7	7	n
Upper	343	33	* × 7	1 5	. en	. 40	
Family size:		)	2	}	<b>)</b>	•	ľ
1 or 2	360	36	38	13	7	9	2
3 or 4	341	36	, e	; ;	<b>.</b> 0	י יר	. ~
5 or more	301	43	3.5	; «	۰ ، ۷		
<u>Age</u> :		)	3	o	•	•	l
Under 35 years	240	37	97	ıc	2	ç	τ.
, 35 - 49 years	349	39	9 0	` <del>-</del>	۰, ۳	۰ ۲	
50 years and over	412	38	ું દ	1,4	a o		
Education:		<b>)</b>	7	<b>1</b>	`	•	4
Grammar school	309	7.5	O.C.	5	c	c	r
High school	511	2.6	7 6	Q *	, ,	n u	<b>V</b> (
College	179	ie	၀ ၁	<b>4</b> 7	<b>.</b>	<b>n</b> (	ο,
Usage level:	`	2	2	<b>t</b>	D	7	-
Low	272	35	36		ų	G	•
Medium	367	35	מ	) <u>;</u>	<b>&gt;</b> 0	) r	1 (
Rich	3 6	3	î	7	o ·	,	7 (
554 443	t Y	43	7.1	ır	\$	m	η.

	Total	100	100 100 100 100	100	100	100	100 100 100	100	100	100
	Don't know price	56	57.7%	2828	55,5	<i>ኤሜ</i> ઝ	66 57 41	57 75 99	488	66 78 38
	Not ascertained	н	n a <del>1</del> n	๓๓๘	ΙM	๙ฑ๓	аіч	787	ଷଷଳ	K-1-10
cents)	23 & over	2	ωνω <i>ι</i> ~	7 2 9	ဆဟ	989	98	8 ~ 9	<b>66</b>	ν~∞
rice (in	21-22	9	ονηνο	~9 Z	<i>⊳™</i>	พพง	ono	rrn	アノトル	wwe
Usual price par pound of uncooked rice (in cents)	19-20	Ħ	17,80 8	12 11 9	13	ងដង	8 27, 41	150 100 100 100	13 S	443
pound of	17-18	6	98 8 5 7 V	성 <sub>&amp;</sub> 넊	8 10	8 L H	<b>%</b> শ্ব	10 12 7	8 10 10	9 1 1 1
rice par ]	15-16	9	99~9	νν∞	2	<b>9</b> & <b>9</b>	975	νων	φ <b>ν</b> φ	4vI
Usual p	M or less	4	ムヤマヤ	4070	2 7	<i>M</i> w w	00 N	พพพ	им≈	426
	Cases	1,266	309 333 1408 216	397 532 337	394 866	1,22 31,9 1,51	467 439 359	303 1,31, 7,21,	374 652 235	197 392 366
		U. S. TOTAL	Region: Northeast North Central South	Metropolitan Urban Rural	Employment status: Employed Not employed	Lower Lower Middle Upper	Family Size: 1 or 2 3 or 4 5 or more	Age: Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over	Education: Grammar school High school College	Usage level: Low Medium High

Question 24: "Now considering all the types of rice available, do you prefer short, medium or long grain

rice?" Asked only	ked only of homemakers who served	ers who se	rice	in the past year.	st year.		
	Cases	Length of Short	grai	eferred Long	No preference	Not ascertained	Total
	Janua	; ; ;	 	1 1 1 3	ı		
U. S. TOTAL	1,845	2	11	07	20	22	100
Region: Northeast North Central South West	522 477 511 332	C 88 8 7	21 22 6	38 42 142 142	23 22 17 18	22 24 21 21	100 100 100
Metropolitan Urban Rural	642 764 139	\0 \& \0.	9 9 18	79 33 33 33 33	18 24 18	21 23 22	100 100 100
Employed Not employed Income:	596 1 <b>,243</b>	78	10 12	40 39	20 20	23 21	100
Lower Middle Upper Family size:	512 511 755	200	211	34 37 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 74 74 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	17 20 21	\$ \$2.53	100
1 or 2 3 or 4 5 or more Age:	688 663 513	7 2 2	57;T	41 33 38	50 50 50 50	25 19 19	8011
Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over Education:	504 637 698	디8 7	12 10	단양기	1.9 20 20	27 20 21	100
Grammar school High school College Usage level:	404 986 744	2 - 5	621	45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 4	20 20 21	23 23	100
Low Medium High	84.1 53.5 15.1	100	222	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	23 19 16	28 19 15	100

Types of grain preferred

				21
	Short	Medium	Long	preference
			Percent	
No reason: always buy this type	33	40	14	•
THE COLUMN TERMS AND THE TANKS WORLD	17	1	20	ı
rinilier; tooks tike you have more	7 ,		2	
Cheaper; get more out of it	16	•	•	•
Cooks better	13	7	17	,
Cooke anicker	10	ı	•	•
יייי ליוד ניייני	6	c	u	(
Mother used it	×	ກ	Λ,	•
Looks nicer/better	4	12	25	1
Holds its shape	•	12	•	ı
My favorite brand/type is medium	•	6	•	1
Tastes better	ł	_	12	ı
Recipe works best with medium grains	ı	7	•	1
	ı	ന	•	•
Softer and easier to swallow	•	2	•	•
Grains don't stick together; flakier, drier	1	ì	33	1
More body; firmer	1	1	10	ı
My favorite brand is long	1	1	∞	•
Just like it better; like it best	1	•	ന	•
Easier to prepare	•	1	2	1
It's all the same; doesn't matter	•	•	•	43
Didn't know there was any difference	à	•	•	35
Select rice by brand/type, not by grain	•	t	•	16
pref	•	ŧ	•	7
	27	19	10	8
Don't know/not ascertained	4	ጥ	m	5
	1	1	1	, i
Number of cases	135	207	719	3/1

Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Questions 28 and 29: "Thinking back two years ago, what kind of rice did you usually buy most often--regular, parboiled or converted, instant, or prepared? What kind do you buy most often now?" Asked only of homemakers who served rice in the past year. I

		most often Time of
	Two <u>years ago</u>	interview
	Per	cent
Regular	63	58
Instant	24	27
Parboiled/converted	10	12
Prepared	1	2
None	2	-
Don't know/not ascertained	1	1
of cases	1,845	1,845

<sup>1</sup> to more than 100 because some respondents gave more

me the number that comes closest to how you feel. First, do you think regular uncooked rice is low in food value or high in food value?..." Asked of all homemakers.

;

							١		
Range of qualities			Num	ber	sele	Number selected		Not:	: Average
	1:2:3:4:5:6:7:	2	3	4	7	9		ascertained : rating	rating
					Perc	<u>Percent</u>			Number
"Low in food value" to "High in food value"	Μ	77	ŗV.	17	16	4 5 17 16 18 29	55	∞	5.3
"Not fattening" to "Fattening"	7	8	0	20	7,	ŗ.	22	≈::	7.4
: "Low cost per serving" to "High cost per serving":29		56	17	77	7	H	N	t	<b>7.</b> 2
"Dull food" to "Exciting food"	취.	œ	07	56	73	13 13	13	 - <del></del>	4-7
"Unnecessary food" to "Necessary food"	15	9 10	O <sub>2</sub>	41 81	77	12 19	19	<b></b>	4-2

Number of cases--3,137

Questions 32 and 33: Comparison in costs of parboiled rice and instant rice to regular uncooked rice. Asked of all homemakers.

	U.S. to	otal
	Parboiled :	Instant
Cost:	Perc	30 t = 0 = 0 0 0 0 0 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
More than regular	52	64
Less than regular	3	2
Same as regular	13	9
Don't know	32	25
Number of cases	2,098	

Question 34: "Even though you may not have used it, would you say that prepared (SPANISH RICE) (FRIED RICE) is higher or lower in cost per serving than if you prepared it yourself using regular uncooked rice and other necessary ingredients?" Asked of all homemakers.

	U.S	. tot	al	
	Spanish	:	Fried	
Cost:	المرابعة ال المرابعة المرابعة ال	Percer	) <del>[                                   </del>	
Higher than regular plus other ingredients	60		58	
Lower than regular plus other ingredients	11		8	
Same as regular plus other ingredients	6		6	
Don't know	23		28	
Number of cases		2,0	998	

ary of questions 35 and 40: Use of wild rice and brown rice in the past year. Asked of all homemakers.

	<u>Cases</u> Number	Used wild rice in past year 	Used brown rice in past year
, TOTAL	2,098	10	 7
on:  theast  th Central  th  st  mity size:  tropolitan  can  ral  cyment status:  ployed  t employed	602 554 587 355 725 870 503 691 1,399	9 8 6 22 14 11 5	5 5 4 18 9 8 3
me: wer ddle per	59 <b>5</b> 602 828	3 8 18	4 5 10
ly size: or 2 or 4 or more	817 726 554	11 11 10	8 6 5
der 35 years - 49 years years and over ation:	578 696 816	11 12 8	5 6 9
ammar school gh school llege	506 1,129 454	1 9 24	4 5 14

TABLES FOR WHEAT SECTION

Summary of questions 4, 5, 6, and 7: Number of loaves of white bread used in an average week. Asked of all

			Light users	Adding Users Medium users Heavy user	Heavy users	
	Cases	None	Less than 2	2 - 4 Percent	5 or more	Total
u. s. Total	3,137	H	29	777	26	100
Region:	CO O	1	Ç	62	7.6	001
Northeast	000	-1 F	200	77	36	100
North Central	887	7 7	25 25	<del>1</del> 87	25	100
West	528	ı <del>m</del>	31	42	26	100
Community size:						
Metropolitan	1,076	H	35	42	22	100
Urban	1,298	<b>~</b> 4	28	45	26	100
Rural	763	2	21	97	31	100
Employment status:		ı	,		ţ	6
Employed	1,014	p-l	30	<b>\$</b> :	25	100
Not employed	2,114	F	29	<del>*</del>	56	100
Income:	600	r	30	40	19	100
TOMET	200	4 +	, ,	9 7	3.5	100
Middle	\$500 ·	-4 +	17	04.4	2C FC	8 6
Upper	1,204	k	17	0	17	207
ranily size:		c	u	ç	r	001
1 or 2	1,241	η,	55	λ (1 (1	י פֿ	2 5
3 or 4	1,067	* 1	1/	7,	97	007
5 or more	827	H	<b>4</b>	36	60	100
Age: Under 35 weare	880	-	15	52	32	100
35 = 49 wears	1 019	-	17	43	39	100
50 wears and over	1,227	2	46	40	12	100
Rducation.		)				
Grammar school	160	r	33	42	24	100
High school	1,693	<b>;1</b>	24	45	30	100
College		m	36	43	18	100
Usage level:						
Low	890	•	100		ŧ	100
i dium	1,377	•	•	100	1 6	100
۽.	818	•		•	921	907

Summary of questions 8 and 10: In homemakers. I	and in the	מתח ההרשפוריים	Meals	Meals at which white bread	is served	
	Cases	Break- fast	Lunch at home	Packed Iunches		Between- meal snacks
	Number		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
U. S. TOTAL	2,065	88	69	43	89	37
Region:	586	87	89	7.7	65	36
North Central	550	89	73	45	77	53
South	577	06	99	% t	0 V	35
West	352	87	70	21	5	
Community size:	713	68	99	46	79	35
Metropolitan	853	88	71	43	67	ي د د
Orban Rural	667	87	71	38	76	82
Employment status:		,	ì	Ċ	99	37
Employed	658	35	δ, i	0 0	3 <	38
Not employed	1,401	90	75	04	Þ	}
Income:	ŗ	tr O	89	26	75	35
Lower	797	3 8	33	20	74	777
Middle Thner	645 776	91	67	65	59	35
Family Size:			;	ć	77	40
1 or 2	823	84	09	5 23	\$ 5	77
7 20 2	069	8	73	77	7 7	) 
5 or more	550	92	11	ဗ	7/	5
Age:	Ç	G	7.7	53	29	20
Under 35 years	281	0, 6	67	56	69	45
35 - 49 years	6/3	ט ע ט די	. 4	24	89	21
50 years and over	804	Ç	) S	į		
Education:	781	80	89	34	74	34
Grammar school	133	6	70	7.7	70	147
High school	757 740 740	92	89	14	57	33
Usage level:			u	23	53	15
Torn	577	83	<b>?</b> ;	112	7.	38

1 Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply. High \*Itess than 1 percent.

15 38 62

53 72 84

25 44 66

55 73 82

83 92 93

577 913 540

Medium LOW

Percentage of use of white bread in an average week for (EACH OCCASION MENTIONED). Asked only of homemakers who served white bread in the past year for (EACH ONE MENTIONED). Summary of questions 9 and 11:

	<u>Breakfast</u>	Lunch at home	Packed lunches <u>Percent</u>	Dinner/ supper	Between- meal snacks
Percentage distribution:					
Less than 20	1.5	28	22	21	55
20 - 29	28	32	29	28	29
30 - 49	22	21	19	23	6
50 - 69	22	14	20	21	9
70 or more	8	٣	7	<b>†</b>	<b>-</b> !
Not ascertained	ī.	2	m	m	水
Number of cases	1,820	1,427	886	1,410	770

\*Less than 1 percent

1

Question ly: "What type of bread do you buy most -- white, whole wheat, cracked wheat or some other kind made from

wheat?"	wheat?" Asked of all ho	homemakers who	homemakers who served bread made from wheat in the	made from wheat in the past	t year.	
			Type of bread bought	ht most	+	
	Cases	White	Whole wheat	Cracked wheat	ascertained	Total
	Number			Percent		1
U. S. TOTAL	2,040	89	ಹ	2	Н	100
Region:	477	Ō	č	<b>r</b>	Н	300
North Central	547	ro.	r (~ .	I (V)	H	100
South	2570 246	3,52	77 50 50	t, 13	* ⊢	700
Community size:	708	84	13	r	~	100
Urban	839	88	( · · ·	α.	н;	85
Kural Tana	473	ž	7	~	*	707
Employed	648	89	ας (	2	Н	100
Not employed	1,386	89	∞	Ø	Н	100
Lover	557	88	80	2	N	100
Middle	635	9 1 8	<b>~</b> a	0 0	* -	5 5 5
Upper Family sipe		6	Þ	7	<b>⊣</b>	2
1 or 2	802	82	ET.	m,	8	100
3 or t	688 811. 81.8	9 9 9	uv w	Н М	Н 1	007
Age:	) () ) ()		, ,	i r	٢	ć
Under 35 years	919	7,5 7,6	0=	-1 r-1	-d	200
50 years and over	785	97	12	m	н	700
Education: Grammar school	1,68	06	~~	CV C	r-1 p-	001
High school	1,125 1,35	91 85	디	νm	ł 14	700
Usage level;	611	S.	17	٣	~	100
Low Medium	913	35	191	N CV r	, * ×	92,5
High	240	8	ر 	T	ķ	207
* Less than 1 percent						

"In the past 7 days have you served any rolls, biscuits or muffins (made from wheat) which were purchased? Please don't include any corn muffins or bran muffins-only rolls, biscuits or muffins made from wheat. Don't include sweet rolls, biscuits or muffins made from mixes. When did you last serve rolls, biscuits or muffins?" Asked of all homemakers. Questions 17 and 19:

	United States total
Yes, served in past 7 days	50
No, did not serve in past 7 days	50
Served in past month	18
Served 2 to 12 months ago	14
Last served over 1 year ago	σ
Never served	∞
Not ascertained	7
Number of cases	2,065

"Why is it that you haven't served any rolls, biscuits or muffins which were purchased in the past 7 days?" Asked only of homemakers who did not serve rolls, biscuits or muffins which were purchased in the past 7 days.1 Question 18:

United States total <u>Percent</u>	23 14 11 11 11	13 / 8 8 9 4 4 4	11 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
	Make my own rolls, biscuits, muffins Prefer plain bread Weight conscious; on a diet Family doesn't care for them Cost; can't afford them		diet diet memade tastes better ugh to buy them y form m oo busy this week eaten first the past week

nore than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

1,038

Summary of questions 20, 21 and 22: "Number of rolls, biscuits or muffins served in an average week. Asked only of homemakers who served rolls, biscuits or muffins in the past year.

		Number	f rolls,	biscuits	or muffins	served	Number of rolls, biscuits or muffins served in an average week	e week	
	Cases	than 7	: 7-12	: 13-18	: 19-24	25-30 : t Percent	than 30 :	ascertained	Total
U. S. TOTAL	1,695	21	32	5	12	2	11	17	100
Region: Northeast	474	90	<b>%</b>	u	ç	-	o	7	001
North Central	475	23	8 K	רש ר	2 1	7 2	. /	17	100
South	457	6	53	'n	16	ויט	26	17	100
West	286	23	23	Ŋ	11	7	4	32	100
Community size: Metropolitan	593	29	29	ų	<del>-</del>	c	ư	71	001
Urban	709	20	3 6	9 4	3 5	۱ ,	) <del>[</del>	20	100
Rural	390	; <u>;</u>	3 6	t Le	27.	4 <	101	\$7 7L	100
Employment status:	ļ	ŧ	7	1	ţ	t		<b>†</b>	) 1
Employed	561	21	30	v	11	"	.3	16	100
Not employed	1,125	21	32	7	13	2 6	10	18	100
Income:	ì		i '	•	}	)	}	i	
Lower	403	19	27	7	14	4	11	21	100
Middle	534	20	34	. 4	10	. 2	13	17	100
Upper	697	22	33	ی د	13	7	6	15	100
Family size:			<b>)</b>	)	ì	I	Ì		
1 or 2	621	32	28	ന	7	7	7	24	100
3 or 4	<del>5</del> 09	20	34	9	13	m	11	13	100
5 or more	465	ø	, cr	9	17	· m	19	14	100
Age:			,	ı		)			
Under 35 years	497	19	32	5	14	2	12	16	100
35 - 49 years	578	15	33	, vo	17	· "	14	15	100
50 years and over	611	28	30	7	; ∝	۰ د	7	2.5	100
Education:		}	)	7	ò	ł	•	1	) }
Grammar school	346	19	29	9	12	4	12	18	100
High school	958	21	32	4	13	2	11	17	100
College	379	22	33	9	10	7	σ	18	100
							ı		•

		Meals at	which roll	s, biscuits	Meals at which rolls, biscuits or muffins	are served	
	Cases	Break- fast	Lunch at home	Packed lunches	Dinner/ supper	Between meal snacks	Not ascertained
	Number			1:	-Percent		
U. S. TOTAL	1,695	32	20	m	76	9	4
Region:	7.75	o c	76	٠,	9	:	*
Month Control	2/4	9,6	1.6	<b>†</b> c	600	77	ŧ v
South	459	36	76 26	7 7	78	<b>&gt;</b> ~	t - 1
West	286	25	12	ო	79	· •^	۰ ۲۷
Community size:	•	,	(	,			
Metropolitan	593	36	20	4	72	7	c
Urban	710	28	16	7	81	7	7
Rural	392	33	27	2	74	2	7
Employment status:							
Employed	563	32	14	7	77	7	4
Not Employed	1,126	32	23	2	16	9	- 4
Income							
Lower	406	43	31	7	29	6	r
Middle	534	31	17	en	62		7
Upper	269	27	16	ო	81	4	· crj
Family size:							ì
1 or 2	623	32	54	ო	70	5	ĸ
3 or 4	<b>504</b>	32	17	2	80	7	. 7
5 or more	997	32	19	4	80	· <b>6</b> 0	1-75
Age:		9	1				
Under 35 years	/67	29	13	ო	82	7	ო
35 - 49	579	ጵ	19	ო	78	7	4
50 years and over	613	32	26	7	69	9	2
Education:	•						
Grammar school	348	41	27	m	89	60	5
High school	959	30	70	ო	77	9	7
College	379	30	15	m	81	9	m

 $^{1}$  percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Percentage of use of rolls, biscuits, and muffins in an average week for Asked only of homemakers who served, rolls, biscuits and muffins in the past year for (EACH ONE MENTIONED). (EACH OCCASION MENTIONED). Summary of questions 24 and 26:

Percentage Distribution	Breakfast	Lunch at home	Dinner/ Supper	Between- meal snacks
Less than 20	7	6		29
20 - 29	17	20	9	25
30 - 49	11	11	7	17
50 - 69	26	25	15	11
70 - 99	σ	7	10	80
100	30	28	63	6
Not ascertained	*	*	ı÷i	1
Number of cases	542	343	1,289	109

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 1 percent. 1 Data for "Packed lunches" are not included because the number of homemakers who served these products for packed lunches in the past year was too small for meaningful analysis.

Question 27: "Now, thinking about the number of times you are scrving rolls, biscuits, or muffins, are you serving rolls, biscuits, or muffins more often, less often, or about as often as you did 2 years ago?" Asked of all homemakers.

	I Total	100	100 100 100	100 100 100	100	100 100 100	100 100 100	100 100	100
-	ascertained	6	78 II 8	7 6 11	8 10	16 8 3	13 6	13.5.2	Σ <sup>1</sup> ω γ.
, muffins	About as often	62	. 45.858	55 67 75	62 62	52 64 64 64	\$\$4\$	59 67 61	64 62 62
Now serving rolls, biscuits, muffins	Less often	17	16 17 16 20	16 19 141	19 16	1.8 1.6 1.7	25 171 12	13 23 21	15 16 19
Now serving	More often	12	55 51 55 53 55 53 55 54 br>54 55 54 55 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 5	12 13 11	11 22	7 12 16	2,5 1,8 1,8	21 54 5	945 15
	Cases	2,065	586 550 577 352	71.3 853 1,99	658 104 <b>,</b> 1	567 645 776	823 690 550	581 673 804	1,132 1,132 140
		U. S. TOTAL	Region: Northeast North Central South West	Metropolitan Urban Rural	Employed Not employed	Lower Middle Wipper Upper	3 or 4 5 or more	Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over	Grammar school High school College

"Why is it that you are serving rolls, biscuits or muffins (MORE OFTEM)(IESS OFTEN) than you did two years ago?" Asked only of homemakers who serve rolls, biscuits, or muffins (MORE OFTEN) (IESS OFTEN) than two years ago. Question 28:

Uni	United States total		United States
	Percent		Percent
Serve more often because:		Serve less often because:	
Children are older and like them more now	33	Weight conscious; dieting	28
Everyone likes them	77	Family is smaller now	27
Convenience; easier, quicker to serve	16	Health reasons; diabetic diet; no appetite	10
Eating, cooking at home more now	Ħ	Eat, prefer bread	ω
Family is larger now	ជ	Don't have as much company now	9
Wasn't married two years ago	89	Working; haven't had time	9
Oheap, cheaper; price is right	rν	Can't afford them	ſΛ
Husband wants them more often now	ኒሊ	Live alone and don't cook, eat much	77
Do more entertaining now	'n	Make my own	7
Just discovered a type we like; learned better ways of serving them		Don't eat bread and potatoes at same meal	2
Availabilities of more varieties	t m	Family won't eat bread	2
Can afford them now; able to buy more food	. 2	Older, less active now, so require less food	7
Better quality now	0	Miscellaneous	12
Miscellaneous	75	Not ascertained	m
		•	
Wimber of cases	250	Number of cases	345

Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

	,	ć		14 - 15 - 14 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 -	Not	£ + + £
	Cases	More orcen	ress orcen	About as orten	ASCEL LALITCO	10-01
u. S. TOTAL	2,065	13	14	72		100
Region:	Ì	ì	Ť	F	-	001
Northeast	586	14	14	1/	+	001
North Central	550	14	13	/2	<b>-</b> 1 ·	700
South	577	12	12	74	2	100
West	352	12	16	7.1	<b>,</b>	100
Community size:	,	,	ţ	ţ	·	001
Metropolitan	713	I3	14	7.7	٠,	007
Urban	853	15	15	69	<del></del>	100
Rural	665	11	10	77	2	100
Employment status:						
Employed	658	13	13	73	H	100
Not employed	1,401	13	14	71	2	100
Income:					,	•
Lower	267	ØN.	15	73	m	100
Middle	<b>64</b> 5	16	12	70	2	100
Upper	776	14	13	72	<b></b> -	100
Family size:						
1 or 2	823	5	22	72		100
3 or 4	069	15	11	73	_	100
5 or more	550	<b>57</b>	7	71	<b>,</b>	100
Age:				•	•	
Under 35 years	581	28	ፈጋ	99	<b>,1</b> :	100
35 - 49 years	673	13	11	75	(	100
50 years and over	804	ന	21	74	2	100
Education:						•
Grammar school	481	9	14	76	4	100
High school	1,132	16	12	72	1	100
College	740	15	16	89	<b>.</b> -1	100
Usage level:				ļ	•	6
Low	577	ιΛ	27	/9	-₹ ,	007
Medium	913	13	10	16		700
High	540	24	4	72	1	700

Now serving bread --

"Why is it you are serving bread (MORE OFTEN)(LESS OFTEN) than you did two years ago?" Asked only of homemakers who now serve bread (MORE OFTEN)(LESS OFTEN) than two years ago." Question 30:

ជា	United States total Percent		United States total Percent
Serve more often because:		Serve less often because:	
Children are older and eat more, more often now	ប៊	Weight conscious; dieting	ፕሮ
Make more canduiches non	₹ ₹	Family is smaller now	30
	t a	Health reasons; restricted diet	13
ramily is larger now	7	Older less active now, so require less food	8
Just eat more bread now	10	Live alone and don't eat as much now	١٨
Wasn't married two years ago	6	•	
		Family members don't carry sandwiches to	ι
Eat more meals at nome now, since not working	2	Work, school now	Λ
		Eat out more often now	<b>.</b> 7
Working now and do not have time to bake or prepare special dishes	2	Use more rolls, other bread products now	Μ
More filling to have bread with meal	5	Miscellaneous	12
Miscellaneous	89	Not ascertained	2
Number of cases	27.1	Number of cases	279

Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

the actual amount the family is earing, would you say wise, jou wells, with its amount of rolls, biscuits, or muffins than you did 2 years ago?" Asked of all homemakers.

			Now using	ı		
	Cases	More rolls	Less rolls	About the same amount of rolls	Not ascertained	Total
	Number			Percent		
U. S. TOTAL	2,065	15	18	63	77	100
Region: Northeast	586	16	18	γ,	r	001
North Central South	550 575	77 YT	18 15	663 663	177.70	001
West Community size:	352	16	22	288	17	100
Metropolitan Urban	713	44.	18	99	٥.	100
Rural Employment status:	199	16	15	62	7	100
Employed Not employed	658	16	87 r	63	Μ-	100
Income:	10161	ને	Q H	C)	<del>1</del>	37
Lower Middle	567 645	8 17	19	99	7 %	001
Upper Family cire:	776	1.9	17	62	7 01	100
1 or 2	823	9	2h	99	<b>-</b> ‡	100
3 or 4	069	71	16	75 2	ี่ผูโ	85
Age:	990	07	2	] (	n	3
Under 35 years	581	28	12	55	7.	100
35 - 49 years	673	Żτ	16	63	- <b>3</b> 1	700
50 years and over	804	<b>4</b>	23	99	7	100
Grammar school	181	7	1.8	69	9	700
High school	1,132	18	<b>ω</b> α	61 2	m c	90,50
agarron	O TITA	07	07	70	^	3

(LESS) rolls, biscuits or muffins than you did two years (LESS) rolls, biscuits or muffins than two years ago, 1 stion 32: "Why is it that you are now using (MORE) ago?" Asked only of homemakers who now use (MORE) Question 32;

			- 080 car
Unit	United States total Percent		United States total
Use more because:		Use less because:	
Children are older and eat more now	55	Family is smaller now	37
Family is larger now	19	Weight conscious; dieting	25
Convenient; handy to serve	9	Health reasons; restricted diet	? =
Wasn't married two years ago	φ	Don't cook or eat much	, 0
Using more because they are being served more often now	ιΛ	More expensive than bread; can't afford them 6	rd them 6
Do more cooking; have more meals now	Ŋ	Like bread better	'n
Entertain more; have more company now	7	Not eating at home much	7
Family likes them as a change from bread	4	Only like to have them for company	3
Seem to like, enjoy them more now	m	Using less because they're being served less often	2
Use them for sandwiches, packed lunches	٣	Miscellaneous	11
Have more food money for rolls, biscuits or muffins	2	Not ascertained	1
Miscellaneous	œ		
Not ascertained	2		
Number of cases	312	Number of cases	367

 $^{
m 1}$ Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

	,		auzsu wow	1.5		
	Cases	More bread	TASS hand	ಸೆರಿಯಾ ರೆಡಿಕೆ ನಿರ್ವಾಕ	.tot	
	Mumber		Percent		ascertaned	Total
U. S. TOTAL	2,065	22	IZ	99	Н	100
Region: Northeast North Central South West	586 550 577 352	22 22	17 19 13	£5528	M 00 M	100 100 100
Metropolitan Urban Rural Employment status:	713 853 199	3330	7.7 1.8 1.4	62 57 61	нαо	100 100 100
Employed Not employed Income:	658 1,401	22 23	16 17	58 58 58	7 2	100
Lower Middle Upper Family size:	567 645 776	25.83	16 18 16	% % & %	w	0001
1 or 2 3 or 1 5 or nore	823 690 550	9 77 74	% 5,5 9,5 9,5 9,5 9,5 9,5 9,5 9,5 9,5 9,5	67 59 19	નન-	100 100
Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over Education:	581 673 804	22 6 22 6 22 72	6 15 26	1,6 61 68	004	100
Grammar school High school College Usage level:	1,132 1,132 140	75.54 75.54	16 16 20	7.57 7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7	мнч	100 100 100
Low Medium High * Loss than 1 percent	577 913 540	و 22 تار	21,5	52 52	чи*)	100

you are now using (MORE)(LESS bread than you did two years ago?" lomemakers who are now using (MORE)(LESS) bread than two years ago.

	United States total Percent		United States total Percent
Use more because:		Use less because:	
Children are older and eat more now	85	Family is smaller now	<b>2</b> †1
More sandwiches are used now	22	Weight conscious; dieting	33
Children eat more sandwiches now	17	Health reasons; restricted diet	12
Husband takes more sandwiches now	<b>‡</b>	Getting older and requiring less food	٠
Other mentions of using more	c	Do not pack sandwiches now	2
sandwi, ches		Don't cook or est much now	9
Family is larger now	7.7	Not eating at home now	8
Wasn't married two years ago	<b>ሌ</b>	Wiscellaneous	Ø
Do more cooking; have more meals now	-7		
Make more toast now	m		
Miscellaneous	ω		
Not ascertained	r-l		
Number of cases	1457	Number of cases	316

Percentages add to more than 100 (or group total shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Total	100	100 100 100	100 100 100	100	100 100 100	100	100 100 100	100 100 100	100
Do not serve bread and potatoes at the same meal	31	1,0 2,7 1,7 1,5	40 31 18	28 32	23 26 140	38 30 21	26 30 36	23 29 एग	51 26 15
Serve bread and potatoes at the same meal	69	8287	60 69 82	72 68	7. 7. 90 90	62 70 79	47 07 46	77 17 56	58 १८ 85
Gases	Number 2,065	586 550 577 373	71.3 853 1,99	658	567 645 776	823 690 550	581 673 804	181 132 140	577 913 540
	H. S. TOTAL	Region: Northeast North Central South	Community size: Metropolitan Urban Rural	Employment status: Employed Not employed	Income: Lower Middle Upper	Family size: 1 or 2 3 or 4 5 or more	Age: Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years	Education: Grammar school High school College	Usage level: Low Medium High

"Tell me why you don't usually serve bread or rolls when you serve potatoes." Asked only of homemakers who do not serve bread or rolls with potatoes.1 Question 36:

	United States
Too much starch if both are served	Percent
Treat trainers offer beard	<u>δ</u>
model (1911) Discurts, muffins) not needed with potatoes	23
health reasons	19
Dieting	, Y
Serving both doesn't make a balanced meal	} '
Other health reasons	^ r
Too fattening; too many calories	-1
	19
family doesn't care for them at dinner	7.7
Not in habit of serving both at the same meal	80
Serve bread (rolls, biscuits and muffins) and potatoes only when there are guests or for a special meal	, u
Don't serve bread or bread products with a cooked meal	n m
Not heavy eaters; light eaters	, m
Potatoes provide protein, food value that bread would provide	) 0
Mscellaneous	1 6
Not ascertained	
	<b>(</b>
Number of cases	989

	1									
Total		100	100 100 100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1000
Do not ever serve rice		12	임취되다	123	75 27	10 15 12	13 13	ដ្ឋាភ	351 13	10 15 15
Do not serve bread and rice at same meal	Percent-	26	<i>ት ይገ</i> ታ ቋ	32 27 16	23 27	21 22 31	31 255 20	22 24 30	ያ የአ <i>ት</i>	40 23 15
Serve bread and rice at same meal		62	%84% %84%	% 8 8 8 8	63 61	69 63 57	55 25 25 25	8.8.8 8.8.8	69 52 47	55 E5
	Cases Number	2,065	586 575 577 352	71.3 853 1499	648 1,401	567 645 776	823 690 \$50	581 673 804	481 1,132 440	577 913 540
		U. S. TOTAL	Region: Northeast North Central South	Community size: Metropolitan Urban Rural	Employment status: Employed Not employed	Income: Lower Middle Upper	Family size: 1 or 2 3 or 4 5 or more	Age: Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years	Education: Grammar school High school	Usage level: Low Medium High

Question 38: "Tell me why you don't usually serve bread or rolls when you serve rice?" Asked only of homemakers who do not serve bread or rolls with rice.

	United States total Percent
Too much starch if both are served	50
Too filling; too much heavy food	37
Rice is filling, heavy enough	13
Health reasons	12
Doctor ordered to reduce amount of starch	11
Restricted diet for health reasons	1
Don't need bread or rolls with rice	11
Serve rice with accompanying foods so do not need bread	6
Miscellaneous	7
Not ascertained	34
Number of cases	533

Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

ary of questions 39 and 43: When speghetti, macaroni, egg noodles were last served. Asked of all homemakers.

	Spaghetti last served	Macaroni last served	Egg noodles last served
in past 7 days	43	38	24
within past 7 days, within past year	42	43	37
than 1 year ago	8	12	16
r	6	7	23
ascertained	1	*	*
er of cases 2,065			

ess than 1 percent

lary of questions 40, 41, and 42: Number of times (SPAGHETTI) (MACARONI) (EGG NOODLES) are served in an average week. Asked only of homemakers who served (SAPAGHETTI) (MACARONI) (EGG NOODLES) in the past 7 days.

	<u>Spaghetti</u>	Macaroni Percent	Egg noodles
s than once a week	2	4	4
a week	61	62	58
ce a week	15	12	10
se or more times a week	4	4	3
ascertained	18	18	25
ber of cases	895	790	497

serve (SPACHETII), (MACARONI), (EGG NOODLES), as a main dish or as a side dish?"
senakers who served (SPACHETT) (MACARONI) (For Monney) (n mast mean

		tetakers who	served (SPA	(SPAGEETTI),	(MACARONI),	, (EGG NOODLES)	ţ	past year.	
		Spagnetti	etti		Maca	Macaroni		Egg no	noodles
	Cases	Serve as Semain dish si	Serve as side dish ent	Cases	Serve as Se main dish si	Serve as side dish ent	Cases	Serve as Se main dish si	Serve as side dish
	1,752	98	13	1,679	59	33	1,255	겫	깸
Region: Northeast North Central South West	521 1462 1472 298	76 68 78 78	710 7010 7010 7010 7010 7010 7010 7010	479 465 285 285	750 E	ይ፟ዄቘ፟፟፟፟ዼ	387 136 243 243	% የነታሪ የ	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Metropolitan Urban Rural Employment, status	621 729 403	82 16 83	17	512 715 122	5,45	10 32 13 13 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	1,59 522 274	5% 5% 5%	፠፠፠
Employed Not employed	1,180	98 98 89	ងដ	538	57 60	무유	382 869	₩₫	각구
Lower Middle Upper	1,29 5,61, 6,99	78 87 89	สนอ	477 578 659	\$28	ቋጵጵ	265 106 536	62 59 47	23.38
Jor 2 3 or 14 5 or more	603 632 516	885 7	취취되	582 594 502	ሌ የአማ የ	중다감	161 150 312	848	12 143 145
Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over	538 605 605	88 86 84	ដួងអ	506 534 575	ያ <sub>ረ</sub> ሚሚ	33 65	351 140 161	7,7% 8,7%	84 643 143
Grammar school High school College	367 994 384	7.9 88 88	121121	358 357 47	65886	% % % %	234 724 291	25.5	F F F 78
The difference herses	The enter	of the sound				},			

The difference between the sum of the percent served as main dish and percent served as side dish, and 100 percent is the percent of respondents who served (SPACHETII), (MACARONI), (EGG NOODLES) as both a wain dish and a side dish.

"Here is a card listing qualities that might be used to describe macerem management

Please nink the number that nown in it

Question 46:

	,								
			Tumbe	Number selected	ectea		* *** ***, <u></u>	Not	1 1
Range of qualities		2	m	1 4	<i>y</i>	9	7	ascertained	rating
"Low in food value" to	1				Pej	Percent			Mumber
"High in food value"		9	6	23	15	15	27	۷-	11.8
"Not fattening" to "Fattening"	~~~~	N	Μ	T	12	23	元	2	w c
"Dull food" to "Exciting food"	0	9	တ	26	13,	H Z	18	ęw	, u
"Unnecessary food" to "Necessary food"	Ţ	10	6	27	77	검	18	n 0	<b>t</b> -
"Inexpensive per serving" to "Expensive per serving"	33	28	17	5	m	8	. 2	ı o	7
"Macaroni products vary greatly in color" to "Macaroni products are all about the same color"	N	N	9	гĊ	v	13	43	ı ~	# K
	-								~ ~ ~

Number of cases -- 2,065

Ouestion 48: "How frequently do you use frozen bread doneh?" Data reported only for howemakers who said they

				Frequen	icy of use			
		Twice a	Once	Once every	Once 7	Used only	Not used	
	Cases	or more	month	months	months	time	past year	H
	Number						٠	
u. s. Total	658	77	12	26	23	20	'n	
Region:	1	I.	,	Č	č	ď	٠	
Northeast	153	3 :	η ;	97	<del>1</del> 77	ין ר	<b>1</b> (	
North Central	207	57 °	7 7	87 6	17	7.7	7 4	
South	138	T :	4:	ς ;	77	7.7	ם כ	
West	100	13	11	67	0,4	3	2	
Community size:	906	61	11	25	25	20	v	
merropolitan	200	3 %	4 6	3 %	2 6	200		
Urban Description	167	† c	J 5	30.	22	20 20 20	2 0	
Mulai	707	3	}	3				
Fun Joned	208	14	5	26	21	20	9	
Not emoloved	447	14	12	25	25	20	7	
Income:								
Lower	110	15	10	23	21	20	_	
Middle	217	14	13	29	74	15	S	
Upper	301	13	13	22	25	23	4	
Family size:							ı	
1 or 2	216	16	13	28	21	15	7	
3 or 4	250	12	13	25	22	22	9	
5 or more	192	14	11	57	27	22	7	
Age:		1	1	č	Ċ	ç	u	
Under 35 years	200	1	77	<del>5</del> 77	7 7	3 :	<b>)</b>	
35 - 49 years	238	14	13	56	56	77	\$	
50 years and over	218	15	12	27	20	20	9	
Education:								
Grammar school	8	14	91	22	22	6년	7	
High school	385	14	20	24	25	21	છ	
College	181	14	16	29	21	17	ന	
Usage level:	į	ï	•	ć	i C	i.	Ç	
Log	1/8	7	00	7,8	<b>Q</b>	7	3	
Medium	276	14	5 E	22	24	22	ന	
Hi o'r	כככ	1	•				•	

"What do you like abour frozen bread dough? what do you dislike about frozen bread dough?" Asked only of homemakers who ever used frozen bread dough.

Questions 49 and 50:

βI	United States total	Uni	United States total
Like frozen bread dough because:		Dislike frozen bread dough because:	
Taste; flavor	57	Poor baking results	45
rastes like homemade bread Flavor is fresh, good	2/ 14	Crust 1s hard; breaks, peels oif Fell after coming out of oven	¥ ^
	11	Didn't rise properly like other breads	4
Other mentions of taste, flavor	11	Other mentions of poor baking results	5
to make	29	Just don't like it Forget to take it out of freezer in time	ÇÇ
Time saver; it's quick a short cut	14	to be ready for dinner	16
Can serve it hot; like to eat it warm	12	Directions unreliable, takes much longer	
_	12	than stated	14
Has nomemade qualities; just like	ŗ	Doesn't make toast	10
A change from other life.	T °	Nothing disliked	5
Convenient (general)	۰ ۸	Miscellaneous Not serettained	11
Like testure; soft and light	. 19		Q.
Easier storage	9		
Convenient to have on hand; in case			
	7		
Economical, more reasonable than			
store-bread	7		
Children like it	7		
Gan make rolls out of it	71 (		
THE AT FOR SAFE	7 (		
Care of east-litherest than 63-1-1-1-3	4 6		
Northing is liked	77		
Miscellaneous	10		
Not ascertained	7		
Simple of of see	658	Number of cases	000
	355	ותווחבד כד במפכט	929

Percentages may add to more than 100 (or group totals shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

"Which do you prefer-the bread you make from frozen bread dough or the bread you usually buy ready made?" Asked only of homemakers who ever used frozen bread dough. Question 51:

Total	001	0001	1000	001	8 2 2 2 2	001	100	100 100 100
Not ascertained	1	∾ * ⊢ -	н нн <i>о</i>	<i>ਜ</i> ਜ	0 0 H	0 I 0	н ж	רוחת
No preference	3	ማለ ዛን	. c. 1c	ΜM	~ ~ ~ ~	987	a พ.ส	H 0 +
Prefer ready made bread	62	7987	528.43	62	48.8	883	19 <i>8</i> 5,38	64 64 7°
Frefer frozen bread dough	34	ፎ <b>8</b> 25 04	33.33	37.	75 33 35	33833	22%	፠ኇ፠
Cases Number	658	153 207 138 160	208 283 167	208 1417	110 217 301	216 250 192	200 238 218	90 385 181
	U. S. TOTAL	Northeast North Central South West	Metropolitan Urban Rural Employment status:	Not employed Income:	Lower Middle Upper Family size:	1 or 2 3 or 4 5 or more Age:	Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over Education:	Undummar School High school College

ess than 1 percent

Asked only "Why do you prefer (FROZEN BREAD DOUGH)(READY NAIDE BILAD) ... testion 52:

Percentages add to more than 100 (or group totals shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Question 55: "Why haven't you ever tried frozen bread dough?" Action

Question 51: "Have you ever heard dough.		of frozen bread dough?" Asked only of ho	Asked only of homemakers who never used frozen bread	sen bread
	Cases	Heard of frozen bread dough	Have not heard of frozen bread dough	Tota1
U. S. TOTAL	1,407	69	31	100
Region: Northeast North Central South West	433 343 439 192	69 76 8 53	31 42 17	100 100 100
Metropolitan Urban Rural	505 570 332	69 73 45	31 36 36	100 100 100
Employed Not employed	150 150	71 69	33.93	100
Lower Middle Upper	157 128 175	58 17 78	55 57 57	100 100 100
1 or 2 3 or 14 5 or more	607 1410 358	65 47 70	30 8 33	100 100
Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over	381 435 586 586	0. 7. 7. 99	\$ \$2 \$ \$6	100 100 100
Gollege	391 747 259	57 73 78	43 27 22	100

こうりつ ナナ

Easier to, prefer to, buy packaged rolls or canned biscuits or other partially prepared mixes Haven't had any occasion to try it Indifferent to it; doesn't interest me; just haven't bothered; never think of it Easy to buy ready baked, satisfied with bought bread Taste-doesn't taste as good as homemade; don't care for taste Have thought about trying it; have been tempted to but never did Have never seen it; can't find it in store; not available Lack of time; don't have the time, it takes too much time Dislike certain characteristics of frozen bread Inconvenience--have to bake it; heat oven Make, prefer to make my own bread products No deep freezer, limited freezer capacity Cost--too expensive, more expensive Use small amount of bread Other characteristics disliked Health reasons; restricted diet Don't think we would like it Live alone; family too small Don't like frozen foods Just don't like it

shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply. Percentages add to more than 100 (or group total

Number of cases

Not ascertained Miscellaneous

Questions of, 64, and 69; "Mave you used any flour for habing in the past year did you use any plain or take flour for babing? During the past year did you use any plain or take flour for babing? During the past year did you use any plain or take flour for babing?

flour for baking?"	asked of all	homemakers.		
		Used	Used Clear	tracti
	Number	Some 11001	Prain of was 1100:	
U. S. TOTAL	2,065	80	73	is S
Region:				į
Northeast	586	68	67	2,
North Central	550	ဗေ ်	825	97
South	577	88	69	70
West	342	62	78	13
Community size:	( ;	2	જ	۳- د
Metropolitan	7.13	n (	) H	1 0
Urban	853	78	<b>C</b>	74 6
Rural	499	91	49	38
Employment status:				
Employed	658	<b>06</b>	72	27
Not employed	1,401	80	74	24
Income:				
Lower	567	7.5	62	31
Middle	645	82	77	25
Upper	776	82	79	22
Family size:				
1 or 2	823	71	65	51
3 or 4	069	83	78	27
5 or more	550	800	52	32
:98F:				
Under 35 years	581	83	70	000
35 - 49 years	673	82	76	. හ . ර
50 years and over	708	75	2	) K
Education:			)	i T
Grammar school	481	77	64	
High school	1,132	ा ठ		
College	077			

	Total	100	100 100 100	100 100 100	100	100 100 100	100 100 100	100 100 100	100 100 100
average week	5 or more	Ŋ	ଦ ୩ ଉ ଏ	መግሪ ነ	4 2	4 5 2 7	<b>ታ</b> ጠወ	พพพ	<b>7 7 7 7</b>
times used plain flour for baking in an average week	3 - 4	11	8 10 11 16	12 10 13	9	15 10 10	9 12 13	12 11 10	13 10 12
n flour for	Twice	18	18 23 16 14	14 20 20	17	16 21 18	16 19 20	17 20 18	19 18
es used plain	Once	45	40 47 47 40	42 41 42	42	37 46 40	42 41 41	43 40 41	37 42 44
Number of tit	than once	24	28 23 21	30 24 17	28 23	25 18 28	29 25 18	23 24 26	25
	Cases	1,304	341 397 343 223	407 546 351	402 900	306 440 520	449 466 388	388 439 473	264 743 291
		u. s. Iotal	Region: Northeast North Central South	Community size: Metropolitan Urban Rural Fren Joynent status:	Employed Not employed	Lower Middle Upper	1 or 2 3 or 4 5 or more	Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over Education:	Grammar school High school College

"Why is it that you haven't used any self-rising flour for baking in the past year?" Asked only of "Why is it that you haven't used any sell-rising incur iou common of not use self-rising.

homemakers who used some flour for baking in the past year, but did not use self-rising.

United States Question 70:

Buy, like all-purpose (plain) flour; see no reason to change  Don't know what it is; never heard of it; not familiar with it  Just never tried it; don't use it at all  Rabit; like to stick to one flour; habit of using regular flour  Like to add all the ingredients myself  Don't bake much  Most recipes call for plain flour; have no recipes for self-rising flour  No need for it; no occasion to use it  More economical to use all-purpose flour; can't afford to buy self-rising  Cannot be used for everything or for general use  Never thought to use it  Don't like because of mistakes made with it	Don't think I ever saw it; don't think it's very common here  Use mixes most of the time  Miscellaneous  Not ascertained	Number of cases

1 Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Asked only of homemakers who used self-rising flour for baking in the past year.

יך יי ליטושווים

	Total	100		100	100	100	)	100	100	100		100	100		100	100	100		100	001	701	100	200	007	207	100		100
an average week Not	ascertained	5		2	vo v	5 6	ı	m	9	9		v) i	٠,	ı	<b>~</b>	7	9	•	<b>3</b> V	<b>.</b>	•	ľ	n v	9 4	٠	7	- 42	m
aking in an a	or more	Q.		. 2	4 t	; ;		7	<b>\$</b>	14	¢	ν. C	07	ç	ກູ ເ	חו	٥	٢	<b>-</b> ∝	14		9	12	10		14	œ	7
self-rising flour for baking in 6	3 - 5 Percent	10	ı	~	1, 6	ူဆ	1		00	12	ç	27 «	o	c	n C	2 5	OT	-	3 0	, o		20	7	10		6	6	10
self-rising	Twice	11	•	ه م	15	7	ç	0 ;	07 7	14	11	11	4 4	13	12	11	77	σ	12	13		10	14	10		1.5	10	11
	Once	30	,	2 F	8 % 8 %	33	Č	17	31	34	90	) E	1	2,5	9 %	200	3	30	32	29		28	3	33		33	31	27
Number of times used Less than	once	35	ľ	/9	19	53	ţ	7 (	3/	20	36	3.5	3	77	36	45	ţ	07	34	29		41	31	33		25	36	45
	Cases	516	;	တိုင်	293	94		108	216	192	726	338	ה ה	177	163	167	101	155	187	174		173	171	171		146	271	66
		U. S. TOTAL	Region:	Northeast	North Central	West	Community size:	Metropolitan	Urban	Rural	Employment status:	Employed	Not emproyed	Income:	Lower	arnoru	Upper	ramily Size:	1 0 1 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	5 or more	Age:	Under 35 years	35 - 49 years	50 years and over	Education:	Grammar school	High school	College

"Do you ever serve pancakes including the frozen kind? Don't include potato Questions 74 and 77:

U. S. TOTAL         2,065         83           Region:         81         81           Northeast         550         89           North Central         550         89           North Central         550         89           North Central         577         78           Community size:         713         89           Rural         499         85           Bull Oyment status:         658         82           Bull Oyment status:         658         82           Income:         776         87           Not employed         1,401         77           Income:         82         82           Income:         82         82           Frankly size:         82         77           Family size:         82         70           Age:         776         94           Age:         776         94           Age:         83         94           Age:         83         94           Age:         804         84           Bull school         1,132         87           Bull school         94         94           Bull sc		Cases	Serve pancakes Percent	Serve Waffles
on:		2,065	83	517
This state:   This state	Region: Northeast North Central South West	586 550 577 352	81 89 78 85	148 148 33
Oyment status:       658         Oyment status:       658         Interpretation:       1,401         Newer S67       567         Substance S67       645         Or 2       620         Or 4       690         Or more S6       550         Or more S6       560         Or more S6       673         O years and over S61       673         Ation:       1,132         Igh school       1,132         Ollege       1440	Community size:  Metropolitan Urban Rural	71.3 853 1,99	81 83 85	50 72 38
iddle iddle iddle ipper  1y size:	Employment status: Employed Not employed	658 1,401	82 83	171 21
Size   Section   Section	Lower Middle Upper	567 545 776	72 87 89 89	2 4 7 8 77 88
nder 35 years       581         5 - 49 years       673         5 years       804         5 years       804         5 years       804         5 years       804         5 years       1481         1,132       14,132         5 years       14,0	S or h	823 690 550	70 90 94	75 75 75 75 75
school 1,81 hool 1,132 lilto	Age:	581 673 804	91 89 72	14 55 88
	Gollege	1,132 1,132 1,40	72 87 81,	28 47 58

	Total	100	100 100 100 100	100 100 100	100	100 100 100	100 100 100	100 100 100	100 100 100
	Not ascertained	rod	ᆏぺҥ҂	pul pul pul	1 5	1 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	1 * 2	1 2 2	7 1 7
skes	Less than once a month	18	18 20 16 16	17 20 14	19 18	17 17 19	29 16 9	14 1 <sup>7</sup> 26	17 17 21
ving panc	Once a month o	15	14 15 15	15 15 13	15 14	14 15 15	17 14 12	12 15 17	15 14 17
Frequency of serving pancakes	2 or 3 times a month	23	26 28 20 18	25 22 25	26 23	22 21 28	19 25 27	26 26 19	21 24 26
H	Once a week	43	41 35 48 52	42 42 47	38	46 46 37	33 45 51	47 44 35	45 44 35
	Cases Number	1,710	474 489 449 298	578 708 424	540 1,165	410 559 687	572 620 518	531 599 575	346 987 369
		U. S. TOTAL	Region: Northeast North Central South West	Community Size. Metropolitan Urban Rural	yed mp 10	Lower Lower Middle Upper	1 or 2 3 or 4 5 or more	Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over	Grammar shoool High school College

\*Less than 1 percent.

Too heavy and "doughy"  Go out to eat them or eat them when out Too much rush in morning, don't have time to prepare them Don't know how to make them; can't make them Don't eat, care for breakfast Z Prefer waffles Takes too much time to make them Miscellaneous 3 3	o me ine t verto	ო ო
Number of cases 355,	Serving waffles  Serving waffles  Don't think of it; never think of it Same as pancakes-have the same things in them  Never had waffles  Eat them away from home  Miscellaneous  Not ascertained  Number of cases  1,131	2 2 2 2 3

Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Frequency of serving waffles

		1 7	מבוור) חד	SCEVELLE WGLESC				
		Once a week	2 or 3 times	Once a	Less than	Not		
	00000	or more	a month	month	once a month	ascertained	Total	
	Signal .			Percent	u		1	
	Number							
U. S. TOTAL	934	20	20	21	37	2	100	
Region:	282	23	18	19	39		100	
Northeast	264	13	21	22	42	2	100	
North Central	188	26	21	21	29	က	100	
South	200	23	19	24	33	rł	100	
Community size:	256	22	22	19	36	<b>-</b>	100	
Metropolican	200	19	17	21	41	2	100	
Urban Rural	191	24	20	26	28	2	100	
Employment status:	308	19	19	19	70	m	100	
Employed Not employed	622	22	20	22	35	Ħ	100	
Income:	162	19	24	19	36	~	100	
Lower	202	24	14	23	38	ı —	100	
Midale	448	19	22	22	35	7	100	
Family size:	,	17	91	8	67	"	00	
1 or 2	317	7 [	) E	2 6	35	) r-	007	
3 or 4	333	17	07 -	3 5	) (	٦ ،	700	
5 or more	584	57	6T	C7	76	7	100	
Age: Under 35 wears	241	28	18	23	28	m	100	
25 - 49 vears	371	20	22	23	34	<b>1</b> 1	100	
50 years and over	317	15	18	17	48	7	100	
Education:	135	19	24	16	41	•	001	
Righ school	537	233	19	21	35	7 0	100	
College	726	/ 4	O <sub>T</sub>	3	နိ	7	100	

ည 4 1: "During the past year did y

Any others? During . homemakers.	Used crust mix	Past month	12		57 11	13	9 11 15	77 177 177	13	8 13
Any others?	Us pie cr	Past	21	22 23 23 23	23 19	21 22	1,5 2,1 2,6	16 26 23	26 23 17	13 26 26
tes or noti	Used pancake & waffle mix	Past month	67	5,57,2 1,18 1,18 1,18 1,18 1,18 1,18 1,18 1,	52 148 146	51 148	25 S	27.88.82	3,52%	ह्य <del>द</del> ्र
e prepared mis PAST YEAR)?"	Used pancake & 1	Past <u>year</u> Percent	63	64 71 53 62	7599	67 61	45 75	4,9 7,3 7,1	72 72 148	44 65 65
	mix	Past	53	50 57 57 57 50 57	74 28 28	다. 다.	57 59	35 70 70	61 63 40	40 57 58
Ou use any (EACH MIX	Used cake mix	Past	72	65 80 70 73	49 72 78	72	58 76 79	57 80 81	29 80 59	57 77 75
ear did y	t nix	Past month	517	25 113 133 134 134 134	25 25 20	577	16 25 28	288	25 25 20	74 26 74 76 6
the past year did you use t month did you use (EACH	Used	Past	70	23.45	41 41 36	42 39	27 4,1 4,8	33 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 1	名なた	222
1: "During the past the past month		Cases	2,065	586 570 352	71.3 853 1499	658 1 <b>,</b> 401	567 645 776	823 690 550	581 673 80 <u>t</u>	1, 132 1, 132 1,40
			U. S. TOTAL	Region: Northeast North Central South West	Metropolitan Urban Rural Employment status:	Employed Not employed Income:	Lower Middle Upper Family size:	1 or 2 3 or 4 5 or more Age:	Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over Education:	Grammar school High school College

lpercentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

(PIECRUST MIX) was used in an average month. Asked only of homemakers who served each mix in the past year.

Piecrust mix		34	22	16	17	24	1,441	
Piecm							<b>=</b>	
Pancake and waffle mix		21	19	32	16	32	1,293	
Cake mix	,	29	†7 <b>7</b>	24	89	15	1,479	
Biscuit mix	•	28	23	22	6	18	821	
	Frequency of use:	Once a month	Twice a month	3 or 4 times a month	5 or more times a month	Not ascertained	Number of cases	

"During the past year, did you use any of these products in any form other than mix or not? I During the past month did you serve (PRODUCTS USED IN PAST YEAR)? Asked of all homemakers. Questions 86 and 87:

nomemakers.	Pies in Served in year past month	75 57	55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	73 54 77 57 77 62	77 60 17 56	67 52 78 59 78 61	66 46 80 64 82 66	79 58 63 52 52	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
or all	Used	•-		(-1-1-	(-)(-	922	988	7.0	69 77
Thank: Asken	Pastries Served in ar past month	44	£23 £23 £23 £33 £33 £33	42 42 39	717 719	% £ %	ጽ <b>ፈ</b> ፈ	53 149 33	78 179 179 179
1001	(F 8)	57	67 53 60 60	አንፈଡ	58 57	28%	47 62 66	97 93 77 77	45 61 62
	Gookies Served in Used ar past month past	77	88 75 75	79 77 72	77 76	68 78 82	88 88 88 88	83 82 67	69 79 78
	Co Used in past year	87	88 88 89 89	88 87 85	88 87	78 90 91	79 91 94	98 81	78 89 12
	Served in past month	09	68 78 78 78	99 % 89 %	99	56 63 62	52 64 67	55 E	56 62 61
	Cakes Used in S past year E	62	83 77 82 17	8tz 7.7	80	75 73 83	72 83 84	82 83 73	75 80 80
	Cases	2,065	586 5750 352	713 853 1,99	658 1,401	567 645 776	823 690 550	581 673 804	481 1,132 140
		U. S. TOTAL	Northeast North Central South West	Metropolitan Urban Rural Employment status:	Employed Not employed Income:	Tower Middle Upper Family size:	1 or 2 3 or 4 5 or more	Under 35 years 35 - 49 years 50 years and over Education:	Grammar school High school College

A Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

an average month. Asked only of homemakers who served each product in any form other than a mix in the past year.

	Cakes	Cookies Percent	Pastries nt	Pies
Frequency of use:				
Once a month	27	10	22	22
Twice a month	19	13	19	54
3 times a month	ω	9	7	6
ly times a month	17	77.	20	18
5 - 9 times a month	10	10	10	10
10 - 19 times a month	7	12	9	77
20 times or more a month	ſΛ	27	†	Т
Not ascertained	13	හ	12	12
Number of cases	1,631	1,795	177,	1,543

Question 92: "What percent of the (CAKES, COOKIES, PASTRIES, PIES) that you served in the past month was bought from a grocer's or baker's shelf, freezer, or refrigerator; what percent were baked using your own batter and what percent were from mixes?" Asked only of homemakers who served each product in any form other than from a mix in the past month.

Percentiage	S HOOOK	Cakes	1		Cookies		Pa	Pastries			Pies	
distributions	shelf	batter	mixes	shelf	Own batter	From Gro	c) mil	Own batter	From	Grocer's shelf	Own batter	From
None	36	듸	33	21	E.	83	17	77	96	45	75°	89
Less than 20	80	9	ω	Μ	77	m	н	2	Н	77	8	Μ
20 <b>-</b> 39	13	97	77.	7	æ	2	8	Μ	Н	7	小	8
10-59	10	ដ	16	10	6	8	9	9	8	10	6	Μ
66-09	10	73	28	13	2	*	9	m	<b>)</b> /c	2	7	2
100	22	17	ı	611	19	•	68	15	ı	53	77	ı
Not ascertained	н	Н	н	*	*	*	*	*	*	н	н	rH
Number of cases 1,242	II 1	1,242 1,242	ii	1,579	1,579 1,579	579	903	903	903	1,186	1,186 1,186	186

College	18 25	, sommont	9 077
ion	6 t 3 t 3 t 5 t 8	けいころ け	
Education High school	12 22 24 20 12 32 32 25 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1 アンファッション アンファ ド	ot 1,132
Grammar school	1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	とうりょうりょう こうらり り	22
Upper Percent	12	u	8 776
Income Middle	20 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	りょれててり そっちょ ら	11 645
Lower	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	ひったくろくりょう	19
United States total	20 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	しってれれれらり	13
	Food value added Vitamins (unspecified) Nutrients or more food value Fortified with something (unspecified) Extra vitamins and minerals Food value restored Proteins B-complex vitamins Vitamins and proteins Other vitamins All other food value Ingredients added	More butter or shortening Shortening/butter in combination with one or more dairy products Wore eggs Wore milk All other ingredients Finer/better bread Better taste/flavor Richer Higher quality ingredients Better flavor/wheat used More fattening/more calories Preservatives added to retard spoilage Wiscellaneous	Not ascertained

Percentages add to more than 100 (or group totals shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Question 95: "Here is a list of qualities which might be used to describe white bread. Which of these do you feel are important to you in selecting a loaf of white bread?" Asked of all homemakers.l

		<del>                                     </del>	. <del> </del>				·····	<del></del> -
			Regio	n		Com	unity s	ize
	United States	North-	North					
	total	east	Central	South	1 West	Metro	Urban	Rural
			Per	cent -	~~~~			
Freshness	79	79	79	80	76	79	78	80
Softness	62	59	<b>61</b>	70	55	514	63	71
Flavor	61	63	62	54	65	65	60	71 55
Keeping quality	47	49	48	42	48	51	45	44
Wrapped in cellophane								_
that you see through	45	38	46	53	44	44	47	46
Price	43	40	44	46	39	38	43	49
Fine texture	43	44	41	49	37	41	43	47
Large size loaf	42	<b>3</b> 5	40	45	50	39	40	47
Toasting quality	41	46	145	32	44	50	38	35
Vitamin content	38	36	36	40	41	42	37	34
Moistness	<b>3</b> 5	31	37	36	36	35	34	47 35 34 35 34 29
Thin slice	33	29	27	44	32	31	35	34
Medium size slice	31.	33	3li	24	33	33	30	29
Light in weight	28	26	29	33	22	28	29	27
Firmness	26	33	23	19	29	33	23	20
Small size loaf	2].	22	20	22	19	22	22	18
Medium texture	19	15	20	16	26	19	19	16
Wrapped in wax paper	12	15	12	11	11	14	11	12
Thick slice	12	12	9	17	11	12	13	11
Large size slice	12	11	13	īi	13	13	10	13
Small size slice	10		īí	12	10	10	10	11
Heavy in weight	7	8 5 5 3	7	4	13	8		6
Coarse texture	6	Ś	7	3	11	8	552	լ
Other qualities	3	á	ġ	2	5	5	ź	3
None of these qualities	í	í	*	*	í	í	1	*
Don't buy bread	ī	ī	1	1	ī	ī	1	1
Not ascertained	ī	ī	*	ī	ī	ī	ī	ī
					-			
Number of cases	2,065	586	550	577	352	713	853	499

<sup>1</sup> Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Continued --

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 1 percent.

Question 95: "Here is a list of qualities which might be used to describe white bread. Which of these do you feel are important to you in selecting a loaf of white bread?" Asked of all homemakers. -- Continued

	··							
	Employme	oi slatus		Inco se		Fa	mily siz	e
	Employed	Not emplo.ed	Lower	Middle	Upper	1 or 2	3 or 4	5 or
	***			Percen	<u>t</u>		7	
eshness ftness avor eping quality apped in cellophane you see through ice ne texture rge size loaf asting quality tamin content istness in slice dium size slice ght in weight rmness all size loaf dium texture apped in wax paper ick slice rge size slice all size slice avy in weight arse texture her qualities ne of these qualities n't buy bread	79 65 61 44 45 39 43 39 37 33 30 27 21 10 10 8 5 6 4 1	79 60 48 46 44 43 39 33 31 20 13 13 11 7 6 3 1	74 61 57 46 47 49 83 90 31 83 82 82 14 14 14 14 14 16 11 16 11 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	81 61 48 47 45 47 42 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43	80 62 64 47 47 42 38 38 39 25 20 19 11 11 10 77 4 11 11 11 11 10 77 4 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	72 15 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	83 64 47 46 47 46 47 39 46 30 30 30 31 31 11 12 95 53 1 **	84 69 61 50 50 50 50 62 63 63 63 7 7 8 8 10 11 16 7 7 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14
t ascertained	ī	**	ā	<b>–</b>		1	-11-	ĩ
umber of cases	658	1,401	567	645	776	823	690	550

Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Less than 1 percent.

Continued--

Question 95: "Here is a list of qualities which might be used to describe white bread. Which of these do you feel are important to you in selecting a loaf of white bread?" Asked of all homemakers. --Continued 1

		Age			ucation		បីនខ	ge lev	el
	Under		50 years	Gramma					<u>                                      </u>
	35 years	years	and over			College	Tom	Medium	HIE
		f		<u>Pe</u>	rcent				<u>`</u>
Freshness	814	83	71	74	81	78	75	82	81
Softness	73	67	50	57	66	56	52	65	70
Flavor	64	63	56	54	61	66	58	64	60
Keeping quality	51	47	43	39	48	51	47	48	46
Wrapped in cellophane you s		)	} "	) "			} ''		1
through	49	146	43	44	47	45	42	147	48
Price	SO	47	34	43	43	41	30	44	55
Fine texture	ĺs.	46	40	35	47	45	39	45	48
Large size loaf	52	119	29	35 37	45	39	22	145	60
Toasting quality	50 45 52 37 45 38	Lo	45	33	42	Lí8	46	142	37
Vitamin content	jis	40	31	32	39	44	33	140	42
Moistness	38	38	29	27	36	39	32	36	37
Thin slice	33	37	36	27	33	41	38	33	30
Medium size slice	29	30	33	32	30	30	30	31	32
Light in weight	3 <b>1</b>	28	25	32	28	25	25	31	26
Firmness	źô	26	29	24	27	25	27	27	23
Small size loaf	13	16	31	22	19	25	38	17	1 8
Medium texture	īś	19	19	18	18	20	19	19	17
Wrapped in wax paper	-6	12	17	17	ii	10	liú	12	11
Thick slice	1 <u>1.</u>	12	12	13	111	8	1 11	12	15
Large size slice		12	10	lii	13	1 11	7	12	10
Small size slice	8	وَ	12	10	9	12	15		
Heavy in weight	14 8 5 5 3	6	8	6	) 6	9	9	9 5 4	1
Coarse texture	ર્સ	1 6	7	١ ڏ	5	8	8	1 1	
Other qualities	<b>4</b>		1 3	5 2	1 3	1 ද	] 3	1 3	1
None of these qualities		3	3	*	3	5	Ιí	*	1 ;
Don't buy bread	* **	*	2	2	*	2	lī	1	} ;
Not ascertained	*	ì	l ī	l i	*	ì	*		1
HOD COON OUTING	ж				J **	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Number of cases	581	673	801,	481	1,13	2 440	57	7 913	5

<sup>1</sup> Percentages add to more than 100 because some respondents gave more than one reply.

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 1 parcent.

Question 90: nere is a card included is...?" Asked of all homemakers.

							-		
		Nu	Number selected	selec	ted			Not	Average
Range of qualities		2	ო	7	ارد	9	7	ascertained	1
	  -  -  -	1	1 1	; ; ;	Percent	ent		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Number
"Low in food value" "Righ in food value"	7	2	m	13	16	20	77	7	5.8
"Dull food" to "Exciting food"	^	7	9	31	15	11	18	7	4.5
"Unnecessary food" to "Necessary food"	m	m	m	6	11	3.8	51	2	5.8
"Inexpensive per scrving" "Expensive per serving"	23	21	17	17	6	9	9		3.1
"Not fattening" to "Fattening"	7	ю	က	14	12	21	41	7	5.6
								*** *** *** *** ***	
	_								

Number of cases -- 3,137

Question 97: "I see you rated bread (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7) on the "Not fattening to fattening" scale. Please tell me why?" Asked of all homemakers.1

	Rating 1 or 2	Rating <u>3 or 4 or 5</u>	Rating 6 or 7
	***	Percent	
Contains starch/carbohydrates	1	25	46
ngredients that cause bread to		12	30
be fattening:		4	14
Flour		4	10
Fats or shortening	••••	2	4
Wheat		4	·
Flour, shortening, sugar		1	3
and/or eggs		1	3
Yeast	<del></del>	i	2
Milk		1	2
Sugar	-	3	7
Other ingredients		3	,
igh in calories; too many calories		•	10
per slice	1	6	19
read either not included in reducing			
diets or drastically cut down	2	7	17
read is not fattening; it's what you			
put on it that is fattening	20	23	13
earsay	1	7	12
ot fattening when used in moderation amily members have gained weight from	17	25	8
eating it	1	2	7
octors say it is fattening		2	7
as necessary food value; is a nutri-	<del></del>		
tious basic food	16	8	3
ot fattening to family members	38	14	2
ow in calories; doesn't contain too			
many calories	7	2	*
hey do not put much in bread	3	2	*
ossible to eat bread on a reducing	-		
diet and still lose weight	2	1	
ot anymore fattening than anything			
e1se	5	6	1
ay-old bread/dry toast is not fatten-			
ing, but bread with too much moisture			
in it is	1	2	1
iscellaneous	9	13	12
ot ascertained	7	6	2
umber of cases	147	581	1,296

<sup>\*</sup>Less than 1 percent

Percentages add to more than 100 (or group totals shown) because some respondents gave more than one reply.

Budget Bureau No. 40-6578 Expiration Date: June 30, 1966

With the exception of check-box material, office record information, and free-answer space, the questionnaires used for this study are reproduced below in entirety. Questions which appear on both the long and the short forms of the questionnaires are marked with asterisks Responses to a few of the questions have not been reported because the data were not of value. Instructions to interviewers are in upper case letters. The cards used as visual aids are reproduced at the end of the questionnaires.

Good	, I'm		arch Services in Philadelphia,
We are conducting	a study among homemakers	for the United States De	partment of Agriculture We're
getting opinions f	rom homemakers across th	e country about their use	s of different food products
and you were selec	ted as part of this cros	s-section. (NOW READ Q.	l WITHOUT PAUSING)

#### POTATO SECTION

- 1. Now, I'd like to talk to you about white potatoes How many times have you served potatoes in any form, either fresh or processed, in the past month? (HAND RESPONDENT CARD 4) These are examples of what we mean by processed potatoes 2 How many of these times did you serve fresh white potatoes and how many times did you serve some form of processed potatoes (excluding potato chips)? (IF "1" OR MORE TIMES FOR FRESH WHITE POTATOES, SKIP TO Q. 6 IF "0" TIMES FOR FRESH WHITE POTATOES]
- (IF "WITHIN PAST YEAR BUT NOT PAST MONTH" IN Q. 3, ASK Q. 4 AND 4a. IF "MORE THAN 1 YEAR AGO" ASK Q. 4 THEN SKIP TO Q. 31) 4. Why is it that you have not served fresh white potatoes in the past month? 4a. How many times would you say you served fresh white potatoes in an average week?
- (IF NEVER SERVED FRESH WHITE POTATOES IN Q, 3, ASK;) 5. Why is it that you have never served fresh white potatoes? (NOW SKIP TO Q, 31)
- \*6. Have you served fresh white potatoes within the past 7 days? (IF "NO", ASK:) \*6a. How many times would you say you serve fresh white potatoes in an average week? (IF "YES" IN Q. 6, ASK;) \*7. How many times have you served fresh white potatoes in the past 7 days? \*8. Would you say that (# IN Q. 7) is the number of times you serve fresh white potatoes in an average week? (IF "NO", ASK:) \*9. How many times do you serve fresh white potatoes in an average week?
- (IF POTATOES SERVED 1 TIME OR LESS IN  $Q^{t}s$ . 4a, 6a, 7 OR 9, ASK;) 10. Why is it that you do not serve fresh white potatoes more often?
- (FOR EVERYONE WHO HAS SERVED FRESH WHITE POTATOES IN THE PAST YEAR, ASK:) 11. Please tell me why you serve fresh white potatoes?
- 12. Now thinking about how often you serve fresh white potatoes--that is, number of times, not the amount--are you serving them more often, less often or about as often as you did 2 years ago? (IF "MORE OFTEN" OF "LESS OFTEN", ASK:) 13 Why is it that you are serving fresh white potatoes (MORE OFTEN) (LESS OFTEN) than you did 2 years ago?
- 14. How many pounds of fresh white potatoes do you usually buy at one time? (HAND RESPONDENT CARD 1) 15. How frequently do you buy potatoes?
- 16. In season are you usually able to find the kind of fresh white potatoes you want? (IF "NO", ASK:) 17. What kind(s) is it that you can't usually buy? 18. Why is it that you can't usually buy (TYPES MENTIONED IN Q. 17)? (RECORD BY TYPE.)
- (HAND RESPONDENT CARD 2) \*19 Here is a list of different types of fresh white potatoes. Which of these types have you bought within the past year? (FOR EACH TYPE BOUGHT IN PAST YEAR, ASK;) \*20. Have you bought any \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the past month? (IF ONLY ONE KIND BOUGHT IN PAST YEAR, INDICATE THAT ONE AS THE KIND LIKED BEST FOR Q. 21 AND WRITE 100% FOR Q. 22. IF MORE THAN ONE KIND BOUGHT IN PAST YEAR, ASK;) 21. Of the kinds you bought in the past year--that is, the (KINDS BOUGHT)--which kind do you like best? 22. Of all the fresh white potatoes you bought in the past year what percent would you say are (TYPES BOUGHT IN Q. 19)? 23. Why do you like (KIND LIKED BEST)?

- 24. In general, how would you rate the cooking quality of the fresh white potatoes you use (IF "FAIR" OR "POOR" ASK:) 25. Why do you rate them only (FAIR) (POOR)?
- (HAND RESPONDENT CARD 3) 26 Here is a list of ways you can serve fresh white potatoes; of course, there are other ways. In what ways have you served potatoes in the past year? Any other ways?
- 27. In what ways have you served potatoes in the past month? Any other ways? (IF POTATOES SERVED IN ONE WAY ONLY IN PAST YEAR, WRITE 100% FOR THAT WAY FOR Q. 28) 28. Of all the fresh white potatoes you have served in the past year, what percent would you say are (TYPES SERVED IN Q. 26)?
- 29. In what season of the year do you serve fresh white potatoes? (IF MORE THAN ONE, ASK:)
  29a In which season do you serve them most? (IF FRESH WHITE POTATOES SERVED MOST OFTEN IN ONE
  SEASON, ASK:) 30. Why do you serve fresh white potatoes more often in the (SEASON) than you do
  at other times of the year?

(ASK EVERYONE--HAND RESPONDENT CARD 4) 31. Here is a list of different processed white potato products that you can buy partially or completely prepared. Which of these have you bought in the past year? (IF NONE BOUGHT IN PAST YEAR, SKIP TO Q. 36) 32. Which have you bought in the past month? 33. Would you say that the (TYPE) you bought in the past year is higher or lower in cost per serving than if you prepared it yourself? 34. Has the use of processed and prepared potato products affected the total amount of potatoes used in your home? (IF YES, ASK:) 35. In what way?

(OF THOSE WHO MAVE EVER SERVED FRESH WHITE POTATOES, ASK:) 36. If you had planned to serve potatoes and discovered that you had run out of them, what would you do? 37. What (else) do you think you could serve in place of potatoes?

(IF ANY KIND OF FRESH OR PREPARED POTATOES EVER SERVED, ASK:) 38. When you serve potatoes at a meal, do you usually serve bread or rolls or other bread products? (IF "NO", ASK:) 39. Why is it that you usually do not serve bread or rolls when you serve potatoes?

40 Have you served any potato chips in the past month? (IF "NO" IN Q. 40, SKIP TO Q. 45) (HAND RESPONDENT CARD 5) 41. Which of these ways have you served potato chips in the past month? (IF SERVED IN ONE WAY ONLY, INDICATE THAT AS THE WAY SERVED MOST FREQUENTLY FOR Q. 42. IF SERVED IN MORE THAN ONE WAY, ASK:) 42. Which one way do you serve most frequently? 43. When you are buying potato chips, how important is the color of the potato chips to you--is it very important, somewhat important or not at all important? (IF "VERY IMPORTANT" OR "SOMEWHAT IMPORTANT", ASK:) 44. Why do you say that?

(ASK EVERYONE--MAND RESPONDENT CARD 6) \*45. Here is a card listing qualities that might be used to describe fresh white polatoes. I'd like to know how you, yourself, feel about these things even if you don't use them. Your opinion may agree with the statement on the right or the statement on the left or it may fall somewhere in between, Please tell me the number that comes closest to how you feel.

(MAND RESPONDENT CARD 7) \*46. Now, I'd like your opinion about different ways potatoes can be served. Here is a scale. As I mention the method of preparing potatoes show me on the scale how fattening you think totatoes are when they are prepared using your own recipe. If you think that method is very fattening select a number on the extreme right of the scale. If you think that potatoes prepared that way are not fattening at all, select a number on the extreme left. If your opinion falls somewhere between, you may select a number which best shows how you feel.

(HAND RESPONDENT CARD 8) \*47. Now, I'd like your opinion about the flavor of fresh white potatocs and processed potatocs even though you may not have used them. Here is a scale just like the one you used First, how would you rate the flavor of fresh white potatocs? Instant mashed? Frozen french fried potatocs? Canned white potatocs?

#### RICE SECTION

As you may know there are different kinds of rice which you can buy today. There is regular, uncooked rice which has always been on the market. Then there is a parboiled rice, also known as converted rice, which comes partially cooked and doesn't take quite as long to cook. And there is "instant rice" which comes already cooked--all you have to do is bring some water to a boil and let the rice absorb the water. In addition to these products, you can also buy prepared foods made mainly with rice, such as frozen or canned foods.

1. Have you served rice in any form in the past year? (IF "NO" TO Q. 1, ASK:) 2. Why is it that you have not served any rice in the past year? (NOW SKIP TO Q. 31.) (IF "YES" Q. 1, ASK:)

3. Would you say you are using more rice, less rice or about the same amount of rice that you

used 2 years ago? 4. Please tell me the reasons you serve rice?

(HAND RESPONDENT CARD 1) \*5. Here is a list of types of rice. Which of the listed types on this card have you served in the past year? Any others? Do not include wild rice or brown rice? (FOR EACH TYPE SERVED IN PAST YEAR, ASK:) \*6. Have you served any in any form in the past month? (IF "YES" IN Q. 6, ASK:) \*7. How many times have you served rice in any form in the past month? \*7a. Would you say that (# IN Q. 7) is the number of times you serve rice in an average month? (IF "NO" TO Q. 7a, ASK:) \*7b. How many times do you serve rice in an average month? (IF MORE THAN ONE TYPE SERVED IN Q. 6, ASK:) \*8. Of the (# IN Q. 7) times you served rice, about how many times did you serve (TYPES SERVED PAST MONTH)? (IF ONLY ONE TYPE SERVED IN PAST YEAR, INDICATE THAT TYPE LIKED BEST FOR Q. 9. IF MORE THAN ONE TYPE SERVED IN Q. 5, ASK:) 9. Of the different types of rice you have used in the past year, which do you like best? 10. Why do you like (TYPE LIKED BEST) best?

(IF REGULAR, UNCOOKED RICE NOT SERVED IN PAST YEAR, Q. 5, ASK:) 11. Why is it that you have not served any regular, uncooked rice in the past year?

(IF ANY PREPARED RICE PRODUCTS WERE SERVED IN THE PAST YEAR, Q. 5, ASK;) 12. What do you like about the prepared rice products you serve?

(IF PREPARED RICE FOODS NOT USED IN THE PAST YEAR, Q. 5, ASK:) 13. Why is it that you haven't used prepared rice food products?

(IF ANY PRECOOKED OR PREPARED RIGE PRODUCTS WERE SERVED IN THE PAST YEAR, Q. 5, ASK:) 14. Now, thinking about how often you serve precooked or prepared rice products—that is, number of times—tot the amount, are you serving rice products more often, less often or about as often as you did 'years ago? (IF "MORE OFTEN" OR "LESS OFTEN", ASK:) 15. Why is it that you are serving precooked or prepared rice (MORE OFTEN) (LESS OFTEN) than you did 2 years ago? (IF REGULAR, UNCOOKED RICE NOT SERVED IN PAST YEAR, SKIP TO Q. 24.)

IF SERVED REGULAR, UNCOOKED RICE IN PAST YEAR, Q. 5, ASK:) 16. On the average, about how many imcs in a month period do you serve regular, uncooked rice? (IF REGULAR, UNCOOKED RICE SERVED TIMES OR MORE SKIP TO Q. 18; IF 2 TIMES OR LESS, ASK:) 17. Why is it that you do not serve egular, uncooked rice more often?

8. Now, thinking about how often you serve regular, uncooked rice—that is, number of times, of the amount—arc you serving regular uncooked rice more often, less often or about as often s you did 2 years ago? (IF "ABOUT AS OFTEN," SKIP TO Q. 20; IF "MORE OFTEN" OR "LESS OFTEN", ASK:)
9. Why is it that you are serving regular, uncooked rice (MORE OFTEN) (LESS OFTEN) than you did years ago?

IF REGULAR, UNCOOKED RICE SERVED IN PAST MONTH, Q. 6, HAND RESPONDENT CARD 2 AND ASK:) 20. Here s a list of ways you can serve regular, uncooked rice. In what ways did you serve regular, uncooked rice in the past month? Any other ways? (IF SERVED ONLY ONE WAY IN PAST MONTH INDICATE HAT WAY AS SERVED MOST FOR Q. 21. IF SERVED IN MORE THAN ONE WAY, ASK:) 21. Which way do you erve most?

- 2. Do you know the exact price you pay for the tegular, uncooked rice you buy most often? (IF NO'', SKIP TO Q. 24) 23. How much do you usually pay per pound for that rice?
- 4. Now considering all the types of rice available, do you prefer short, medium or long grain ice? (IF "DON'T KNOW", SKIP TO Q. 26) 25. Tell me why you prefer (TYPE PREFERRED)? (IF NO REFERENCE, ASK:) Why is it you have no preference?
- '6 In which seasons of the year do you serve rice? (IF RICE SERVED IN MORE THAN ONE SEASON, ISK:) 26a. In which season do you serve rice most often? (IF RICE SERVED MOST OFTEN IN ONE SEASON IN Q. 26a ASK:) 27. Why do you serve rice most often in the (SEASON) than you do at other limes of the year?
- 18. Thinking back 2 years ago, what kind of rice did you usually buy most often-regular, parpoiled or converted, instant, or prepared? 29. What kind do you buy most often now? (IF KIND BOUGHT NOW IS DIFFERENT FROM KIND BOUGHT 2 YEARS AGO, ASK:) 30. Why is it that you used to buy (KIND BOUGHT 2 YEARS AGO) most often and now buy (KIND BOUGHT NOW) most often?

(ASK EVERYONE--HAND RESPONDENT CARD 3) \*31. Here is a card listing qualities used to describe regular, uncooked rice. I'd like to know how you yourself feel about these things even though you may not use regular, uncooked rice. Your opinion may agree with the statement on the right or the statement on the left or it may fall somewhere in between. Please tell me the number that comes closest to how you feel.

- 32. Would you say that parboiled or converted rice costs more, less or about the same per serving as regular, uncooked rice? 33. Would you say that instant rice costs more, less or about the same as regular, uncooked rice? 34. Even though you may not have used it, would you say that prepared (SPANISH RICE) (FRIED RICE) is higher or lower in cost per serving than if you prepared it yourself using regular, uncooked rice and other necessary ingredients?
- 35. Have you used any wild rice in the past year? (IF "YES" ASK Q's 36 THRU 39) 36. How many times have you used wild rice in the past year? 37. Have you used any wild rice in the past month? 38. Why do you use wild rice? 39. On what occasion do you serve wild rice?
- 40. Have you used brown rice in the past year? (IF "YES", ASK:) 41. Have you used brown rice in the past month?

#### WHEAT SECTION

- Now, I'd like to talk to you about white bread and other breads made from wheat such as whole wheat or cracked wheat. Do not include rye bread or pumpernickel since they are not made from wheat.
- \*1. Have you served any white bread or other breads made from wheat in the past 7 days? (IF "YES", SKIP TO Q. 5; IF "NO", ASK:) \*2. Why is it that you have not served any white bread or other breads made from wheat in the past 7 days? \*3. When did you last serve white bread or other breads made from wheat? (IF NORE THAN 1 YEAR AGO, SKIP TO Q. 17) \*4. How much white bread do you use in an average week? (NOW SKIP TO Q. 10)
- (IF "YES" TO Q. 1, ASK;) \*5. How much white bread have you used in the past 7 days? \*6. Would you say (AMOUNT IN Q. 5) is the amount you serve in an average week or not? (IF "YES", SKIP TO Q. 8; IF "NO", ASK;) \*7. About how much white bread do you use in an average week?
- (HAND RESPONDENT CARD 1) 8. Here is a card showing meals and occasions when you might use white bread. At which meals or occasions did you use white bread in the past 7 days? (IF WHITE BREAD SERVED AT MORE THAN 1 IN Q. 8, ASK:) 9. Of the white bread you used in the past 7 days about what percent did you use for (EACH OCCASION)? (NOW SKIP TO Q. 12)
- (HAND RESPONDENT CARD 1) 10. Here is a card showing meals and occasions when you might use white bread. In an average week, at which meals or occasions do you usually serve white bread? (IF WHITE BREAD SERVED AT MORE THAN 1 IN Q. 10, ASK:) 11. Of the white bread you use in an average week about what percent do you use for (EACH OCCASION)?
- 12. What brand of bread do you buy most often? 13. What is the name of the store where you usually buy \_\_\_\_\_\_? Where is it located?
- 14. What type of bread do you buy most--white, whole wheat, cracked wheat or some other kind made from wheat? 15. Do you know the price you pay for the bread you buy most often? (IF "YES" TO Q. 15, ASK;) 16. How much do you usually pay for that bread?
- (ASK EVERYONE) 17. In the past 7 days have you served any rolls, biscuits or muffins (made from wheat) which were purchased? Please don't include any corn muffins or bran muffins—only rolls, biscuits or muffins made from wheat? Don't include sweet rolls, biscuits or muffins made from mixes. (IF "YES", SKIP TO Q. 20; IF "NO", ASK:) 18. Why is it that you haven't served any rolls, biscuits or muffins in the past 7 days? Remember now we're talking about those which were purchased. (HAND RESPONDENT CARD 2) 19. When did you last serve rolls, biscuits or muffins? (IF "SERVED WITHIN PAST YEAR," SKIP TO Q. 22; IF "NOT SERVED WITHIN PAST YEAR," SKIP TO Q. 29)
- (IF "YES" TO Q. 17, ASK:) 20. How many rolls, biscuits or muffins have you served in the past 7 days? (IF "NONE" SKIP TO Q. 22; OTHERWISE ASK:) 21. Would you say that (AMOUNT IN Q. 20) is the amount of rolls, biscuits or muffins you use in an average week or not? (IF "NO" TO Q. 21, ASK:) 22. How many rolls, biscuits or muffins do you use in an average week? (NOW SKIP TO Q. 25)
- (IF "YES" TO Q. 21, HAND RESPONDENT CARD 1) 23. Here again is the card showing meals and occasions. At which meals did you use rolls, biscuits or muffins in the past 7 days? (IF SERVED AT MORE THAN 1 IN Q. 23, ASK:) 24. Of the rolls, biscuits or muffins you used in the past 7 days, about what percent did you use for (EACH OCCASION)? (NOW SKIP TO Q. 27)
- (HAND RESPONDENT CARD 1) 25. Here again is the card showing meals and occasions. In an average week, at which meals or occasions do you use rolls, biscuits, or muffins? (IF SERVED AT MORE THAN 1 IN Q. 25, ASK;) 26. Of the rolls, biscuits or muffins you use in an average week, about what percent did you use for (EACH OCCASION)?
- 27. Now, thinking about the <u>number of times</u> you are serving rolls, biscuits or muffins, are you serving rolls, biscuits or muffins more often, less often or about as often as you did 2 years ago? (IF "ABOUT AS OFTEN," SKIP TO Q. 29; IF "MORE OFTEN" OR "LESS OFTEN", ASK:) 28. Why is it that you are serving rolls, biscuits or muffins (MORE OFTEN) (LESS OFTEN) than you did 2 years ago?

- 29. Thinking about the <u>number of times</u> you are serving bread, are you serving bread more often, less often or about as often as you did 2 years ago? (IF "ABOUT AS OFTEN," SKIP TO Q. 31; IF "MORE OFTEN" OR "LESS OFTEN," ASK:) 30. Why is it you are serving bread (MORE OFTEN) (LESS OFTEN) than you did 2 years ago?
- 31. Now, thinking about the <u>amount</u> of rolls, biscuits or muffins you are now using-that is the actual amount the family is eating, would you say that you are using more, less or about the same of rolls, biscuits or muffins than you did 2 years ago? (IF "ABOUT THL SAME," SKIP TO Q. 33; IF "MORE" OR "LESS," ASK:) 32. Why is it that you are now using (MORE) (LESS) rolls, biscuits or muffins than you did 2 years ago?
- 33. Thinking about the amount of bread you are now using-that is the actual amount the family is eating, would you say that you are using more, less or about the same amount of bread than you did 2 years ago? (IF "ABOUT THE SAME," SKIP TO Q. 35; IF "MORE" OR "LESS", ASK;) 34. Why is it that you are now using (MORE) (LESS) bread than you did 2 years ago?
- 35. If you serve potatoes at a meal, do you usually serve bread, rolls, biscuits or muffins? (IF "NO", ASK:) 36. Tell me why you don't usually serve bread or rolls when you serve potatoes?
- 37. If you serve rice at a meal, do you usually serve bread, rolls, biscuits or muffins? (IF "NO", ASK:) 38. Tell me why you don't usually serve bread or rolls when you serve rice?

Now, a few questions about spaghetti, macaroni and egg noodles: 39. In the past 7 days, have you served any spaghetti? Macaroni? Egg noodles? (FOR EACH PRODUCT SERVED, CONTINUE--IF PRODUCT NOT SERVED, SKIP TO Q. 43 FOR THAT PRODUCT) 40. How many times did you serve (PRODUCT) in the past 7 days? 41. Would you say that (# THIES IN Q. 40) is the number of times you serve (PRODUCT) in an average week? (IF "NO" TO Q. 41, ASK:) 42. How many times do you serve (PRODUCT) in an average week? (NOW SKIP TO Q. 44) (IF "NONE" SERVED IN Q. 39, ASK:) 43. When did you last serve (PRODUCT)? (IF "MORE THAN 1 YEAR AGO" OR "NEVER", SKIP TO Q. 46; IF "LESS THAN 1 YEAR AGO,"

44. How do you usually serve (PRODUCT), as a main dish or as a side dish? 45. Why do you serve (PRODUCT) as a (MAIN DISH) (SIDE DISH)?

(ASK EVERYONE--HAND RESPONDENT CARD 3) 46. Here is a card listing qualities that might be used to describe macaroni products. Your opinion may agree with the statement on the right or the statement on the left or it may fall somewhere in between. Please pick the number that comes closest to how you feel.

I'd like to talk to you now about frozen bread dough-the kind that you buy frozen, but which you have to let thay and rise before baking. 47. Have you ever used frozen bread dough? (ASK Q's. 48 THRU 53 ONLY IF "YES" TO Q. 47) (HAND RESPONDENT CARD 4) 48. How frequently do you use frozen bread dough? 49. What do you like about frozen bread dough? 50. What do you dislike about frozen bread dough? 51. Which do you prefer-the bread you make from frozen bread dough or the bread you usually buy ready made? 52. Why do you prefer (ANSWER IN Q. 51)? 53. Are you usually able to find frozen bread dough when you want it? (NOW SKIP TO Q. 56)

(IF "NO" TO Q. 47, ASK:) 54. Have you ever heard of frozen bread dough? (IF "YES" TO Q. 54, ASK:) 55. Why haven't you ever tried it?

(ASK EVERYONE) Now your comments about a product you probably don't get asked about every day.
56. Do you know what parboiled wheat is? Some people call it bulgar wheat or wheat pilaf. (PEELOFF) (IF "NO", SKIP TO Q. 63) 57. Do you ever use parboiled wheat? (IF "NO", SKIP TO Q. 63)
58. How do you serve parboiled wheat—as a plain side dish, in casseroles, in soups or in some other way? (HAND RESPONDENT CARD 4) 59. How often do you serve parboiled wheat (METHOD SERVED)?
60. Do you usually buy your parboiled wheat at the store where you buy most of your groceries or at some other store? (IF "SOME OTHER STORE," ASK:) 61. Why is it that you don't buy parboiled wheat where you buy most of your groceries? 62. Are you usually able to find parboiled wheat when you want it—that is, does the store usually have it when you want it?

(ASK EVERYONE) Next, I'd like to talk to you about flour. 63. Have you used any flour for baking in the past year? (IF "NO" SKIP TO Q. 74; IF "YES", ASK:) 64. During the past year did you use any plain or cake flour for baking (not the mix)? (IF "NO", ASK:) 65. Why haven't you used any plain or cake flour for baking during the past year? (Where flour is a major ingredient). (NOW SKIP TO Q. 69) (IF "YES" TO Q. 64, ASK:) 66. How often did you use plain flour for baking in the past week? 67. Would you say that (# IN Q. 66) is the number of times you use plain flour for baking in an average week? (IF "NO", ASK:) 68. How many times in an average week do you use plain flour for baking?

69 During the past year did you use any self-rising flour for baking? (IF "NO", ASK;) 70. Why is it that you haven't used any self-rising flour for baking in the past year? (NOW SKIP TO Q. 74) (IF "YES" TO Q. 69, ASK;) 71. How often did you use self-rising flour for baking in the past week? 72. Would you say that (# IN Q. 71) is the number of times you use self-rising flour for baking in an average week? (IF "NO", ASK;) 73. How many times in an average week do you use self-rising flour for baking?

(ASK EVERYONE) Now...74. Do you ever serve pancakes including the frozen kind? Don't include potato pancakes. (IF "YES" TO Q. 74, HAND RESPONDENT CARD 4 AND ASK:) 75. How often do you serve pancakes? (IF "NO" TO Q. 74 ASK:) 76. Why is it that you do not serve pancakes at all?

(ASK EVERYONE) 77. Do you ever serve waffles--that is, the frozen kind as well as those you make yourself? (IF "YES" TO Q. 77, HAND RESPONDENT CARD 4 AND ASK:) 78. How often do you serve waffles? (IF "NO" TO Q. 77, ASK:) 79. Why is it that you do not serve waffles at all?

80. During the past year did you use any of these prepared mixes or not: Biscuit mix, cake mix, pancake and waffle mix, piecrust mix? Any others? (ASK Q. 81 FOR EACH MIX USED IN THE PAST YEAR) 81. During the past month did you use (EACH MIX USED)? (IF NONE, SKIP TO Q.85) (FOR EACH MIX USED PAST MONTH, ASK:) 82. How many times did you use (MIX) in the past month? 83. Would you say that (# TIMES) is the number of times you use (MIX) in an average month? (IF "NO" TO Q. 83, ASK:) 84. Well, during the past year, how many times did you use (MIX) in an average month? (NON SKIP TO Q. 86) (FOR EACH MIX USED PAST YEAR BUT NOT PAST MONTH, ASK:) 85. During the past year, how many times did you use (MIX) in an average month?

86. During the past year, did you use any of these products in any form other than mix or not: Cakes, cookies, pastries, pies? Any others? (ASK Q. 87 FOR EACH PRODUCT SERVED IN THE PAST YEAR) 87. During the past month did you serve (PRODUCT)? (IF "NONE", SKIP TO Q. 91) (FOR EACH PRODUCT SERVED PAST MONTH, ASK:) 88. How many times did you serve (PRODUCT) in the past month? 89. Would you say that (\* TIMES) is the number of times you use (PRODUCT) in an average month? (IF "NO" TO Q.89, ASK:) 90. Well, during the past year, how many times did you use (PRODUCT) in an average month? (NOW SKIP TO Q. 92) (FOR EACH PRODUCT USED PAST YEAR BUT NOT PAST MONTH, ASK:) 91. During the past year, how many times did you use (PRODUCT) in an average month? 92. What percent of the (EACH PRODUCT SERVED PAST MONTH) that you served in the past month was bought from a grocer's or baker's shelf, freezer or refrigerator; what percent were baked using your own batter and what percent were from mines?

(ASK EVERYONE) 93. If a friend asked you what the word "enriched" means when it is printed on the wrapper of a loaf of bread, how would you explain it? 94. Thinking only of prewrapped brands, would you say that all brands, most brands, or only some brands are enriched?

(HAND RESPONDENT CARD 5) 95. Here is a list of qualities which might be used to describe white bread. Which of these do you feel are important to you in selecting a loaf of white bread?

(HAND RESPONDENT CARD 6) \*96. Here is a card listing qualities that might be used to describe white bread. Your opinion may agree with the statement on the right or the statement on the left or it may fall somewhere in between. Please pick the number that comes closest to how you feel.

(QUESTION 97 TO BE ASKED CONCERNING RESPONDENT'S RATING OF BREAD AS "NOT FATTENING" OR "FATTENING") 97. I see you rated bread (# CHOSEN IN SCALE) on the "not fattening"-"fattening" scale. Please tell me why.

#### CLASSIFICATION SECTION

Now, we're interested in a few things about you and your family so we can see whether there are differences of opinions in different kinds of families. 1. Please tell me the members of your family who live here with you, including yourself, in relation to the head of the family. Please give me the age of each person from oldest to youngest. (LIST IN RELATION TO HEAD, SUCH AS, "WIFE", "SON", ETC. DO NOT GIVE NAMES.) 2. Are you employed? 3. Are you the head of the household? 4. What kind of work (does head of household do) (do you do)? What do they do or make where (he) (you) work(s)? 5. What was the last grade of school you completed? 6. In which of the following age groups are you: Under 20, 20-24, 25-29, 30-34, 35-39, 40-44, 45-49, 50-54, 55-59, 60-over? 7. Are you married or single (including widowed or divorced)?

(HAND RESPONDENT INCOME CARD) 8. To get a good cross section, we must interview people in all income groups. Here is a series of broad groups. Please tell me, by number, in which of these groups the total yearly income, before income taxes, of this household falls. Please include income from all sources. Just read off the number.

(RECORD WHETHER RESPONDENT IS MALE OR FEMALE)

## CARDS USED IN INTERVIEWS

## POTATO SECTION

				011110	OHOT	1011		
<u>Card 1</u> Q. 15								Card 2*Q. 19
Nore than once a week Once a week4 times of Three times a month	a mon	th						01d
Twice a month Once a month Once every 2 months Once every 3-6 months Once every 7-12 months Other	3							New Bakıng
Card 3Q. 26								
Baked Boiled French Fried Home FriedHash Brown	า					Roa	hed isted ato S	
Card 4Q. 1, 31								
Instant Mashed, Frozer  Dried prepared  Mashed Potato Buds Scalloped Potatoes Potato Pancake Mashed Potato Flakes Au Gratin Potatoes Potato Sticks in Can Potato Soup in Package Other (Specify)		nch F	ried,	Cann	ed	Fro	Pot Shr Sho Has Fre Stu Cre	erepared catocs Au Gratin redded Potato Pattics restring Potatoes-French .riel h Brown Potatoes rich Fried lotatoes ffed Potatoes-topped with the care an of Potato SoupCan er (Specify)
Card 5Q. 41								
As a snack						Ser	ved w	ith meals
With dips						Oth	er	
Card 6*Q. 45								
Not good tasting Low in food value Not fattening Low cost per serving Dull food Unnecessary food	1 1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 3 3 3 3	4 4 4 4 4	5 5 5 5 5	6 6 6 6 6	7 7 7 7 7	Good tasting High in food value Fattening High cost per serving Exciting food Recessary food
Card 7*Q. 46								
Mashed potatoes Baked potatoes French fried potatoes Boiled potatoes		at al tening 1 1 1		3 3 3 3	4 4 4 4	5 5 5 5	Fa 6 6 6	ttening 7 7 7 7
Card 8*Q. 47								iah ia
Fresh white potatoes Instant mashed Frozen french fried potatoes Canned potatoes		ow in lavor l l l		3 3 3	4 4 4	5 5 5 5		ligh in lavor 7 7 7

## RICE SECTION

Card 1*Q. 5							2	Card 2Q. 20
Regular, uncooked ri	ce						4	lain dish
(Parboile	d or	conve	rted 1	rice			S	ide dish
(Instant	rice						C	Cereal
(Spanish Prepared (	rice						S	oup
(Fried ri	ce						D	esserts
Other (Specify)							a	ther
Card 3*Q. 31								
Low in food value	ì	2	3	4	5	6	7	High in food value
Not fattening Low cost per serving Dull food Unnecessary food	1	2	3	4	5 5	6	7	Fattening High cost per serving
Dull food	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Exciting food
Unnecessary food	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Necessary food
			<u>MH</u>	IEAT S	ECTIC	n		
Card 1Q, 8, 10, 23, 2	5						<u>c</u>	ard 2Q. 19
Breakfast					No t	. viti	nin 7	days but within past month
Lunch at home								st month but within past year
Packed lunches Dinner/Supper					Not Nev		in pa	st yearmore than one year ago
Between-meal snacks					MeA	,er		
Card 3Q. 46								
Low in food value	1	2		4		6	7	High in food value
Not fattening Dull food	1	2	3 3	4 4	5	6	7 7	Fattening
Unnecessary food	1 1	2	3		') 5	6 6	7	Exciting food Necessary food
Inexpensive per	•		~	•	,	•	•	Expensive per
serving	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Macaroni products vary greatly in cold	1	2	3		5	,	-7	Macaroni products are all
			J	4	3	6	7	about the same color
Card 4Q. 48, 59, 66, 7		, 78						
1. Hore than once a								a month
<ol> <li>Once a week (4 ti</li> <li>Three times a mor</li> </ol>		mont	in)			7.	Once	every 2 months every 3-6 months
4. Twice a month							Once	every 7-12 months
							Othe	
Card 5Q. 95								
1. Softness						13.	Med	ıum texture
2. Thick slice							Fir	
<ol> <li>Thin slice</li> <li>Medium size slice</li> </ol>							Vit. Pri	amin content
5. Toasting quality	•							ce ll size loaf
6. Keeping quality						18.	Lar	ge size loaf
7. Wrapped in cellop	hane	that	you s	ee th	ru			11 size slice
<ol> <li>Wrapped in wax pa</li> <li>Heavy in weight</li> </ol>	per						Lar Fla	ge size slice
10. Light in weight								vor stness
II. Fine texture						23.	Fre	shness
12, Coarse texture						24.	Oth	er (Specify)

### Card 6--\*Q. 96

Low in food value	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	High in food value
Dull food	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Exciting food
Unnecessary food	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Necessary food
Inexpensive per serving	ī	2	3	4	5	6	7	Expensive per serving
Not fattening	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Fattening

## INCOME CARD--Classification Section, Q. 8

# Total Yearly Household Income

(1)	Less than	\$2,000	(7) \$7,	000 to	7,999
	\$2,000 to		(8) \$8,	000 to	9,999
(3)	\$3,000 to	3.999	(9) \$1.0	,000 t	o 12,499
	\$4,000 to		(0) \$12	,500 t	o 14,999
	\$5,000 to		(X) \$15	,000 at	nd over
	\$6,000 to	•	• • •		
		•			